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CORPORATE INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Dato' Robin Tan Yeong Ching

- Chairman, Non-Independent Non-Executive Director

Chan Kien Sing

- Non-Independent Executive Director Loh Chen Peng
- Independent Non-Executive Director Datuk Seri Azman Bin Ujang
- Independent Non-Executive Director

SECRETARIES

Su Swee Hong (MAICSA 0776729) Wong Siew Guek (MAICSA 7042922)

AUDIT AND RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

Loh Chen Peng (Chairman) Datuk Seri Azman Bin Ujang Dato' Robin Tan Yeong Ching

NOMINATING COMMITTEE

Datuk Seri Azman Bin Ujang (Chairman) Dato' Robin Tan Yeong Ching Loh Chen Peng

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Dato' Robin Tan Yeong Ching (Chairman) Loh Chen Peng Datuk Seri Azman Bin Ujang

REGISTERED OFFICE

Lot 13-01A, Level 13 (East Wing) Berjaya Times Square No.1, Jalan Imbi 55100 Kuala Lumpur Tel: 03-2149 1999 Fax: 03-2143 1685

SHARE REGISTRAR

Berjaya Registration Services Sdn Bhd Lot 06-03 Level 6 East Wing Berjaya Times Square No.1, Jalan Imbi 55100 Kuala Lumpur Tel: 03-2145 0533

AUDITORS

Fax: 03-2145 9702

Deloitte
Chartered Accountants
Level 16 Menara LGB
1 Jalan Wan Kadir
Taman Tun Dr Ismail
60000 Kuala Lumpur
Tel: 03-7610 8888
Fax: 03-7726 8986

STOCK EXCHANGE LISTING

Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad

Stock Short Name: BJMEDIA

Stock Code: 6025

PROFILE OF DIRECTORS



DATO' ROBIN TAN YEONG CHING

40 years of age, Malaysian Chairman

Non-Independent Non-Executive Director

He was appointed to the Board as Chairman and Non-Independent Non-Executive Director on 1 April 2010. He is also the Chairman of the Remuneration Committee and a member of the Nominating Committee and Audit and Risk Management Committee.

He graduated with a Bachelor of Social Science degree in Accounting/Law from the University of Southampton, United Kingdom, in 1995. He joined Berjaya Group Berhad in 1995 as an Executive and subsequently became the General Manager, Corporate Affairs in 1997.

Currently, he is the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Berjaya Corporation Berhad, Chief Executive Officer of Berjaya Sports Toto Berhad and an Executive Director of Sports Toto Malaysia Sdn Bhd. He is also the Executive Chairman of Berjaya Food Berhad and the Chairman of Sun Media Corporation Sdn Bhd and Informatics Education Limited, Singapore. He is also a Director of Atlan Holdings Bhd, Berjaya Sompo Insurance Berhad, Berjaya Golf Resort Berhad and KDE Recreation Berhad. He also holds directorships in several other private limited companies in the Berjaya Corporation group of companies. He has also been appointed as a Commission Member of the Companies Commission of Malaysia with effect from 16 January 2014.

His father, Tan Sri Dato' Seri Vincent Tan Chee Yioun, is a major shareholder of the Company.



CHAN KIEN SING

57 years of age, Malaysian
Non-Independent Executive Director

He was appointed as an Executive Director on 26 February 2008.

He is a member of The Malaysian Institute of Certified Public Accountants and Malaysian Institute of Accountants. Having articled with Messrs Peat Marwick Mitchell (now known as KPMG) from 1975 to 1981, he subsequently joined Arab-Malaysian Merchant Bank Berhad (now known as AmMerchant Bank Berhad) specialising in corporate finance until 1989 when he joined Berjaya Group Berhad.

Currently, he is an Executive Director of Berjaya Corporation Berhad, Berjaya Sports Toto Berhad and 7-Eleven Malaysia Holdings Berhad (formerly known as Seven Convenience Berhad). He is the Managing Director of Sun Media Corporation Sdn Bhd and the Chief Executive Officer of 7-Eleven Malaysia Sdn Bhd. He is also a Director of Berjaya Assets Berhad, Intan Utilities Berhad, Berjaya Vacation Club Berhad, Berjaya Group Berhad, Berjaya Retail Berhad, Berjaya Capital Berhad and International Lottery & Totalizator Systems, Inc. United States of America. He also holds directorships in several other private limited companies.



LOH CHEN PENG

60 years of age, Malaysian Independent Non-Executive Director

He was appointed to the Board as an Independent Non-Executive Director on 8 January 2003. He is the Chairman of the Audit and Risk Management Committee and a member of the Remuneration Committee and Nominating Committee.

He started his career in 1975 when he joined Deloitte KassimChan and articled to complete the professional examinations of the Malaysian Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("MICPA"). He completed his professional examinations in 1980 and was admitted as a member of the MICPA in 1981.

He left Deloitte KassimChan in 1980 and joined Arab-Malaysian Merchant Bank Berhad, a merchant banking group during which he held several senior management positions in the areas of corporate advisory and corporate banking. He left the bank in September 1993 and thereafter served as the Chief Operating Officer in the stockbroking firm of Inter-Pacific Securities Sdn Bhd for 4 months. In April 1994, he was involved in establishing Phileo Allied Bank Berhad, a commercial bank and served as an Executive Director until 2001. He was a Director of Major Team Holdings Berhad up to May 2010 and Berjaya Retail Berhad until July 2011. He was also a Director of Tropicana Corporation Berhad (formerly known as Dijaya Corporation Berhad) until his resignation in February 2013. He had also served on the boards of AmBank (M) Berhad, AmInvestment Bank Berhad and AmIslamic Bank Berhad. He resigned from the boards of these banks in July 2014.

He is now involved in some private ventures and is an Independent Non-Executive Director of Berjaya Auto Berhad.

STATEMENT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Board of Directors recognises the importance of adopting good corporate governance throughout the Group as a fundamental part of discharging its responsibilities to protect and enhance its shareholders' value and the financial performance of the Group. The Board is committed in ensuring that the principles and recommendations as set out in the Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance 2012 ("the Code") are observed and practised.

The following sections explain how the Group has applied the principles of the Code and the extent in which it has applied the principles and complied with the recommendations as set out in the Code throughout the financial year ended 30 April 2014. The Board will continue to take further measures to improve compliance with the principles and recommendations in the ensuing years.

1. ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE BOARD

The Group is led and managed by an experienced Board with a wide range of expertise. The Board has the overall responsibility for strategic direction of the Group, overseeing the conduct of the business of the Group, formulation of policies and corporate governance. The Board Charter adopted by the Board clearly sets out the respective roles and responsibilities of the Board and the management to ensure accountability. A copy of the Board Charter is available on the Company's website.

The Chairman is responsible for ensuring Board effectiveness and standards of conduct. He has authority



DATUK SERI AZMAN BIN UJANG

63 years of age, Malaysian Independent Non-Executive Director

He was appointed to the Board as an Independent Non-Executive Director on 21 July 2008. He is the Chairman of the Nominating Committee and a member of the Audit and Risk Management Committee and Remuneration Committee.

He began his 36 years career with Malaysian National News Agency ("BERNAMA") as a cadet reporter in 1971 and was promoted to various editorial positions before he rose to become Editor-in-Chief in 2004. He was made the General Manager of BERNAMA in March 2007 before retiring from BERNAMA in June 2008 and subsequently appointed as the Editorial Advisor of BERNAMA until June 2009.

Save as disclosed, none of the Directors have:-

- any family relationship with any Director and/or major shareholder of the Company;
- 2. any conflict of interest with the Company; and
- 3. any convictions for offences within the past 10 years other than traffic offences.

over the agenda for each Board meeting to ensure that all Directors are provided with relevant information on a timely basis. The general agenda may include minutes of previous meetings of the Board and the Board committees, quarterly financial results of the Group, issues requiring the Board's deliberation and approval, reports or briefings on operational and financial issues of major subsidiaries and other ad-hoc reporting. The Board delegates the authority and responsibilities for managing the everyday affairs of the Group to the Executive Director and through him and subject to his oversight, to other senior management. He leads the senior management team in making and implementing the day-to-day decisions on the business operations and management, managing resources and risks in pursuing the corporate objectives of the Group. He brings material and other relevant matters to the Board, motivates employees, and drives change/innovation and growth within the Group.

The Board has delegated certain responsibilities to the Board Committees that operate within clearly defined terms of references. Currently, the Board Committees comprise Audit and Risk Management Committee, Nominating Committee and Remuneration Committee. The ultimate responsibility for decision making, however, lies with the Board. The Board reviews the terms of reference of the Board Committees periodically to ensure their relevance.

DIRECTORS' CODE OF CONDUCT/ETHICS

The Board is required to observe the Directors' Code of Ethics as stipulated in its Board Charter. The Directors' Code of Ethics was formulated to enhance the standard of corporate governance and promote ethical conduct of the Directors.

CORPORATE STRATEGY TO PROMOTE SUSTAINABILITY

The Board recognises the importance of business sustainability and the impact of the Group's business on the environmental, social and governance aspects is taken into consideration in conducting the Group's business. The details of the sustainability efforts are set out in the Corporate Social Responsibility Statement of this Annual Report.

ACCESS TO INFORMATION AND ADVICE

The Directors have full and timely access to information concerning the Company and the Group. The Board papers which include reports on the Group's operations, finance and corporate development are distributed to the Directors prior to Board meetings. Notices with relevant agenda are provided in sufficient time prior to Board meetings to enable the Directors to obtain further explanation or clarification, if any.

The Board is supported by suitably qualified and competent company secretaries who are members of a professional body. All Directors have access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary and the senior Management staff in the Group and may obtain independent professional advice, both inside and outside the Company, at the Company's expense in furtherance of their duties.

BOARD CHARTER

The Board has formally adopted a Board Charter which sets out the roles, duties and responsibilities as well as the composition and processes to enable all Board members, acting on behalf of the Company, to be aware of their duties and responsibilities at all times. The Board will review the Charter annually to ensure that it remains consistent with the Board's roles and objectives.

2. COMPOSITION OF THE BOARD

The Board currently has four (4) members comprising:-

- The Chairman (who is Non-Independent Non-Executive);
- One (1) Executive Director; and
- Two (2) Independent Non-Executive Directors.

This composition fulfills the requirements as set out under the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Listing Requirements") which stipulates that at least two (2) Directors or one-third of the Board, whichever is higher, must be independent.

The Executive and Non-Executive Directors, with their different backgrounds and experiences in the field of finance, accounting, media and business development made up a balanced and effective Board. The Board is satisfied that the current size and composition of the Board are considered adequate to provide an optimum mix of skill and experience. A brief profile of each Director is contained in pages 2 and 3 of the Annual Report.

NOMINATING COMMITTEE

The Nominating Committee of the Company comprises exclusively of non-executive Directors, a majority of whom are independent Directors. The Nominating Committee currently comprises the following members:-

- Datuk Seri Azman Bin Ujang Chairman/Independent
 Non-Executive
- 2. Loh Chen Peng Independent Non-Executive
- 3. Dato' Robin Tan Yeong Ching Non-Independent Non-Executive

The Nominating Committee is responsible amongst others, for identifying and making recommendations for any appointments and re-election of Board members or Board committee members. When considering new appointments, the Nominating Committee would consider the size, composition, mix of skills, experience, competencies and other qualities of the existing Board, level of commitment, resources and time that the recommended candidate can contribute to the existing Board and Group. The Nominating Committee would then make recommendation to the Board if the proposed candidate is found to be suitable. On an annually basis, the Nominating Committee would review the size, balance and composition of the Board to ensure that the Board has the appropriate mix of expertise and experience and collectively possesses the necessary core competencies for effective functioning and informed decision-making.

The Nominating Committee is also tasked under its terms of reference to carry out the necessary evaluation of the effectiveness of each Director, the Board and the Board Committees on an annual basis. During the financial year, the Committee had carried out an annual evaluation assessment as an effort to monitor the level of effectiveness of the Board, the Board Committees as well as the Board members. Based on the assessment conducted, the Nominating Committee indicated their satisfaction with the level of performance and effectiveness of the Board, the Board Committees and the Board Members.

The Board acknowledges the recommendation of the Code pertaining to the establishment of boardroom gender diversity policy. There is presently no female Director on the Board. The Board presently does not have a policy on boardroom gender diversity as the Board believes in providing equal opportunity to candidates who have the skills, experiences, core competencies and other qualities regardless of gender.

RE-ELECTION AND RE-APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTOR

The Nominating Committee also conducted an assessment of the Directors who are subject to retirement at the forthcoming annual general meeting ("AGM") in accordance with the provisions of the Articles of Association of the Company and the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 1965.

In accordance with the Company's Articles of Association, one-third (1/3) of the Directors shall retire from office, at least once in three (3) years. Retiring Directors can offer themselves for re-election. Directors who are appointed by the Board during the financial year will offer themselves for re-election by the shareholders at the AGM held following their appointments.

STATEMENT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE (CONTINUED)

Pursuant to Section 129(6) of the Companies Act, 1965, Directors who are over the age of seventy (70) years shall retire at every AGM, and may offer themselves for re-appointment to hold office until the next AGM.

REMUNERATION POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

The Remuneration Committee of the Company comprises a majority of Independent Directors and its composition is as follows:-

Dato' Robin Tan Yeong Ching - Chairman/Non-Independent Non-Executive

Loh Chen Peng - Independent Non-Executive

Datuk Seri Azman Bin Ujang - Independent Non-Executive

The primary function of the Remuneration Committee is to set up the policy framework and to make recommendations to the Board on all elements of the remuneration and other terms of employment of the Executive Directors. The remuneration of Directors is determined at levels which enable the Company to attract and retain Directors with the relevant experience and expertise to manage the business of the Group effectively.

The determination of the remuneration for the Non-Executive Directors will be a matter to be decided by the Board as a whole with the Director concerned abstaining from deliberations and voting on decisions in respect of his/her individual remuneration package. The Board recommends the Directors' fees payable to Non-Executive Directors on a yearly basis to the shareholders for approval at the AGM.

The aggregate Directors' remuneration paid or payable to the Directors in office during the financial year by the Company and the Group categorised into appropriate components for the financial year ended 30 April 2014 are as follows:-

	RM'000				
	Fees	Salaries and Other Emoluments	Bonus	Benefits-in- kind	Total
Executive	-	146	20	-	166
Non- Executive	33	3	-	-	36
	33	149	20	-	202

The number of Directors of the Company who served during the financial year and whose total remuneration from the Group falling within the respective bands are as follows:-

	NUMBER OF DIRECTORS	
RANGE OF REMUNERATION (RM)	Executive Director(s)	Non-Executive Director(s)
1 - 50,000	-	3
150,001 – 200,000	1	-
TOTAL	1	3

3. INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS

ASSESSMENT OF INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS

The presence of Independent Directors provides objectivity to the Board's decisions, ensuring that all strategies proposed by the management are fully discussed and examined, and take into account the long-term interests of stakeholders, including shareholders, employees, customers, suppliers and the various communities in which the Company conducts its business.

The Board through the Nominating Committee assessed the independence of the Independent Directors based on the criteria set out in the Listing Requirements on an annual basis. For the financial year 30th April 2014, the Independent Directors had provided annual confirmation of their independence to the Board based on its policy on criteria of assessing independence in line with the definition of "Independent Directors" prescribed by the Listing Requirements.

TENURE OF INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

The Board takes cognizance of the Code's recommendation that the tenure of an Independent Director should not exceed a cumulative terms of nine (9) years. Upon completion of the nine years, an Independent Director may continue to serve on the Board subject to the Directors' redesignation as a Non-Independent Director.

As at the date of this statement, Mr Loh Chen Peng has served the Board for more than nine years. The approval of the Company's shareholders was obtained at the last AGM held on 9 October 2013 for the retention of Mr Loh Chen Peng as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company notwithstanding that he had been on the Board of the Company for a cumulative term of more than 9 years. Based on the assessment conducted by the Nominating Committee for the year 2014, the Board has concluded that Mr Loh Chen Peng remains to be independent and recommended that he continues

to act as an Independent Non-Executive Director based on the following justifications:-

- i) he fulfilled the criteria under the definition of Independent Director as stated in the Listing Requirements, and thus, he would be able to function as a check and balance, bring an element of objectivity to the Board.
- ii) he has been with the Company for more than 9 years and was familiar with the Company's business operations.
- iii) he remains objective and independent in expressing his view and participating in deliberations and decision making process of the Board and Board Committees. The length of his services on the Board does not in any way interfere with his exercise of independent judgement and ability to act in the best interests of the Company.
- iv) he has exercised his due care during his tenure as an Independent Non-Executive Director and as Chairman of the Audit and Risk Management Committee of the Company and carried out his professional duties in the interest of the Company and the shareholders.

An ordinary resolution for the proposed retention of Mr Loh Chen Peng as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company will be tabled at the forthcoming AGM for shareholders' approval.

BOARD MUST COMPRISE A MAJORITY OF INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS IF THE CHAIRMAN IS NOT AN INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

The Board is mindful of the recommendation of the Code that the Board must comprise a majority of Independent Directors where the Chairman of the Board is not an Independent Director. Currently, the Chairman of the Company is Dato' Robin Tan Yeong Ching, who is a Non-Executive Non-Independent Director. Compliance with Recommendation 3.5 would require an increase in the current size of the Board. The Nominating Committee has assessed the Board composition and is satisfied that the current size and composition of the Board are considered adequate to provide an optimum mix of skills and experience. The presence of the two (2) independent Directors, though not forming a majority of the Board members, is sufficient to provide the required checks and balances on the decision making process of the Board. The significant contributions of the Independent Directors in the decision making process is evidenced in their participation as members of the various committees of the Board.

4. BOARD COMMITMENT

The Board meets regularly on a quarterly basis with additional meetings being convened when necessary. The meeting dates are planned ahead of schedule to ensure that each member of the Board is committed to meet when the time arises. During the financial year ended 30 April 2014, the Board met five (5) times and the record of attendance of each Director is set out below:-

Directors	No. Of Meetings Attended
Dato' Robin Tan Yeong Ching	4/5
Chan Kien Sing	5/5
Loh Chen Peng #	5/5
Datuk Seri Azman Bin Ujang #	5/5

[#] Denotes Independent Non-Executive Directors

All the Directors have attended no less than 50% of the Board meetings held during the financial year. During intervals between Board meetings, any matters requiring Board's decisions and approvals will be obtained through circular resolutions of the Directors. These circular resolutions will then be noted and ratified at the next Board meeting.

All Directors have complied with the restrictions on the number of directorships in public listed companies as prescribed under the Listing Requirements. Each Director is expected to commit time as and when required to discharge the relevant duties and responsibilities, besides attending meetings of the Board and Board committees. All Board members are required to notify the Chairman of the Board before accepting new directorships outside the Group and indicating the time that will be spent on the new directorship. Similarly, the Chairman of the Board shall also do likewise before taking up any additional appointment of directorships. The Board is satisfied with the level of time commitment given by the Directors towards fulfilling their roles and responsibilities.

DIRECTORS' TRAINING

The Board recognizes the importance of training as a continuous education process for the Directors in order to ensure that the Directors stay abreast of the latest developments and changes in laws and regulations, business environment and new challenges and to equip the Directors with the necessary knowledge and skills to enable them to fulfill their responsibilities and effectively discharge their duties.

All Directors have attended the Mandatory Accreditation Programme ("MAP") prescribed by the Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities"). Apart from the MAP, the Directors have also attended the Continuing Education Programme ("CEP") conducted by various course leaders. The Directors will continue to attend seminars and courses to keep themselves updated on regulatory and corporate governance developments,

STATEMENT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE (CONTINUED)

besides enhancing their professionalism and knowledge to effectively discharge their duties and obligations.

Details of the training programmes attended by the current Directors during the financial year ended 30 April 2014 were as follows:-

DIRECTORS	SEMINARS / CONFERENCES / FORUM
Dato' Robin Tan Yeong Ching	 International Corporate Governance Seminar 2013 Bursa Malaysia Revised Corporate Governance Guide Malaysia-China Economic Cooperation Summit
Chan Kien Sing	- CEO Forum 2013 - MIA Conference 2013 - Risk Management & Internal Control Workshop
Loh Chen Peng	 Financial Institutions Directors' Education Programme: Governance and Risk Management Practices for the Financial Markets in the 21st Century Financial Institutions Directors' Education Programme: Roles of the Board & Committee in Financial Reporting and Strategy In-house workshop organized by AmBank Group: Operational Risk Management
Datuk Seri Azman Bin Ujang	- Failed Business: Deriving sound strategic insights

5. FINANCIAL REPORTING

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT IN RESPECT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors are required to prepare the financial statements which give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and the Company as at the end of each financial year and of their financial performance and their cashflows for that financial year then ended.

The Directors, in preparing the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 April 2014, are satisfied that the Group has used appropriate accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent. All applicable financial reporting standards have also been followed in the preparation of the financial statements which have been prepared on a going-concern basis.

The Directors are responsible for ensuring that the Group and the Company keep accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time, the financial position of the Group and the Company and which enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the provisions of the Companies Act, 1965, and the applicable financial reporting standards in Malaysia.

The Directors are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Group and for taking reasonable steps to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

COMPLIANCE WITH APPLICABLE FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

One of the key responsibilities of the Audit and Risk Management Committee is to review the financial statements and quarterly results of the Group and to ensure that such quarterly results and financial statements comply with the applicable financial reporting standards. The quarterly financial results and audited financial statements were reviewed by the Audit and Risk Management Committee and approved by the Board before they are released to Bursa Securities. The Audit and Risk Management Committee would meet with the External Auditors to review the scope and adequacy of the audit process, the annual financial statements and their audit findings. Furthermore, the Audit and Risk Management Committee is updated regularly by the External Auditors on the changes in financial reporting standards which are applicable to the Group.

Further, the Company has always maintained a formal and transparent relationship with its auditors in seeking professional advice and ensuring compliance with the accounting standards in Malaysia. The external auditors had also provided a confirmation to the Audit and Risk Management Committee that they were independent in accordance with the terms of the relevant professional and regulatory requirements.

The Audit and Risk Management Committee had assessed and is satisfied with the competence and independence of the external auditors and had recommended the reappointment of the external auditors to the Directors for the shareholders' approval at the forthcoming AGM.

6. RISKS MANAGEMENT

The Board of Directors acknowledges that risk management and internal controls is an integral part of the overall management processes. It is an ongoing process to identify, evaluate, monitor and manage and mitigate the risks that may affect the achievement of its business and corporate objectives.

The Audit and Risk Management Committee is entrusted to provide advice and assistance to the Board in fulfilling its statutory and fiduciary responsibilities relating to

the Company's internal and external audit functions, risk management and matters that may significantly impact the financial conditions or affairs of the business.

The internal audit function of the Group was outsourced to the internal auditors of Berjaya Corporation Berhad to assist the Audit and Risk Management Committee in discharging its duties and responsibilities. The internal auditors' responsibilities include providing independent and objective reports on the state of internal controls of the operating unit in the Group to the Audit and Risk Management Committee, with the recommendations for improvement to the control procedures.

The details of the risk management and system of internal control of the Company are set out in the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Controls in this Annual Report.

7. TIMELY DISCLOSURES

The Board will ensure that it adheres to and comply with the disclosure requirements of the Listing Requirements as well as the Corporate Disclosure Guide issued by Bursa Securities.

The Board recognises the importance to keep the shareholders well informed of all major developments in the Company on a timely basis. The various disclosures and announcements made to Bursa Securities, inter alia the quarterly and annual results, and corporate developments facilitate the fair and timely dissemination of information to the shareholders and investors.

Apart from the announcements published through the website of Bursa Securities, the Company also published its latest corporate information via a website at www.berjaya.com where shareholders as well as members of the public can access for the latest information on the Company.

8. RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN COMPANY AND SHAREHOLDERS

The Company provides a platform for dialogue and interaction with all shareholders through its general meetings. The Chairman of the meeting provided time for the shareholders to ask questions for each agenda in the notice of the general meetings. At each AGM, the Board presents the progress and performance of the Group's businesses and encourages shareholders to participate through a question and answer session. The Directors, Senior Management and/or external auditors of the Company are in attendance to respond to shareholders' queries during the general meetings. The Notice of the AGM together with the annual report will be sent to shareholders at least 21 days before the date of the meeting. The shareholders are thus provided with ample time to review the annual report, to appoint proxy and to collate questions to be asked at the AGM.

All members present at each meeting shall have the right to demand for a poll in accordance with the provisions of the Articles of Association of the Company on the voting for any resolutions. The voting process at each meeting shall be by way of show of hands unless a poll is demanded or specifically required. The Chairman of the meeting may demand for a poll for any resolutions put forward for voting at the shareholders' meetings, if so required.

The Corporate Communications division of Berjaya Corporation Berhad plays an active role in assisting the Company with regards to maintaining the Company's relations with its shareholders and investors, among others.

The Board has identified Datuk Seri Azman Bin Ujang as the Senior Independent Non-Executive Director of the Board to whom queries or concerns may be conveyed.

9. COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE

The Board is satisfied that the Company has, in all material aspects, complied with the principles and recommendations of the Code during the financial year ended 30 April 2014

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

On behalf of the Board of Directors, it is my pleasure to present the Annual Report and Financial Statements of Berjaya Media Berhad ("BMedia") for the financial year ended 30 April 2014.



FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

For the financial year ended 30 April 2014, the Group recorded a consolidated revenue of RM58.72 million and a pre-tax profit of RM2.97 million in comparison to a revenue of RM51.42 million and pre-tax loss of RM42.67 million respectively in the preceding financial year. The increase in revenue for the financial year under review was mainly due to higher advertising income achieved by Sun Media Corporation Sdn Bhd ("Sun Media") which resulted in improvement in profit from operations. The turnaround in pre-tax profit was mainly due to improved advertising income whilst the loss incurred in the preceding financial year was mainly due to impairment adjustment of certain quoted investments (RM19.15 million) and publishing rights (RM25.0 million).

DIVIDEND

The Board did not recommend the payment of dividends for the financial year ended 30 April 2014.

SIGNIFICANT CORPORATE DEVELOPMENT

The Irredeemable Convertible Preference Shares ("ICPS") issued by BMedia on 30 October 2003 were automatically converted into new ordinary shares of RM0.80 each in BMedia on 29 October 2013, being its maturity date. The ICPS were removed from the Official List of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad on 30 October 2013.

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

SUN MEDIA CORPORATION SDN BHD

Sun Media registered a revenue of RM58.72 million and pre-tax profit of RM4.03 million for the financial year ended 30 April 2014 compared with a revenue of RM51.43 million and pre-tax profit of RM0.13 million respectively during the previous financial year.

The higher revenue for the financial year under review was mainly due to increased advertisement sales generated from aggressive marketing initiatives. This

also contributed to the improvement in pre-tax profit during the financial year.

The significant growth in advertising revenue income by theSun has clearly shown that the advertisers now perceive theSun as one of the most influential mediums in reaching out to the audience. Being well-known for adopting the free distribution business model, theSun effectively reached out to the core audience of the urban whitecollar segment, which is mainly made up of PMEBs (Professionals, Managers, Executives, Businessmen). Based on the latest audit reports by Audited Bureau

of Circulations Malaysia, the Sun managed to sustain its top position as the highest circulated English daily in Malaysia with an average distribution of 305,000 copies every weekday. This reflects that despite the challenging market environment and intense competition, theSun has garnered the loyal support of the readers.

Led by its highly experienced marketing head, the team has initiated several high-impact initiatives to position theSun as a relevant and valuable advertising medium to the advertisers. Strongly supported by the high circulation figures and relevant content, the team began offering customised and integrated communication solutions to provide a unique experience to the advertisers. The willingness in exploring innovative and creative communication options has helped theSun to be recognised as a marketing friendly medium. Compelling advertising campaigns were also executed by the team to educate the market on the myth about "paid circulation" and rationale behind the free distribution model which in return has successfully gained positive feedback from the stakeholders.

Well-recognised as the first-read-of-the-day for the urban Malaysian, theSun always upholds the principle of "Telling It As It Is" with the editorial team lead by many experienced editors delivering credible and informative news to the readers. Besides presenting a balanced coverage on latest local and international news which includes politics and government policies, economics and business, society and movements, culture and lifestyle, sports and entertainment, the Sun also produces additional supplements that specifically cater to certain areas of interest such as education (Education Focus), vehicles (Gear Up), parenting (Urban Parenting), etc. These sections have always been the favourites for the Sun's targeted readers and marketers as the contents offer both parties a common platform to communicate. The constructive thoughts, critical comments and distinctive insights by the Sun's influential columnists in the Speak Up section, are also part of the essential contents that its readers look forward to.

To further enrich and add value to the paper's content, a new Special Features section was launched by the Sun to feature different topics of interest where readers would be able to obtain more related information on certain subjects. Most of the special features were related to festive seasons and some were related to specific industries such as the FIABCI 2013 Malaysia Property Awards Special Feature. The enhanced content has gained attraction from various parties where readers search for more attractive stories while advertisers see this as an opportunity to engage with the audience. This indirectly helps the Sun to compete more efficiently in expanding its reader base and generating additional revenue.

Several changes have also been implemented in two regular columns of theSun to contribute a wider

in advertising revenue

has clearly shown that

perceive theSun as one

of the most influential

mediums in reaching

out to the audience.

advertisers now

income

perspective to the readers. "The significant growth The newly structured Property Page presents a fresh angle that focuses on specific themes by the Sun related to the property industry such as educating readers on new market concepts, trends, and many more. As for the rejuvenated Marketing Page, it now provides more efficient coverage of corporate events and social responsibility initiatives. The column also publishes opinion-leading articles on media, advertising, and

marketing-related industry issues. All these changes have subsequently led to the upsurge of interest from industry players and the readers.

theSun has always acknowledged the importance of online platforms and digital channels in complementing print content since the emergence of online and mobile technology. The website of theSun, www.thesundaily.my has been furnished with new sections such as Community and Gear Up, as well as more opinion pieces from theSun's columnists to strengthen the website's content. Over the years, the website has recorded a significant increase in viewership and this reflects the increasing trend of readers reading news online. Readers can also gain easy access to theSun's website on their mobile phones where the layout is designed for leisure viewing on mobile, or opt for theSun ePaper, which is now available for iPad at the Apple App store and for Android devices at Google Play. Despite facing various challenges in gaining significant revenue through the digital channels, the integration of multiple platforms in delivering content to readers is well-received and will act as one of the important marketing solutions for

FUTURE OUTLOOK AND PROSPECTS

The Malaysian economy continues to record a robust economic growth of 6.4% in the second quarter of 2014 and is expected to maintain a stable growth trend as the global economy continues to recover in the remaining months of 2014. Investments for projects related to the Economic Transformation Programme will also continue to contribute to the overall economic growth in the near future and sustain healthy business conditions.

For the media industry, market conditions have changed rapidly due to the emergence of the digital platform in recent years. Readers are looking at alternatives provided by the digital channels and advertisers are also searching for more comprehensive solutions. the Sun has always been monitoring the changes and has adapted to the needs of the market by providing multi-platform content and innovative marketing solutions. With the wide daily circulation of 305,000 print copies nationwide, well-received editorial content, and availability on multidigital platforms, the Sun has earned a substantial market share in readership and advertising revenue. Moving forward, the Sun will continue its efforts to increase this market share further by delivering promising content and client-focused marketing plans.

The Board notes that with the uncertainty in current market conditions, the Group may face certain challenges in the upcoming financial year. However, the positive projection in economic recovery presents an opportunity for Sun Media to execute its current strategy that is in line with industry trends and leverage on its strength in providing customised multi-modal communication solutions to boost the current performance. Under these circumstances, Sun Media will actively engage with the existing and potential stakeholders in the interest of ensuring long term sustainability and strive to increase the growth momentum for Sun Media.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

On behalf of the Board, I would like to express our gratitude to the relevant authorities, business associates, advertisers, advertising agencies and readers for their continuous support.

I would also like to thank all our shareholders for their unwavering confidence and support, and not forgetting our committed management and staff for their dedication and hard work. I believe with the continuous support and cooperation from our big family, we can strive further towards the success of the Group.

DATO' ROBIN TAN YEONG CHING CHAIRMAN 20 AUGUST 2014

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Berjaya Media Berhad ("BMedia") Group registered a consolidated revenue of RM58.72 million and a pre-tax profit of RM2.97 million for the financial year ended 30 April 2014 compared to a revenue of RM51.42 million and pre-tax loss of RM42.67 million in the previous financial year. The higher revenue was mainly due to higher advertising income recorded by its principal subsidiary, Sun Media Corporation Sdn Bhd, whereas the turnaround in pre-tax profit was mainly due to improved advertising income whilst the loss incurred in the preceding financial year was mainly due to impairment adjustment of certain quoted investments (RM19.15 million) and publishing rights (RM25.0 million).

SUN MEDIA CORPORATION SDN BHD ("SUN MEDIA")

NATURE OF BUSINESS AND OPERATIONS

Sun Media owns the Sun newspaper which is the highest circulated urban English Language newspaper in Malaysia. Armed with a strong daily distribution (Monday to Friday) of 305,000 copies averagely nationwide (audited by Audit Bureau of Circulations), the Sun is widely recognised in the core cosmopolitan market of Klang Valley, Penang and Johor.

Presented in a reader-friendly format, the Sun offers strong editorial content with unbiased and timely news features on politics and business, human interest and governance, opinions and insights, entertainment, lifestyle and sports.

OVERVIEW

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

Financial Year			
	2014 RM('000)	2013 RM('000)	+/(-)
i. Revenue	58,718	51,426	14.18%
ii. Gross profit	22,429	17,444	28.58%
iii. Operating profit	4,111	253	1,524.90%
iv. Profit before tax	4,030	129	3,024.03%
v. Profit/(Loss) after tax	5,190	(766)	N/A
vi. Finance cost/interest expense	80	124	(35.48%)

REVENUE

Sun Media registered a revenue of RM58.72 million for the financial year ended 30 April 2014 compared to RM51.43 million in the preceding financial year. The higher revenue during the financial year under review was mainly due to aggressive marketing strategies which resulted in an increase in advertisement revenue.

GROSS PROFIT

Sun Media recorded a higher gross profit of RM22.43 million in the financial year under review, an increase of 28.58% from the RM17.44 million in the preceding financial year, principally due to higher revenue registered by the company. Nevertheless, the revenue was partially offset by higher cost of sales.

The increase in cost of sales was mainly due to: (i) higher agency commission which was in line with higher revenue; (ii) higher newsprint and ink costs in line with higher pagination; and (iii) higher distribution charges during the financial year under review.

OPERATING PROFIT

Sun Media recorded a higher operating profit of RM4.11 million for the financial year ended 30 April 2014 as compared to RM0.25 million in the previous financial year, which was in line with higher gross profit and higher other income despite incurring higher administrative expenses and selling and distribution expenses.

The higher other income was mainly due to reversal of provision for doubtful debts no longer required.

PROFIT BEFORE TAX

The company registered a higher profit before tax of RM4.03 million for the financial year under review compared to RM0.13 million in the previous financial year, in line with higher operating profit and lower finance cost during the financial year.

PROFIT/ (LOSS) AFTER TAX

The company registered a profit after tax of RM5.19 million compared to a loss after tax of RM0.77 million in the previous financial year, which was in line with the higher profit before tax and also due to recognition of deferred tax assets in the financial year under review.

FUTURE PROSPECTS

As the global economy is projected to recover in 2014, the Malaysian economy is also expected to be back on a steady growth trajectory. Bank Negara Malaysia's announcement showed that the Malaysian economy has recorded a stronger growth of 6.4% in the second quarter, driven by the positive increase in domestic demand and higher exports. The economic outlook for the remaining months of 2014 is also foreseen to be on an encouraging growth pattern.

Although the overall market condition is still challenging especially for traditional print media, industry experts believe that the outlook remains positive in the upcoming year as the feasibility of print media adapting to and embracing the digital platform reflects additional room for growth especially in presenting a more innovative communication platform to both readers and advertisers.

theSun's advertisement revenue has shown a positive improvement in the financial year under review due to its early adaptation to the current trend and by offering creative communication solutions to the advertisers. Despite facing various uncertainties due to rapid development of technology and the possibility of a shift in readers' reading habits, theSun will strive for more engagement with its readers as well as offer more innovative and effective marketing communication solutions to drive more advertisement sales.

theSun will continue to observe industry trends and focus on providing more customised multi-modal communication solutions to marketers. Integration of online and digital solutions together with print advertising will be one of the tactical communication solutions offered to advertisers to assist them in amplifying their marketing efforts and targeting their audience on multiple platforms.

Editorially, the Sun still remains in a strong and competitive position and stays true to its motto by providing un-spun, extensive and compact content. A new special features section was introduced this year and some of the sections were transformed in an effort to provide better information to readers. Supported by this strong foundation, the Sun will continue to improve on the quality of its content and look to present the news in a more innovative way to remain relevant to the urban readers and advertisers.

Moving forward, the Sun will work to embrace changes and enhance its current operating performance to serve its readers with better content and expand its market share of advertisement revenue with strategic marketing plans.

STATEMENT ON RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

INTRODUCTION

The Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance requires listed companies to maintain a sound system of internal control to safeguard shareholders' investments and the Group's assets. The Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities") Main Market Listing Requirements require Directors of listed companies to include a statement in annual reports on the state of their risk managements and internal controls. The Bursa Securities' Statement on Internal Control: Guidance for Directors of Public Listed Companies ("Guidance") provides guidance for compliance with these requirements. The Board's Risk Management and Internal Control Statement, which has been prepared in accordance with the Guidance, is set out below.

RESPONSIBILITY

The Board of Directors recognises the importance of sound internal controls and risk management practices to good corporate governance. The Board affirms its overall responsibility for the Group's systems of internal controls and risk management, and for reviewing the adequacy and integrity of those systems. It should be noted, however, that such systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives. In addition, it should be noted that any system could provide only reasonable, and not absolute assurance, against material misstatement or loss.

The Group had in place an ongoing process for identifying, evaluating, monitoring and managing the significant risks affecting the achievement of its business objectives

throughout the period. This process is regularly reviewed by the Board, which dedicates time for discussion on this subject.

The Board has received assurance from the Executive Director that the Group's risk management and internal control system are operating adequately and effectively, in all material aspects.

RISK MANAGEMENT FRAMEWORK

The Board has established an organisation structure with clearly defined lines of accountability and delegated authority. It has extended the responsibilities of the Audit and Risk Management Committee ("ARMC") to include the work of monitoring all internal controls and risk management. Its review covers matters such as responses to significant risks identified, output from the monitoring process and changes made to the internal control systems.

INTERNAL AUDIT FUNCTION

The Board recognises that effective monitoring on a continuous basis is a vital component of a sound internal control system. In this respect, the ARMC carries out an internal audit function to monitor and assess the effectiveness of the internal control system. Observations from internal audits were presented to the ARMC together with management's response and proposed action plans for its review. The action plans were then followed up during subsequent internal audits with implementation status reported to the ARMC.

The internal audit function is outsourced to Group Internal Audit Division of Berjaya Corporation Berhad, which reports directly to the ARMC. The scope of work covered by the internal audit function is determined by the ARMC after careful consideration and discussion of the audit plan with the Board.

The Board through the ARMC regularly receives and reviews reports on internal control, which include highlights on significant risks affecting the Group, from its internal audit function.

OTHER KEY ELEMENTS OF INTERNAL CONTROL

The other key elements of the Group's internal control systems are described below:-

- Clearly defined delegation of responsibilities to committees of the Board and to management of Head Office and operating units, including authorisation level for all aspects of the business which are set out in an authority matrix;
- Regular and comprehensive information provided to management, covering financial performance and key business indicators, such as cashflow performance;
- Regular visits to operating units by senior management.

The system of internal control was satisfactory and has not resulted in any material losses, contingencies or uncertainties that would require disclosure in the Group's Annual Report.

AUDIT AND RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE REPORT

The Board of Directors of Berjaya Media Berhad is pleased to present the report of the Audit and Risk Management Committee for the financial year ended 30 April 2014.

MEMBERS AND MEETINGS ATTENDANCES

The members of the Audit and Risk Management Committee are as follows:-

Loh Chen Peng

- Chairman/Independent Non-Executive Director

Datuk Seri Azman Bin Ujang

- Independent Non-Executive Director

Dato' Robin Tan Yeong Ching

- Non-Independent Non-Executive Director

The Audit and Risk Management Committee held five (5) meetings during the financial year ended 30 April 2014. The details of attendance of the Audit and Risk Management Committee members are as follows:-

Name	Attendance
Loh Chen Peng	5/5
Datuk Seri Azman Bin Ujang	5/5
Dato' Robin Tan Yeong Ching	2/5

The General Manager of Group Internal Audit, the Head of Group Accounts and Budgets of Berjaya Corporation Berhad and the Financial Controller of Sun Media Corporation Sdn Bhd were also invited to attend the Audit and Risk Management Committee meetings. The external auditors were also invited to attend three of these meetings.

SUMMARY OF ACTIVITIES OF THE AUDIT AND RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE DURING THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2014

The activities were as follows:-

- a. reviewed the internal audit reports presented and considered the findings of internal audit in the Group's operating subsidiary company through the review of internal audit reports tabled and management responses thereof;
- b. reviewed the external auditors' scope of work and audit plan for the year;
- c. reviewed the risk management activities of its principal operating subsidiary and ensuring appropriate measures were in place to reduce business risk exposures;
- d. reviewed the unaudited quarterly financial results and the year end audited financial statements of the Company and the Group and recommending the same for approval by the Board, upon being satisfied that the financial reporting and disclosure requirements have been complied with and that any significant issues resulting from the audit of the financial statements by the external auditors were adequately addressed by management;
- e. reviewed the internal audit plan for year 2015;
- f. reviewed the related party transactions and the circular to shareholders in connection with the recurrent related party transactions; and

g. reviewed the Audit and Risk Management Committee report, Statement on Corporate Governance, Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control before submitting for the Board's approval and inclusion in the Company's annual report.

SUMMARY OF ACTIVITIES OF THE INTERNAL AUDIT FUNCTION

The Company does not have its own in-house internal audit function. The internal audit function was outsourced to the internal auditors of Berjaya Corporation Berhad, to assist the Audit and Risk Management Committee in discharging its duties and responsibilities. Their role is to provide the Committee with independent and objective reports on the state of internal controls of the operating units within the Group and the extent of compliance by such units with the Group's established policies and procedures.

The activities undertaken by the internal auditors during the financial year ended 30 April 2014 included the following:

- Tabled internal audit plan for the Audit and Risk Management Committee's review and endorsement.
- Reviewed the existing systems, controls and governance processes of the operating unit within the Group.
- 3. Conducted audit reviews and evaluated risk exposures relating to the Group's governance process and system of internal controls on reliability and integrity of financial and operational information, safeguarding of assets, efficiency of operations, compliance with established policies and procedures and statutory requirements.

AUDIT AND RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE REPORT (CONTINUED)

- 4. Provided recommendations to assist the operating unit and the Group in accomplishing its internal control requirements by suggesting improvements to the control processes.
- 5. Issued internal audit reports incorporating audit recommendations and management's responses in relation to audit findings on weaknesses in the systems and controls to the operations management.
- 6. Presented the above internal audit reports to the Audit and Risk Management Committee for review.
- 7. Followed up review to ensure that the agreed internal audit recommendations are effectively implemented.

For the financial year under review, the Internal Audit Division conducted audit assignments on an operating unit of the Group which is engaged in publication, printing and distribution of daily newspapers.

The cost incurred for the Internal Audit function in respect of the financial year ended 30 April 2014 was approximately RM51,000.

TERMS OF REFERENCE OF THE AUDIT AND RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

1. MEMBERSHIP

The Audit and Risk Management Committee ("the Committee") shall be appointed by the Board from amongst the Directors and shall consist of not less than three members and all the Committee members must be non executive directors, with majority of them being independent directors and at least one member of the Committee must be a member of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants or such other qualifications and experience as approved by the Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities").

If a member of the Committee resigns, dies or for any other reason ceases to be a member with the result that the number of members is reduced to below three, the board of directors shall, within three months of that event, appoint such number of new members as may be required to make up the minimum number of three members.

2. QUORUM

A quorum for the Committee shall consist of two members and a majority of the members present must be Independent Directors.

3. CHAIRMAN

The Chairman of the Committee shall be an Independent Director appointed by the Board. He shall report on each meeting of the Committee to the Board.

4. SECRETARY

The Company Secretary shall be the Secretary of the Committee and shall be responsible, in conjunction with the Chairman, for drawing up the agenda and circulating it, supported by explanatory documentation to the Committee members prior to each meeting.

The Secretary shall also be responsible for keeping the minutes of meetings of the Committee and circulating them to the Committee members and to the other members of the Board of Directors.

5. FREQUENCY OF MEETINGS

Meetings shall be held not less than four times a year and will normally be attended by the Director charged with the responsibilities of the Group's finance and Head of Internal Audit. The presence of external auditors will be requested if required and the external auditors may also request a meeting if they consider it necessary.

6. AUTHORITY

The Committee is authorised by the Board to investigate any activity within its terms of reference and shall have unrestricted access to both the internal and external auditors and to all employees of the Group. The Committee is also authorised by the Board to obtain external legal or other independent professional advice as necessary.

The Committee is also authorised to convene meetings with the external auditors, the internal auditors or both, excluding the attendance of other directors and employees of the Company, whenever deemed necessary.

7. DUTIES

The duties of the Committee shall be:

- (a) To review and recommend the appointment of external auditors, the audit fee and any questions of resignation or dismissal including recommending the nomination of person or persons as external auditors;
- (b) To discuss with the external auditors where necessary, on the nature and scope of audit and to ensure coordination of audit where more than one audit firm is involved:
- (c) To review the quarterly results and year-end financial statements prior to the approval by the Board, focusing on:
 - going concern assumption
 - compliance with applicable financial reporting standards and regulatory requirements
 - any changes in accounting policies and practices
 - significant issues arising from the audit
 - major judgemental areas
- (d) To prepare Audit and Risk Management Committee Report at the end of each financial year;
- (e) To discuss problems and reservations arising from the interim and final external audits, and any matters the external auditors may wish to discuss (in the absence of management, where necessary);
- (f) To review the external auditors' management letter and management's response;
- (g) To review any related party transaction and conflict of interest situation that may arise within the Company or the Group including any transaction, procedure or course of conduct that raises questions of management integrity;
- (h) To do the following in relation to internal audit function:-
 - review the adequacy of scope, functions, competency and resources of the internal audit department and that it has the necessary authority to carry out its work:
 - review internal audit programme;
 - ensure coordination of external audit with internal audit;
 - consider the major findings of internal audit investigations and management's response, and ensure that appropriate actions are taken on the recommendations of the internal audit function;
 - to monitor related party transactions entered into by the Company and its subsidiaries, and to ensure that the Directors report such transactions annually to shareholders via the annual report;
 - to review and monitor the effectiveness of internal control systems and to evaluate the systems with the external auditors;

- (i) To carry out such other responsibilities, functions or assignments as may be defined jointly by the Committee and the Board of Directors from time to time:
- (j) In compliance with Paragraph 15.16 of the Main Market Listing Requirements, where the Committee is of the view that a matter reported by it to the Board has not been satisfactorily resolved resulting in a breach of the Listing Requirements, the Committee must promptly report such matter to Bursa Securities.
- (k) To undertake the following risk management activities:

Establishing Strategic Context – Ensuring that the strategic context of the risk management strategy is complete and takes into account the environment within which the Group operates and the requirements of all stakeholders and the Board.

Establishing Risk Management Processes – Determining the overall risk management processes that should be adopted by the business units and developing appropriate guidelines and policies for implementation.

Establishing Risk Management Structure – Ensuring a short and long term risk management strategy, framework and methodology have been implemented and consistently applied by all business units.

Embedding Risk Management Capability – Ensuring risk management processes are integrated into all core business processes and that the culture of the organisation reflects the risk consciousness of the Board.

Establishing Reporting Mechanism – Providing a consolidated risk and assurance report to the Board to support the statement relating to internal control in the company's annual report.

Integrating & coordinating assurance activity – Ensuring alignment and coordination of assurance activity across the organisation.

Establishing Business Benefits-Identifying opportunities to release potential business benefits through the enhancement of risk management capabilities within the Group.

Establishing Effectiveness of Risk Management Processes – Simplifying and improving the effectiveness of existing risk management structures.

Managing the Group Wide Risk Management Programme – Supporting the implementation of the risk management processes within the business. The Committee will act as steering committee for the Group Wide Risk Management Programme.

MANAGEMENT TEAM

CHAN KIEN SING Managing Director

EDITORIAL

FREDDIE NG CHEE HOCK Managing Editor ANNIE FREEDA CRUEZ Executive Editor (News)

R. NADESWARAN Special Investigative Reporting Editor

PRESENNA NAMBIAR Business Editor

SEBASTIAN LIM Entertainment & Lifestyle Editor

PETER YAP Fashion & Beauty Editor

NAVJEET SINGH Sports Editor

IRENE LEONG Supplements Editor

JOTHI JEYASINGAM Web Editor

RAJ KUMAR Photo Editor

KONG SEE HOH Production Editor

TEO KAH KEONG Foreign Editor

CHRISTOPHER NG CHUAN SENG Chief Sub-Editor

ADVERTISING & MARKETING

PRASHUN DUTT Chief Marketing Officer

ANAFIAH OMAR Senior Manager

LEE SIEW SIEW Senior Manager

KAREN CHEE Senior Manager (Penang)

MICHELLE THESEIRA Assistant Editor Corporate Affairs and Special Features

SHIRLEY ENG Head of Ad Traffic

KATHRINE AU YONG Manager, Marketing Support

RAMONA REVI PILLAI Manager, Graphics Studio

OPERATIONS

GURUNATHAN GOPAL Senior Manager, Distribution Channels

RICKY NG Financial Controller

SANTHANA MUKUNDHAN Assistant Manager, Human Resource & Administration

THOMAS KANG Senior Manager, Production

SASEETHARAN GOPAL Senior Manager, Information Technology

EVENTS, PROMOTIONS AND CORPORATE SOCIAL **RESPONSIBILITY**

Berjaya Founder's Day **22 February 2014**

Berjaya Corporation group of companies ("Berjaya") celebrated the 4th Berjaya Founder's Day on 22 February 2014 at Berjaya Times Square and the event attracted over 20,000 Berjaya Group employees and their family members.

During the event, Berjaya founder, Tan Sri Dato' Seri Vincent Tan contributed RM25.6 million to 90 charitable organisations which included those that support community, education, health causes, international humanitarian aid, local performing arts as well as environmental awareness and animal

"Believe In Yourself" was chosen as this year's theme to encourage everyone, especially the youth, to believe in their own capabilities, and to make the most of their skills and talents to achieve their aspirations.

Among the distinguished guests present at the celebration were the Sultan of Selangor, Sultan Sharafuddin Idris Shah, Sultanah Hajah Kalsom of Pahang, and Raja Zarith Sofia, consort of the Sultan of Johor.

Tan Sri Dato' Seri Vincent Tan also awarded The Better Malaysia Foundation Personality of the Year Award 2014 to Dr Jane Goodall, DBE who is an environmentalist and humanitarian as well as a United Nations Messenger of Peace. Considered to be the world's foremost expert on chimpanzees, Goodall is best known for her 45-year study of social and family interactions of wild chimpanzees in Gombe Stream National Park, Tanzania. She is the founder of the Jane Goodall Institute and the Roots & Shoots programme, a global youth environmental education programme which brings young children and youth from pre-school to university to work on environmental, conservation and humanitarian issues. The organisation has presence in over 120 countries working with over 10,000 local groups worldwide.



The Better Malaysia Foundation Personality of the Year Award comes with a cash prize of RM500,000 and is given annually by Better Malaysia Foundation to honour an individual or organisation in recognition and acknowledgement of their commitment towards supporting and providing assistance to the less fortunate communities.

This special day was also dedicated to all Berjaya staff in recognition of their continuous support and contribution to the Group. Besides entertaining performances and exciting games, over 50 stalls had been set up, offering a wide range of food, beverages and company products to the visitors.

Other attractions of the day included the East-meets-West giant dragon cake prepared by Berjaya Hotels & Resorts and 35 booths were also set up by charitable organisations to create more awareness of their respective causes. The day's programme concluded with a lucky draw where the Grand Prize of a Mazda2 car worth RM80,000 was won by Wong Siew Kuan of Berjaya Group Accounts.













EVENTS, PROMOTIONS AND CORPORATE

SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CONTINUED)

theSun Raises More Than RM1million In Aid of Typhoon Victims

theSun launched a relief fund and raised more than RM1 million to help the victims of Typhoon Haiyan which devastated central Philippines in November 2013.

The super typhoon had left a trail of death and destruction, with more than 6,000 people killed and over 650,000 people displaced, homeless, hungry and destitute, just weeks before Christmas.

The campaign saw donations pouring in from generous Malaysians, both individuals as well as corporate organisations, non-governmental organisations, religious groups, alumni associations, schools and even a chess club.

Among the many organisations that responded in a big way were the Aeon Foundation, AIA Berhad, and 7-Eleven Malaysia Sdn Bhd.

The six-week fund raising campaign culminated with a total donation of RM1,006,772 and was handed to Mercy Malaysia to fund its immediate on-site health and medical relief operations.

The donation was marked by a simple ceremony where the Sun's Managing Editor, Freddie Ng presented a mock cheque to Mercy Malaysia's President, Dato' Dr Ahmad Faizal Mohd Perdaus at theSun's office in early January 2014. The presentation was also witnessed by Sun Media Corporation's Managing Director, Chan Kien Sing, Mercy Malaysia's General Manager, Megawati Md Rashidi and staff of

In expressing Mercy Malaysia's gratitude for theSun's partnership in the fund-raising effort, Dr Ahmad Faizal said that the large sum collected was clear proof that a caring society still exists in Malaysia. The fund had been launched at the right time and had helped fund Mercy's

> early acute emergency period, through the recovery and now the rehabilitation period.

theSun also sent reporters and photographers to the affected areas to provide first hand reports

and how donations were being used to help the typhoon victims.







Welcoming CNY with GAB 27 January 2014



Guinness Anchor Berhad's ("GAB") corporate hierarchy visited the Sun's office on 27 January 2014, accompanied by lion dancers, the God of Prosperity, performers and brand ambassadors attired in exquisite cheongsam to celebrate Chinese New Year in the Year of Horse with all theSun's staff.

GAB's Managing Director, Hans Essaadi, Marketing Director, Bruce Dallas and other senior executives sported snazzy goldenhued samfoo tops, matching the pre-new year celebration mood of all who joined the occasion.

Greeted by Sun Media Corporation's Managing Director, Chan Kien Sing, Chief Marketing Officer, Prashun Dutt and Managing Editor, Freddie Ng, GAB's management team had a good time interacting with theSun's staff throughout the whole session. The crowd were entertained especially by the stunning lion dance performance. The visit served to reinforce the strong relationship between GAB and theSun.

Additionally, the yang (positive) energy of the Green Wood Horse was expected to drive ambitious, capable marketers towards attaining dynamic growth during the ensuing year. This has since proven true for theSun, which has recorded its highest revenue-growth since 2008.







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GALAXY Note 3

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2014

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2014 (CONTINUED)

DIRECTORS' REPORT

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Directors of Berjaya Media Berhad hereby submit their report and the audited financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the year ended 30 April 2014.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is principally involved in investment holding.

The principal activities of the subsidiary companies are as disclosed in Note 14 to the Financial Statements.

There have been no significant changes in the nature of the activities of the Company and of its subsidiary companies during the financial year.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The results of operations of the Group and of the Company for the financial year are as follows:

Profit/(Loss) before tax Income tax credit/(expense) Profit/(Loss) for the year Attributable to: Owners of the Company

Non-controlling Interest

The Group RM'000	The Company RM'000
2,972	(600)
1,119	(3)
4,091	(603)
4,091	(603)
-	-
4,091	(603)

In the opinion of the Directors, the results of the operations of the Group and of the Company during the financial year were not substantially affected by any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature.

DIVIDENDS

No dividend has been paid or declared by the Company since the end of the previous financial year. The Directors do not recommend any final dividend payment in respect of the current financial year.

RESERVES AND PROVISIONS

There were no material transfers to or from reserves or provisions during the financial year other than those disclosed in the Financial Statements.

ISSUE OF SHARES AND DEBENTURES

The changes in the Company's issued and paid-up share capital during the financial year are as follows:

Ordinary shares of RM0.80 each	RM
At 1 May 2013	186,357,535
Issued during the financial year:	
Arising from conversion of 1,966,792 Irredeemable	
Convertible Preference Shares ("ICPS") of RM0.10 each	
to 2,137,739 ordinary shares of RM0.80 each	1,710,192
At 30 April 2014	188,067,727

The new ordinary shares issued rank pari passu with the then existing ordinary shares of the Company.

The changes in ICPS during the financial year are as follows:

ICPS of RM0.10 each	RM
At 1 May 2013	196,679
Converted to 2,137,739 ordinary shares of RMO.80 each	(196,679)
At 30 April 2014	-

On 30 October 2013, all the outstanding ICPS was mandatorily converted into ordinary shares upon maturity on the basis of 0.92 unit of ICPS for 1 unit of ordinary share.

The salient features of the ICPS are disclosed in Note 21 to the Financial Statements.

The Company has not issued any debentures during the financial year.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

(CONTINUED)

SHARE OPTIONS

No options or warrants have been granted by the Company to any parties during the financial year to take up unissued shares of the Company.

As at 30 April 2014, there was a total of 56,126,564 Warrants outstanding. The expiry date of the said Warrants is on 18 December 2016.

The salient features of the Warrants are disclosed in Note 21 to the Financial Statements.

DIRECTORS

The following Directors served on the Board of the Company since the date of the last report:

Dato' Robin Tan Yeong Ching Chan Kien Sing Datuk Seri Azman Bin Ujang Loh Chen Peng

DIRECTORS' BENEFITS

Since the end of the previous financial year, none of the Directors of the Company has received or becomes entitled to receive any benefit (other than the benefit included in the aggregate amount of emoluments received or due and receivable by Directors as disclosed in the financial statements or the fixed salary of full-time employees of the related companies) by reason of a contract made by the Company or a related corporation with the Director or with a firm of which he is a member, or with a company in which he has a substantial financial interest except for any benefits that may be deemed to have arisen by virtue of the transactions between the Company and certain companies in which certain Directors and/or shareholders of the Company are also Directors and/or shareholders as disclosed in Note 20 to the Financial Statements.

During and at the end of the financial year, no arrangement subsisted to which the Company was a party whereby Directors of the Company might acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS

The shareholdings in the Company and in the related companies of those who were Directors at the end of the financial year, as recorded in the Register of Directors' Shareholdings kept by the Company under Section 134 of the Companies Act, 1965, are as follows:

THE COMPANY

	Num	ber of ordinary st	nares of RM0.80	each
	At 1.5.2013	Bought	Sold	At 30.4.2014
Dato' Robin Tan Yeong Ching	18,000	-	-	18,000
	17,071,200# 100*	-	-	17,071,200
Chan Kien Sing	1,100	-	-	1,100

- # Denotes indirect interest pursuant to Section 6A of the Companies Act, 1965.
- * Denotes indirect interest pursuant to Section 134(12)(c) of the Companies Act, 1965.

Other than as disclosed above, none of the other Directors in office at the end of the financial year had any interest in shares of the Company and in shares of its related corporations during the financial year.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

(CONTINUED)

OTHER STATUTORY INFORMATION

Before the statements of profit or loss, statements of other comprehensive income and statements of financial position of the Group and of the Company were made out, the Directors took reasonable steps:

- (a) to ascertain that proper action had been taken in relation to the writing off of bad debts and the making of allowance for doubtful debts, and had satisfied themselves that there were no known bad debts to be written off and that adequate allowance for doubtful debts had been made; and
- (b) to ensure that any current assets which were unlikely to realise their book values in the ordinary course of business had been written down to their estimated realisable values.

At the date of this report, the Directors are not aware of any circumstances:

- (a) which would render it necessary to write off any bad debts or the amount of allowance for doubtful debts in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company inadequate to any substantial extent; or
- (b) which would render the values attributed to current assets in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company misleading; or
- (c) which have arisen and render adherence to the existing method of valuation of assets or liabilities of the Group and of the Company misleading or inappropriate; or
- (d) not otherwise dealt with in this report or financial statements which would render any amount stated in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company misleading.

At the date of this report, there does not exist:

- (a) any charge on the assets of the Group and of the Company which has arisen since the end of the financial year which secures the liability of any other person; or
- (b) any contingent liability of the Group and of the Company which has arisen since the end of the financial year.

No contingent or other liability has become enforceable or is likely to become enforceable within the period of twelve months after the end of the financial year which, in the opinion of the Directors, will or may substantially affect the ability of the Group and of the Company to meet their obligations as and when they fall due.

In the opinion of the Directors, no items, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature has arisen in the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this report which is likely to affect substantially the results of operations of the Group and of the Company for the succeeding financial year.

AUDITORS

The auditors, Messrs. Deloitte (formerly known as Deloitte KassimChan), have indicated their willingness to continue in office.

Signed on behalf of the Board in accordance with a resolution of the Directors,

DATO' ROBIN TAN YEONG CHING

CHAN KIEN SING

Kuala Lumpur, 23 July 2014

STATEMENT BY DIRECTORS

PURSUANT TO SECTION 169(15) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 1965

The Directors of BERJAYA MEDIA BERHAD state that, in their opinion, the accompanying financial statements set out on pages 16 to 29 are drawn up in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the provisions of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at 30 April 2014 and of the financial performance and the cash flows of the Group and of the Company for the year then ended.

The supplementary information set out in Note 33 on page 29, which is not part of the financial statements, is prepared in all materials respects, in accordance with Guidance on Special Matter No. 1 "Determination of Realised and Unrealised Profits or Losses in the Context of Disclosure Pursuant to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements" as issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants and the directive of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

Signed on behalf of the Board in accordance with a resolution of the Directors,

DATO' ROBIN TAN YEONG CHING

CHAN KIEN SING

Kuala Lumpur, 23 July 2014

STATUTORY DECLARATION

DECLARATION BY THE DIRECTOR PRIMARILY RESPONSIBLE FOR THE FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT OF THE COMPANY

I, CHAN KIEN SING, the Director primarily responsible for the financial management of BERJAYA MEDIA BERHAD, do solemnly and sincerely declare that the accompanying financial statements set out on pages 16 to 29, are, in my opinion, correct and I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true, and by virtue of the provisions of the Statutory Declarations Act, 1960.

Subscribed and solemnly declared by the abovenamed CHAN KIEN SING at Kuala Lumpur on $23 \, \text{July} \, 2014$.

CHAN KIEN SING

Before me,

COMMISSIONER FOR OATHS KAPT (B) AFFANDI BIN AHMAD (No. W602) KUALA LUMPUR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2014 (CONTINUED)

INDEPENDENT **AUDITORS' REPORT**

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF BERJAYA **MEDIA BERHAD** (Incorporated in Malaysia)

REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the financial statements of Berjaya Media Berhad, which comprise the statements of financial position of the Group and of the Company as of 30 April 2014 and the statements of profit or loss, statements of other comprehensive income, statements of changes in equity and statements of cash flows of the Group and of the Company for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, as set out on pages 16 to 29.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of these financial statements so as to give a true and fair view in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia. The directors are also responsible for such internal controls as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation for financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence that we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

OPINION

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as of 30 April 2014 and of their financial performance and cash flows for the financial year then ended in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia.

REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

In accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia, we also report that:

- in our opinion, the accounting and other records and the registers required by the Act to be kept by the Company and by the subsidiary companies of which we have acted as auditors, have been properly kept in accordance with the provisions of the Act;
- we are satisfied that the accounts of the subsidiary companies that have been consolidated with the financial statements of the Company are in form and content appropriate and proper for the purposes of the preparation of the financial statements of the Group, and we have received satisfactory information and explanations required by us for these purposes; and
- our auditors' reports on the accounts of the subsidiary companies were not subject to any qualification and did not include any comment made under sub-section (3) of Section 174 of the

OTHER REPORTING RESPONSIBILITIES

The supplementary information set out in Note 33 on page 29 is disclosed to meet the requirement of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad and is not part of the financial statements. The directors are responsible for the preparation of the supplementary information in accordance with Guidance on Special Matter No. 1 "Determination of Realised and Unrealised Profits or Losses in the Context of Disclosure Pursuant to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements" as issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("MIA Guidance") and the directive of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. In our opinion, the supplementary information is prepared, in all material respects. in accordance with the MIA Guidance and the directive of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

OTHER MATTER

This report is made solely to the members of the Company, as a body, in accordance with section 174 of the Companies Act. 1965 in Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards any other person for the contents of this report.

DELOITTE AF 0080 **Chartered Accountants**

KAMARUL BAHARIN BIN TENGKU ZAINAL ABIDIN Partner - 2903/11/15 (J) **Chartered Accountant**

23 July 2014

STATEMENTS OF PROFIT **OR LOSS**

STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2014

		The G	Group	The Co	mpany
	Note	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000
Revenue Cost of sales	5	58,715 (36,290)	51,423 (33,982)	19	3,323
Gross profit		22,425	17,441	19	3,323
Other income Selling and distribution expenses Administrative expenses Other expenses Impairment losses	9b 9c	1,478 (1,500) (17,995) (98) (1,258)	2,314 (1,412) (16,731) (17) (44,145)	25 - (468) (128) (48)	16 (464) (1,869) (50,212)
•		3,052	(42,550)	(600)	(49,206)
Finance costs	8	(80)	(123)	-	-
PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAX	9	2,972	(42,673)	(600)	(49,206)
INCOME TAX CREDIT/(EXPENSE)	10	1,119	(875)	(3)	(767)
PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE YEAR		4,091	(43,548)	(603)	(49,973)
ATTRIBUTABLE TO: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests		4,091	(43,548)	(603)	(49,973)
		4,091	(43,548)	(603)	(49,973)
EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER SHARE (SEN) ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE OWNERS OF THE COMPANY					
- Basic	11	1.75	(18.53)		
- Diluted	11	N/A	N/A		

The accompanying Notes form an integral part of the Financial Statements.

STATEMENTS OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

STATEMENTS OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR **ENDED 30 APRIL 2014**

	The C	Group	The Co	mpany
	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000
PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE YEAR	4,091	(43,548)	(603)	(49,973)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS):				
Items that may be reclassified				
subsequently to profit or loss:				
- Loss on changes in fair value				
of available-for-sale investment	(710)	(15,074)	-	(629)
- Cumulative impairment loss				
transferred to profit or loss	1,258	19,145	48	589
	548	4,071	48	(40)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE		(00.4==)	()	(=0.040)
INCOME/(LOSS) FOR THE YEAR	4,639	(39,477)	(555)	(50,013)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS) ATTRIBUTABLE TO:				
Owners of the Company	4,639	(39,477)	(555)	(50,013)

The accompanying Notes form an integral part of the Financial Statements.

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 APRIL 2014

		The Group		The Co	The Company	
	Note	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	
ASSETS						
NON-CURRENT ASSETS					_	
Property, plant and equipment	12	3,250	3,805	1	5	
Publishing rights	13	48,000	48,000	-	-	
Investment in subsidiary companies	14	-	-	76,797	76,797	
Other investments	15	28,175	28,885	1,210	1,210	
Deferred tax assets	16	1,753	569	-	-	
Total non-current assets		81,178	81,259	78,008	78,012	
CURRENT ASSETS						
Inventories	17	7,389	4,871	-	-	
Trade and other receivables	18	9,215	10,145	28	39	
Amount owing by						
subsidiary companies	19	-	-	36,664	37,895	
Tax recoverable		-	71	-	71	
Cash and bank balances	26	8,461	6,179	815	78	
Total current assets		25,065	21,266	37,507	38,083	
TOTAL ASSETS		106,243	102,525	115,515	116,095	
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES CAPITAL AND RESERVES Issued capital Share premium Fair value adjustment reserve Accumulated losses	21 22 22 22	188,068 3,470 590 (92,470)	186,554 4,984 42 (96,561)	188,068 3,470 48 (77,999)	186,554 4,984 - (77,396)	
TOTAL EQUITY		99,658	95,019	113,587	114,142	
LIABILITIES NON-CURRENT LIABILITY Hire-purchase payables - non-current portion	23	124	218			
Total non-current liability		124	218	_	-	
Total Horroal Total Hability						
CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and other payables Deferred income Amount owing to	24	5,879 488	5,491 -	131 -	156 -	
a subsidiary company	19	-	-	1,797	1,797	
Hire-purchase payables						
- current portion Short term borrowing	23 25	94	235 1,562	-	-	
Total current liabilities		6,461	7,288	1,928	1,953	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		6,585	7,506	1,928	1,953	
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		106,243	102,525	115,515	116,095	

The accompanying Notes form an integral part of the Financial Statements.

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2014

	Attributable to Owners of the Company								
		Issue	d capital	Non-distr					
	Note	Ordinary shares RM'000	Irredeemable convertible preference shares RM'000	Share premium RM'000	Fair value adjustment reserve RM'000	Accumulated losses RM'000	Total equity RM'000		
THE GROUP									
At 1 May 2012		186,321	201	5,016	(4,029)	(53,013)	134,496		
Total comprehensive income/(loss)		-	-	-	4,071	(43,548)	(39,477)		
Transaction with owners Issue of shares pursuant to the conversion of ICPS*	21,22	36	(4)	(32)	-	-	-		
At 30 April 2013		186,357	197	4,984	42	(96,561)	95,019		
At 1 May 2013		186,357	197	4,984	42	(96,561)	95,019		
Total comprehensive income	•	-	-	-	548	4,091	4,639		
Transaction with owners Issue of shares pursuant to the conversion of ICPS*	21,22	1,711	(197)	(1,514)	_	-	-		
At 30 April 2014		188,068	-	3,470	590	(92,470)	99,658		

		Issued capital		Non-distri reser			
	Note	Ordinary shares RM'000	Irredeemable convertible preference shares RM'000	Share premium RM'000	Fair value adjustment reserve RM'000	Accumulated losses RM'000	Total equity RM'000
THE COMPANY							
At 1 May 2012		186,321	201	5,016	40	(27,423)	164,155
Total comprehensive loss	•	-	-	-	(40)	(49,973)	(50,013)
Transaction with owners Issue of shares pursuant to the conversion of ICPS*	21,22	36	(4)	(32)	-	-	
At 30 April 2013		186,357	197	4,984	-	(77,396)	114,142
At 1 May 2013		186,357	197	4,984	-	(77,396)	114,142
Total comprehensive income/(loss)	Э	-	-	-	48	(603)	(555)
Transaction with owners Issue of shares pursuant to the conversion of ICPS*	21,22	1,711	(197)	(1,514)		-	-
At 30 April 2014		188,068	-	3,470	48	(77,999)	113,587

 ${\rm *ICPS} \cdot {\it Irredeemable Convertible Preference Shares}$

The accompanying Notes form an integral part of the Financial Statements.

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2014

	The C	Group	The Co	The Company	
	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	
OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Receipts from customers	60,885	49,069	-	-	
Payments to suppliers	(35,361)	(29,910)	-	-	
Payments to operating expenses	(21,756)	(20,613)	(478)	(455)	
Payments of taxes	(62)	(59)	-	(1)	
Tax refunded	73	2	68	2	
Compensation received	-	1,258	-	-	
Net cash generated from/(used in)					
operating activities	3,779	(253)	(410)	(454)	
INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Interest received	279	245	25	16	
Proceeds from disposal of					
property, plant and equipment	7	2	-	-	
Purchase of property,					
plant and equipment	(412)	(178)	-	-	
Dividends received	506	503	19	2,497	
Purchase of other investments	-	(318)	-	-	
Net change in					
inter-company indebtedness	-	-	1,103	(2,204)	
Net cash generated					
from investing activities	380	254	1,147	309	
FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Drawdown of bank borrowing	2,895	4,028	-	-	
Repayment of bank borrowing	(4,457)	(2,466)	-	-	
Payment of hire-purchase payables	(235)	(305)	-	-	
Finance costs paid	(80)	(123)	-	-	
Net cash (used in)/generated from		, ,			
financing activities	(1,877)	1,134	-	-	
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN					
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	2,282	1,135	737	(145)	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	_,_ _			(= .0)	
BROUGHT FORWARD	6,179	5,044	78	223	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		,			
CARRIED FORWARD (NOTE 26)	8,461	6,179	815	78	

The accompanying Notes form an integral part of the Financial Statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

The Company is a public limited liability company, incorporated and domiciled in Malaysia, and listed on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Malaysia").

The Company is principally involved in investment holding.

The principal activities of the subsidiary companies are as disclosed in Note 14.

There have been no significant changes in the nature of the activities of the Company and of its subsidiary companies during the financial year.

The Company's registered office is located at Lot 13-01A, Level 13 (East Wing), Berjaya Times Square, No.1, Jalan Imbi, 55100 Kuala Lumpur.

The Company's principal place of business is located at Level 12, Berjaya Times Square, No.1, Jalan Imbi, 55100 Kuala Lumpur.

The financial statements of the Group and of the Company were authorised by the Board of Directors for the issuance in accordance with a resolution of the Directors on 23 July 2014.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements of the Group and of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRSs"), International Financial Reporting Standards and the provisions of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia.

The financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM") and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand Ringgit ("RM'000") except when otherwise indicated.

2.1 ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

In the current financial year, the Group and the Company adopted all the new and revised MFRSs and Issues Committee Interpretations ("IC Ints.") and amendments to MFRSs and IC Ints. issued by Malaysian Accounting Standards Board that are relevant to their operations and effective for annual financial periods beginning on or after 1 May 2013.

MFRS 1	First-time Adoption of Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards (Amendments relating to government loans)
MFRS 7	Financial Instruments: Disclosures (Amendment relating to Disclosures - Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities)
MFRS 10	Consolidated Financial Statements
MFRS 10	Consolidated Financial Statements (Amendments relating to Transition Guidance)
MFRS 11	Joint Arrangements
MFRS 11	Joint Arrangements (Amendments relating to Transition Guidance)
MFRS 12	Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities
MFRS 12	Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities (Amendments relating to Transition Guidance)
MFRS 13	Fair Value Measurement
MFRS 101	Presentation of Financial Statements (Amendments relating to Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income)
MFRS 119	Employee Benefits (IAS 19 as amended by IASB in June 2011)
MFRS 127	Separate Financial Statements (IAS 27 as amended by IASB in May 2011)
MFRS 128	Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures (IAS 28 as amended by IASB in May 2011) $$
IC Int. 20	Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine

Annual Improvements to MFRSs and IC Ints. 2009 to 2011 Cycle (issued in July 2012)

The adoption of these new and revised MFRSs and IC Ints. did not result in significant changes in the accounting policies of the Group and of the Company and has no significant effect on the financial performance or position of the Group and of the Company except as discussed below.

MFRS 12 - DISCLOSURE OF INTERESTS IN OTHER ENTITIES

MFRS 12 is a new disclosure standard and is applicable to entities that have interests in subsidiaries, joint arrangements, associates and/or unconsolidated structured entities. In general, the application of MFRS 12 has resulted in more extensive disclosures in the consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

2.1 ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (CONTINUED)

MFRS 13 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

The Group and the Company have applied MFRS 13 for the first time in the current year. MFRS 13 establishes a single source of guidance for fair value measurements and disclosures about fair value measurements. The scope of MFRS 13 is broad; the fair value measurement requirements of MFRS 13 apply to both financial instrument items and non-financial instrument items for which other MFRSs require or permit fair value measurements and disclosures about fair value measurements, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of MFRS 2 *Share-based Payment*, leasing transactions that are within the scope of MFRS 17 *Leases*, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value (e.g. net realisable value for the purpose of measuring inventories or value in use for impairment assessment purposes).

MFRS 13 defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions. Fair value under MFRS 13 is an exit price regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. Also, MFRS 13 includes extensive disclosure requirements.

MFRS 13 requires prospective application from 1 January 2013. In addition, specific transitional provisions were given to entities such that they need not apply the disclosure requirements set out in the Standard on comparative information provided for periods before the initial application of the Standard. In accordance with these transitional provisions, the Group and the Company have not made any new disclosures required by MFRS 13 for the 2013 comparative period. Other than the additional disclosures, the application of MFRS 13 has not had any material impact on the amounts recognised in these financial statements.

MFRS 101 - PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (AMENDMENTS RELATING TO PRESENTATION OF ITEMS OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME)

The Group and the Company have applied the amendments to MFRS 101 *Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income* for the first time in the current year. The amendments introduce new terminology, whose use is not mandatory, for the statement of comprehensive income and income statement. Under the amendments to MFRS 101, the "statement of comprehensive income" is renamed as the "statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income" and the "income statement" is renamed as the "statement of profit or loss". The amendments to MFRS 101 retain the option to present profit or loss and other comprehensive income in either a single statement or in two separate but consecutive statements. However, the amendments to MFRS 101 require items of other comprehensive income to be grouped into two categories in the other comprehensive income section: (a) items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss; and (b) items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss when specific conditions are met. Income tax on items of other comprehensive income is required to be allocated on the same basis - the amendments do not change the option to present items of other comprehensive income either before tax or net of tax.

The amendments have been applied retrospectively, and hence the presentation of items of other comprehensive income has been modified to reflect the changes. Other than the abovementioned presentation changes, the application of the amendments to MFRS 101 would not result in any impact on profit or loss, other comprehensive income and total comprehensive income.

2.2 MFRSs AND IC INTs. ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE

At the date of authorisation for issue of these financial statements, the new and revised Standards and IC Ints. which were in issue but not yet effective and not early adopted by the Group and by the Company are as listed below:

Effective for financial periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014

MFRS 10	Consolidated Financial Statements (Amendments relating to Investment Entities)
MFRS 12	Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities (Amendments relating to Investment Entities)
MFRS 127	Separate Financial Statements (Amendments relating to Investment Entities)
MFRS 132	Financial Instruments: Presentation (Amendments relating to Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities)
MFRS 136	Impairment of Assets (Amendments relating to Recoverable Amounts Disclosures for Non-Financial Assets)
MFRS 139	Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement (Amendments relating to Novation of Derivatives and Continuation of Hedge Accounting)
IC Ints. 21	Levies

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

2.2 MFRSs AND IC INTs. ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE (CONTINUED)

Effective for financial periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014

MFRS 119 Employee Benefits (Amendments relating to Defined Benefit Plan: Employee Contributions)

Annual Improvements to MFRSs 2010 to 2012 cycle (issued in February 2014)

Annual Improvements to MFRSs 2011 to 2013 cycle (issued in February 2014)

Effective date to be announced by IASB

MFRS 7	Financial Instruments: Disclosure (Amendments relating to Mandatory Effective Date of MFRS 9 (IFRS 9 issued by IASB in November 2009 and October 2010 respectively) and Transition Disclosures)
MFRS 9	Financial Instruments (IFRS 9 issued by IASB in November 2009)
MFRS 9	Financial Instruments (IFRS 9 issued by IASB in October 2010)
MFRS 9	Financial Instruments (Hedge Accounting and amendments to MFRS 9, MFRS 7 and MFRS 139)

Unless otherwise described below, the abovementioned Standards and IC Ints. will be adopted in the annual financial statements of the Group and of the Company when they become effective and that the adoption of these Standards and IC Ints. will have no material impact on the financial statements of the Group and of the Company in the period of initial application, except for the changes in presentation and disclosures of financial information.

MFRS 9 - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

MFRS 9 reflects the first phase of work on the replacement of MFRS 139 and applies to classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities as defined in MFRS 139. The standard was initially effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013, but Amendments to MFRS 9: Mandatory Effective Date of MFRS 9 and Transition Disclosures, issued in March 2012, moved the mandatory effective date to 1 January 2015. Subsequently, on 14 February 2014, it was announced that the new effective date will be decided when the project is closer to completion.

Key requirements of MFRS 9 are described as follows:

- All recognised financial assets that are within the scope of MFRS 139 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement to be subsequently measured at amortised cost or fair value. Specifically, debt investments that are held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, and that have contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding are generally measured at amortised cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. All other debt investments and equity investments are measured at their fair values at the end of subsequent accounting periods. In addition, under MFRS 9, entities may make an irrecoverable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of equity instrument (that is not held for trading) in other comprehensive income, with only dividend income generally recognised in profit or loss.
- With regard to the measurement of financial liabilities designated as at fair value through profit or loss, MFRS 9 requires that the amount of change in the fair value of the financial liability that is attributable to changes in the credit risk of that liability, is presented in other comprehensive income, unless the recognition of the effects of changes in the liability's credit risk in other comprehensive income would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch in profit or loss. Changes in fair value attributable to a financial liability's credit risk are not subsequently reclassified to profit or loss. Previously, under MFRS 139, the entire amount of the change in the fair value of the financial liability designated as at fair value through profit or loss was presented in profit or loss.

The Directors anticipate that the application of MFRS 9 would not have significant impact on amounts reported in respect of the Group's and the Company's financial assets and financial liabilities. However, it is not practicable to provide a reasonable estimate of the effect of MFRS 9 until a detailed review has been completed.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A) BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The financial statements of the Group and of the Company have been prepared under the historical cost basis unless otherwise indicated in the accounting policies stated below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these consolidated financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of MFRS 2, leasing transactions that are within the scope of MFRS 117, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in MFRS 102 or value in use in MFRS 136.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

A) BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (CONTINUED)

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- · Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The principal accounting policies are set out below.

B) BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and all its subsidiary companies, which are prepared up to the end of the same financial year.

Subsidiary companies are consolidated when the Company obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Company loses control of the subsidiary company.

The Company controls an investee if and only if the Company has all the following:

- (i) Power over the investee (i.e. existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee);
- (ii) Exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its investment with the investee; and
- (iii) The ability to use its power over the investee to affect its returns.

All intra-group balances, income and expenses and unrealised gains and losses resulting from intra-group transactions are eliminated in full.

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in subsidiary companies that do not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiary companies are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Group's interests and the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiary companies. The resulting difference is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owner of the Company.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary company, a gain or loss calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest; and (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary company and any non-controlling interest, is recognised in profit or loss. The subsidiary company's cumulative gain or loss which has been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity are reclassified to profit or loss or where applicable, transferred directly to retained profits. The fair value of any investment retained in the former subsidiary company at the date control is lost is regarded as the cost on initial recognition of the investment.

BUSINESS COMBINATIONS

Acquisitions of subsidiary companies are accounted for using the acquisition method. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the aggregate of the consideration transferred, measured at acquisition date fair value and the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree. The Group elects on a transaction-by-transaction basis whether to measure the non-controlling interests in the acquiree either at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. Transaction costs incurred are expensed and included in administrative expenses.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer will be recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Subsequent changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration which is deemed to be an asset or liability, will be recognised in accordance with MFRS 139 either in profit or loss or as a change to other comprehensive income. If the contingent consideration is classified as equity, it will not be remeasured. Subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity. In instances where the contingent consideration does not fall within the scope of MFRS 139, it is measured in accordance with the appropriate MFRS.

When the Group acquires a business, it assesses the financial assets and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic circumstances and pertinent conditions as at the acquisition date. This includes the separation of embedded derivatives in host contracts by the acquiree.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date through profit or loss.

Goodwill is initially measured at cost, being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred and the amount recognised for non-controlling interests over the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If this consideration is lower than fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is recognised in profit or loss.

C) REVENUE

Revenue is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable. Revenue of the Group represents advertising revenue which is recognised upon placement of the advertisement.

Revenue of the Company represents gross dividend income received and receivable. Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive dividend is established.

Interest is recognised on a time proportion basis that reflects the effective yield on the asset.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D) INCOME TAX

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year, calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Current tax for current and prior periods is recognised as a liability (or asset) to the extent that it is unpaid (or recoverable).

Deferred tax is provided for, using the "liability" method, on temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. In principle, deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits can be utilised. Deferred tax is not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction which is not a business combination and at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profits.

The carrying amount of the deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient future taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability settled, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Deferred tax is recognised in the statements of profit or loss, except when it arises from a transaction which is recognised directly in equity, in which case the deferred tax is also charged or credited directly in equity, or when it arises from a business combination that is an acquisition, in which case the deferred tax is included in the resulting goodwill.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net hasis

E) FOREIGN CURRENCY CONVERSION

i) Functional and presentation currency

The individual financial statements of each entity in the Group are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("the functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia, which is also the Company's functional currency.

ii) Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are converted into Ringgit Malaysia at the approximate exchange rates prevailing at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates prevailing at reporting date. All foreign exchange gains and losses are taken up in the statements of profit or loss.

F) EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Wages, salaries, paid annual leave, bonuses and non-monetary benefits are accrued in the year in which the associated services are rendered by employees of the Group and the Company.

The Group and the Company make statutory contributions to an approved provident fund and contributions are charged to the statements of profit or loss. Once the contributions have been paid, the Group and the Company have no further payment obligations. The approved provident fund is a defined contribution plan.

G) IMPAIRMENT OF NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS

The carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment and investment in subsidiary companies are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If such an indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An impairment loss is recognised whenever the carrying amount of an asset or its cash-generating unit ("CGU") exceeds its recoverable amount.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value-in-use. In assessing value-in-use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or CGU) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or CGU) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in the statements of profit or loss.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or CGU) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or CGU) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in the statements of profit or loss.

H) PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

H) PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment is computed on the straight-line method at the following annual rates based on the estimated useful lives of the various assets:

Plant and machinery

Office, factory equipment and air-conditioning system

Furniture, fittings and fixtures

Computers

Motor vehicles

Renovations

10% - 20%

10% - 25%

10% - 33%

20% - 25%

20% - 25%

The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at each year end, with the effect of any changes in estimates accounted for prospectively.

Gain or loss arising from the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the estimated net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, and is recognised in the statements of profit or loss.

I) PUBLISHING RIGHTS

Publishing rights are stated at cost less impairment losses.

For the purpose of impairment testing, publishing rights are allocated to the Group's CGU expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination. CGU to which the publishing rights have been allocated is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is an indication that the unit may be impaired.

If the recoverable amount of the CGU is less than the carrying amount of the unit, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any publishing rights allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit on a pro-rata basis of the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. An impairment loss recognised for publishing rights is not reversed in a subsequent period.

On disposal of the CGU, the attributable amount of publishing rights is included in the determination of the gain or loss on disposal.

J) LEASED ASSETS AND HIRE-PURCHASE ARRANGEMENTS

Assets under leases which in substance transfer the risks and benefits of ownership of the assets are capitalised under property, plant and equipment. The assets and the corresponding lease obligations are recorded at the fair value of the leased assets which approximates the present value of the minimum lease payments, at the beginning of the respective lease terms.

Finance costs, which represent the difference between the total leasing commitments and the fair value of the assets acquired, are charged to the statements of profit or loss over the term of the relevant lease period so as to give a constant periodic rate of charge on the remaining balance of the obligations for each accounting period. All other leases which do not meet such criteria are classified as operating leases and the related rentals are charged to the statements of profit or loss as incurred.

K) INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

Investment in subsidiary companies, which is eliminated on consolidation, is stated at cost in the Company's financial statements less impairment losses.

L) INVENTORIES

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted average method. The cost of inventories comprises the original purchase price plus cost incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. The cost of production materials comprises the cost of raw materials, direct labour and a proportion of production overheads. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less selling and distribution costs and all other estimated costs to completion.

M) PROVISIONS

Provisions are made when the Group and the Company have a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, when it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and when a reliable estimate of the amount can be made.

Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. Where the effect of the time value of money is material, the amount of provision is the present value of the expenditure expected to be required to settle the obligation.

N) STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

The Group and the Company adopt the direct method in the preparation of the statements of cash flows.

Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition and are readily convertible to cash with insignificant risk of change in value

O) EQUITY INSTRUMENTS

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Dividends on ordinary shares are recognised in equity in the period in which they are approved for payment.

ICPS which are non-cumulative in respect of dividend and convertible into ordinary shares at predetermined conversion rate within stipulated period, are classified as equity.

The transaction costs of an equity transaction are accounted for as a deduction from equity, net of tax. Equity transaction costs comprise only those incremental external costs directly attributable to the equity transaction which would otherwise have been avoided.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

P) FINANCIAL ASSETS

Financial assets are recognised in the statements of financial position when, and only when, the Group and the Company become a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument.

When financial assets are recognised initially, they are measured at fair value, plus, in the case of financial assets not at fair value through profit or loss, directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group and the Company determine the classification of their financial assets at initial recognition, and the categories include loans and receivables and available-for-sale financial assets.

i) Loans and receivables

Financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market are classified as loans and receivables.

Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Loans and receivables are classified as current assets, except for those having maturity dates later than 12 months after the reporting date which are classified as non-current.

ii) Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets that are designated as available for sale or are not classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables or held-to-maturity investments.

After initial recognition, available-for-sale financial assets are measured at fair value. Any gains or losses from changes in fair value of the financial asset are recognised in other comprehensive income, except that impairment losses, foreign exchange gains and losses on monetary instruments and interest calculated using the effective interest method are recognised in statements of profit or loss. The cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to statements of profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment when the financial asset is derecognised. Interest income calculated using the effective interest method is recognised in statements of profit or loss. Dividends on an available-for-sale equity instrument are recognised in statements of profit or loss when the Group's right to receive payment is established.

Investments in equity instruments whose fair value cannot be reliably measured are measured at cost less impairment loss.

Available-for-sale financial assets are classified as non-current assets unless they are expected to be realised within 12 months after the reporting date.

iii) Impairment of financial assets

The Group and the Company assess at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset is impaired.

To determine whether there is objective evidence that an impairment loss on financial assets has been incurred, the Group and the Company consider factors such as probability of insolvency or significant financial difficulties of the debtor and default or significant delay in payments. Objective evidence of impairment for a portfolio of receivables could include the Group's and the Company's past experience of collecting payments, an increase in the number of delayed payments in the portfolio past the average credit period and observable changes in national or local economic conditions that correlate with default on receivables.

If any such evidence exists, the amount of impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in statements of profit or loss.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. When a receivable becomes uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account.

If in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its amortised cost at the reversal date. The amount of reversal is recognised in statements of profit or loss.

When an available-for-sale financial asset is impaired, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified from equity to statements of profit or loss. In the case of investments in equity instrument classified as available-for-sale financial assets, any increase in fair value subsequent to impairment loss is not reversed through statements of profit or loss but recognised in other comprehensive income.

iv) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risk and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and any cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income is recognised in statements of profit or loss.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2014 (CONTINUED)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Q) FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

Financial liabilities are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability.

Financial liabilities, within the scope of MFRS 139, are recognised in the statements of financial position when, and only when, the Group and the Company become a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument.

Trade and other payables are recognised initially at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred, and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

Gains and losses are recognised in statements of profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised, and through the amortisation process.

i) Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is extinguished. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in statements of profit or loss.

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in Note 3, management is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

A) CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS IN APPLYING THE GROUP'S ACCOUNTING POLICIES

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, which are described in Note 3, management is of the opinion that there are no instances of application of judgement which are expected to have a significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

B) KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

Management believes that there are no key assumptions made concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year except for the following:

i) Impairment of publishing rights

The Group determines whether an asset is impaired by evaluating the extent to which the recoverable amount of an asset is less than its carrying amount. Recoverable amount is measured at the higher of the fair value less cost to sell for that asset and its value in use ("VIU"). The VIU is the net present value of the 5-year financial budgets derived from that asset discounted at an appropriate discount rate. The financial budgets are estimates made based on historical, sector and industry trends, general market and economic conditions and other available information.

The financial budgets are based on the Group's judgement in terms of assessing future uncertain parameters such as estimated revenue growth, operating costs, margins, future inflationary figures and other available information. These judgements are based on the historical track record and expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the current circumstances.

The carrying amount of publishing rights as at 30 April 2014 was RM48 million (2013: RM48 million). The estimation made in relation to the review of impairment of publishing rights are disclosed in Note 13.

ii) Deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unabsorbed capital allowances to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unabsorbed capital allowances can be utilised. Management judgement is required in determining the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based on the assessment of the probability of the future taxable profits.

Deferred tax assets recognised as at 30 April 2014 was RM1,753,000 (2013: RM569,000).

5. REVENUE

	The (The Group		mpany
	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000
Advertising revenue Gross dividends from:	58,715	51,423	-	-
- subsidiary company	-	-	-	3,304
- quoted investments	-	-	19	19
	58,715	51,423	19	3,323

6. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Segment information is presented in respect of the Group's business segments, which reflect the Group's internal reporting structure that are regularly reviewed by the Group's chief operating decision maker for the purposes of allocating resources to the segment and assessing its performance.

The Group is organised into the following operating divisions:

- investment holding
- publishing
- others

The Group 2014	Investment holding RM'000	Publishing RM'000	Others RM'000	Eliminations RM'000	Consolidated RM'000
Revenue					
Total revenue	19	58,718	-	(22)	58,715
Results					
Profit/(Loss) from operations	(609)	4,007	(5)	128	3,521
Results arising from			, ,		·
investing activities	(573)	104	-	-	(469)
Finance costs	-	(80)	-	-	(80)
Profit before tax					2,972
Income tax credit					1,119
Profit for the year					4,091
Other Information					
Capital expenditure	-	414	-	(2)	412
Depreciation of property,				, ,	
plant and equipment	3	937	-	-	940
Assets					
Segment assets	65,774	77,136	1,796	(38,463)	106,243
oogmont assets	05,114	77,130	1,730	(30,403)	100,243
Liabilities					
Segment liabilities	30,973	16,059	172	(40,619)	6,585

The Group 2013	Investment holding RM'000	Publishing RM'000	Others RM'000	Eliminations RM'000	Consolidated RM'000
Revenue					
Total revenue	3,323	51,426	-	(3,326)	51,423
Results					
Profit/(Loss) from operations	(1,197)	181	(5)	1,869	848
Results arising from					
investing activities	(64,788)	71	-	21,319	(43,398)
Finance costs	-	(123)	-	-	(123)
Loss before tax					(42,673)
Income tax expense					(875)
Loss for the year					(43,548)
Other Information					
Capital expenditure	-	178	-	-	178
Depreciation of property,					
plant and equipment	6	1,007	-	-	1,013
Assets					
Segment assets	68,380	72,844	1,798	(40,497)	102,525
205	33,000	12,044	2,100	(13,431)	102,020
Liabilities					
Segment liabilities	32,904	16,958	169	(42,525)	7,506

7. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

Directors' remuneration, which is included as part of the administrative expenses in the statements of profit or loss, is as follows:

	The	Group	The Company	
	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000
Executive director:				
- Emoluments	128	120	-	-
- Bonus	20	10	-	-
- Contributions to				
Employees Provident Fund	18	16	-	-
	166	146	-	-
Non-executive directors:				
- Fees	63	90	63	90
- Other emoluments	3	5	3	5
	232	241	66	95

8. FINANCE COSTS

	The	Group	The Company		
	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	
Interest expense:					
- hire-purchase	41	50	-	-	
- bank overdraft	30	30	-	-	
- bankers acceptance	9	43	-	-	
	80	123	-	-	

9. PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAX

Profit/(Loss) before tax is stated after charging/(crediting):

	The (Group	The Co	mpany
	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000
Cost of newsprint consumed	16,342	16,051	_	
Staff costs (Note a)	16,394	15,399	_	_
Depreciation of property,	10,004	10,000		
plant and equipment	940	1,013	3	6
Allowance for doubtful debts:	0.0	1,010		ŭ
- trade receivables	61	133	_	_
- other receivables	5	7	-	_
- amount owing by		·		
related parties	-	42	-	-
- amount owing by				
subsidiary company	-	-	128	1,869
Operating leases:				
- minimum lease				
payment of premises	599	599	-	-
- minimum lease				
payment of equipment	250	204	-	-
Auditors' remuneration:				
Statutory audit:-				
- current year	86	79	25	20
 (over)/underprovision in prior year 	(1)	(8)	5	-
Property, plant and				
equipment written off	1	-	1	-
Loss on foreign exchange	17	17	-	-
Loss on disposal of property,				
plant and equipment	19	-	-	-

Note a: Staff costs

Staff costs (excluding executive director's remuneration) are as follows:

	The (Group	The Company		
	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	
Salaries and wages	12,165	11,583	-	-	
Social security costs	128	125	-	-	
Retirement benefit:					
- Employees Provident Fund	1,543	1,436	-	-	
Other staff costs	2,558	2,255	-	-	
	16,394	15,399	-	-	

Note b: Other income

Other income includes mainly of the following:

	The C	Group	The Company		
	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	
Dividend income from					
quoted investments	506	503	-	-	
Interest income:					
- fixed and other deposits	114	71	9	-	
- quoted loan stocks	169	173	16	16	
Allowance for doubtful					
debts no longer required:					
- trade receivables	29	21	-	-	
- other receivables	250	-	-	-	
- amount owing by					
related parties	59	-	-	-	
Compensation received					
from a newsprint supplier	-	1,258	-	-	

9. PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAX (CONTINUED)

Note c: Impairment losses

Impairment losses consist of the following:

	The	Group	The Company	
	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000
Impairment loss in:				
- value of publishing rights	-	25,000	-	-
- investment in subsidiary				
companies	-	-	-	49,623
- investment in quoted shares	1,258	18,130	48	493
- investment in quoted loan				
stocks	-	634	-	60
- investment in quoted warrants	-	381	-	36
	1,258	44,145	48	50,212

10. INCOME TAX CREDIT/(EXPENSE)

	The C	Group	The Company		
	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	
Estimated tax (expense)/credit:					
- Current year	(64)	2	-	(767)	
- Underprovision in prior year	(1)	-	(3)	-	
	(65)	2	(3)	(767)	
Deferred tax (Note 16):					
 Relating to origination/(reversal) 					
of temporary differences	1,753	(744)	-	-	
- Realisation of deferred tax assets	(569)	(133)	-	-	
	1,184	(877)	-	-	
	1,119	(875)	(3)	(767	

A reconciliation of income tax credit/(expense) applicable to profit/(loss) before tax at the applicable statutory income tax rate to income tax credit/(expense) at the effective income tax rate is as follows:

	The	Group	The Co	mpany
	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000
Profit/(Loss) before tax	2,972	(42,673)	(600)	(49,206)
Tax credit/(expense) at applicable statutory tax rate of 25% Tax effects of:	(743)	10,668	150	12,302
Expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable profit Income that are not taxable	(531)	(11,240)	(155)	(13,074)
in determining taxable profit Underprovision in prior year	189 (1)	441	5 (3)	5
Recognition on previously unrecognised deferred tax assets	452	-	-	-
Deferred tax relating to origination/ (reversal) of temporary differences	1,753	(744)	-	-
Income tax credit/ (expense) for the year	1,119	(875)	(3)	(767)

11. EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER SHARE

	The (Group
	2014	2013
Basic		
Profit/(Loss) attributable to owners of the Company (RM'000)	4,091	(43,548)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares of RM0.80 each in issue ('000)		
(inclusive of mandatorily convertible instruments)	234,029	235,070
Basic earnings/(loss) per share (sen)	1.75	(18.53

Fully Diluted

Diluted earnings/(loss) per share is not presented as the warrants, if exercised, would have an anti-dilutive effect on the earnings/(loss) per share.

12. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

The Group	Plant and machinery RM'000	Office, factory equipment and air- conditioning system RM'000	Furniture, fittings and fixtures RM'000	Computers RM'000	Motor vehicles RM'000	Renovations RM'000	Total RM'000
Cost			2.				
At 1 May 2012	20,984	1,579	31	8,134	1,459	779	32,966
Additions	19	39	17	64	-	39	178
Disposals	-	-	-	(2)	-	-	(2)
At 30 April 2013/ 1 May 2013	21,003	1,618	48	8,196	1,459	818	33,142
Additions	-	42	6	258	-	106	412
Disposals	(45)	(1)	-	(163)	-	-	(209)
Written off	-	(8)	-	(162)	-	-	(170)
At 30 April 2014	20,958	1,651	54	8,129	1,459	924	33,175
Accumulated Depreciation At 1 May 2012	19,712	1,026	6	6,182	765	633	28,324
Charge for the year	175	112	4	405	231	86	1,013
At 30 April 2013/ 1 May 2013	19,887	1,138	10	6,587	996	719	29,337
Charge for the year	172	107	5	408	209	39	940
Disposals	(25)	-	-	(158)	-	-	(183)
Written off	-	(7)	-	(162)	-	-	(169)
At 30 April 2014	20,034	1,238	15	6,675	1,205	758	29,925
Net Book Value At 30 April 2014	924	413	39	1,454	254	166	3,250
At 30 April 2013	1,116	480	38	1,609	463	99	3,805

The Company	Office equipment RM'000
Cost	
At 1 May 2012/30 April 2013/1 May 2013	99
Written off	(81)
At 30 April 2014	18
Accumulated Depreciation	
At 1 May 2012	88
Charge for the year	6
At 30 April 2013/1 May 2013	94
Charge for the year	3
Written off	(80)
At 30 April 2014	17
Net Book Value	
At 30 April 2014	1
At 30 April 2013	5

Included in property, plant and equipment of the Group are plant and machinery and motor vehicles with the carrying value of RM253,820 (2013: RM752,101) acquired under hire-purchase arrangements.

13. PUBLISHING RIGHTS

	The	Group
	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000
Cost		
At 1 May/30 April	113,705	113,705
Accumulated Impairment Loss		
At 1 May	65,705	40,705
Recognised during the year	-	25,000
At 30 April	65,705	65,705
λι 30 Αρι ίι	03,103	
Net Carrying Amount	48,000	48,000

Publishing rights acquired in a business combination is allocated to the cash generating unit ("CGU") that is expected to benefit from the business combination.

The Group tests the CGU for impairment annually or more frequently if there are indications that CGU might be impaired.

During the previous financial year, the Group recognised an impairment in value of publishing rights amounting to RM25,000,000 based on projected future cash flows from the CGU.

13. PUBLISHING RIGHTS (CONTINUED)

Key Assumptions Used in Value-In-Use ("VIU") Calculations

The recoverable amount of the CGU is determined based on VIU calculations. VIU is calculated based on financial budgets covering 5-year period. The following describes each key assumption on which management has based its cash flow projections for VIU calculations:

(i) Budgeted gross margin

The basis used to determine the value assigned to the budgeted gross margin is the average gross margin achieved in the year immediately before the budgeted year adjusted for expected efficiency improvements, market and economic conditions and internal resource efficiency, where applicable.

(ii) Growth rate

The long-term annual growth rate of 1.36% (2013: 5.2%) used is consistent with the average long-term annual growth rate for this similar industry.

(iii) Discount rate

The discount rate used for identified CGU is on a basis that reflect specific risks relating to the CGU. The discount rate applied to cash flows is 12.33% (2013: 10.50%).

Sensitivity to Changes in Assumptions

With regard to the assessment of value-in-use of the CGU, should the discount rate increase by 1.00% or growth rate reduce by 1.00%, and other key assumptions remain constant, the carrying value of publishing rights would decrease by RM7,092,000 and RM5,005,000 respectively.

However, the directors are of the opinion that the impact of such changes would have minimal impact on the valuation of publishing rights as the valuation was based on conservative estimates which do not take into account the full effect of savings from cost reduction initiatives and the possible increase in advertising revenue.

14. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

Investment in subsidiary companies consists of:

	The Company	
	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000
Unquoted Shares at Cost		
At 1 May/30 April	241,420	241,420
Accumulated Impairment Loss		
At 1 May Recognised during the year	164,623	115,000 49,623
At 30 April	164,623	164,623
Net Carrying Amount	76,797	76,797

The details of subsidiary companies, all incorporated in Malaysia, are as follows:

	Effective Eq	uity Interest	
Name of Company	2014 %	2013 %	Principal Activities
Gemtech (M) Sdn. Bhd.	100	100	Investment holding. Temporary ceased operations.
Nexnews Channel Sdn. Bhd.	100	100	Property holding. Ceased operations.
Sun Media Corporation Sdn. Bhd.	100	100	Publication, printing and distribution of daily newspaper.
Moves & Shakes Sdn. Bhd.	100	100	Promoters and organisers of events, seminars, workshops, concerts and others. Ceased operations.

Composition of the Group

Information about the composition of the Group at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

Principal Activity	Place of Incorporation and Operation	Number of Wholly-owned Subsidiaries		
	Operation	2014	2013	
Investment holding	Malaysia	1	1	
Publishing	Malaysia	1	1	
Others	Malaysia	2	2	
		4	4	
	· —			

15. OTHER INVESTMENTS

	The C	iroup	The Co	mpany
	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000
Available-for-sale Financial Assets				
Quoted investment in Malaysia:				
Shares	25,299	26,516	941	988
Loan stock	2,385	2,030	223	190
Warrants	491	339	46	32
	28,175	28,885	1,210	1,210
Unquoted investment:				
Shares, at cost	4,200	4,200	-	-
Less: Impairment loss	(4,200)	(4,200)	-	-
	-	-	-	-
	28,175	28,885	1,210	1,210

As at 30 April 2014, investment in quoted shares in Malaysia with carrying values of RM7,920,000 (2013: RM8,320,000) of the Group and RM495,000 (2013: RM520,000) of the Company are pledged to a financial institution for credit facility granted to a subsidiary company.

16. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS

	The	Group
	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000
At 1 May	569	1,446
Recognised in statements of profit or loss (Note 10) - Unabsorbed capital allowances - Unused tax losses	(569) 1,753	(877)
At 30 April	1,753	569

The following amounts, presented after appropriate offsetting, are shown in the statements of financial position:

	The C	Group
	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000
Deferred tax assets Deferred tax liabilities	2,157 (404)	1,010 (441)
	1,753	569

Certain deferred tax assets and liabilities have been offset in accordance with the Group's accounting policy. The following is the analysis of the deferred tax assets/(liabilities) balance (after offsetting):

	The (Group
	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000
Deferred tax assets (before offsetting)		
Unused tax losses	58,246	58,419
Unabsorbed capital allowances	-	1,161
	58,246	59,580
Deferred tax assets not recognised	(56,089)	(58,570)
	2,157	1,010
Offsetting	(404)	(441)
Deferred tax assets recognised (after offsetting)	1,753	569
Deferred tax liabilities (before offsetting)		
Temporary differences arising from property, plant and equipment	(404)	(441)
Offsetting	404	441
Deferred tax liabilities (after offsetting)	-	-

As mentioned in Note 3, the tax effects of deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unabsorbed capital allowances which would give rise to net deferred tax asset are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unabsorbed capital allowances can be utilised. As at 30 April 2014, the estimated amount of unused tax losses and unabsorbed capital allowances of the Group are as follows:

	The	Group
	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000
Unused tax losses	232,983	233,675
Unabsorbed capital allowances	-	4,644
	232,983	238,319

The unused tax losses and unabsorbed capital allowances are subject to agreement with the tax authorities.

17. INVENTORIES

	The	Group
	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000
At cost:		
Raw materials	6,890	4,443
Production materials	66	68
Consumables	433	360
	7,389	4,871

18. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

Trade and other receivables consist of the following:

		The G	roup	The Co	mpany
	Note	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000
Trade receivables	(a)				
Third parties		8,565	8,920	-	-
Less: Allowance for doubtful debts		(1,789)	(1,757)	-	-
Trade receivables, net		6,776	7,163	-	-
Other receivables	(b)				
Other receivables	(- /	3,402	3,580	-	-
Prepaid expenses		523	449	28	39
Refundable deposits		646	638	-	-
		4,571	4,667	28	39
Less: Allowance for doubtful debts		(3,083)	(3,328)		_
Other receivables, net		1,488	1,339	28	39
Amount owing by related parties	(c)	951	1,702	_	_
Less: Allowance for doubtful debts	(0)	-	(59)		-
Amount owing by related parties, net		951	1,643	-	-
		9,215	10,145	28	39

(A) TRADE RECEIVABLES

The credit period granted to customers ranges from 90 to 120 days (2013: 90 to 120 days).

The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances.

The Group has no significant concentration of credit risk that may arise from exposures to single receivable or to group or groups of receivables.

 $\label{eq:local_equal_equal} \mbox{All trade receivables are denominated and receivable in Ringgit\ Malaysia.}$

Ageing analysis of trade receivables

The ageing analysis of the Group's trade receivables is as follows:

	The G	iroup
	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000
At net:		
Neither past due nor impaired	5,944	7,026
Past due but not impaired	832	137
	6,776	7,163
<u>Trade receivables that are impaired</u>	The G	iroup
	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000
Trade receivables that are past due and impaired	1,789	1,757
Movement in allowance for doubtful debts:		
	The	Group

	1110	The Group		
	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000		
At 1 May	1,757	1,645		
Allowance for the year	61	133		
Reversal	(29)	(21)		
At 30 April	1,789	1,757		

(B) OTHER RECEIVABLES

Movement in allowance for doubtful debts:

	The	Group
	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000
At 1 May	3,328	3,321
Allowance for the year	5	7
Reversal	(250)	-
At 30 April	3,083	3,328

All other receivables are denominated and receivable in Ringgit Malaysia.

18. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

(C) AMOUNT OWING BY RELATED PARTIES

Movement in allowance for doubtful debts:

	The Group		
	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	
At 1 May	59	17	
Allowance for the year	-	42	
Reversal	(59)	-	
At 30 April	-	59	

Nature of relationship with related parties is disclosed in Note 20.

Amount owing by related parties, which arose from trade transactions, is unsecured and the credit period granted ranges from 90 to 120 days (2013: 90 to 120 days). The net amount owing by related parties at the reporting date is neither past due nor impaired.

19. AMOUNT OWING BY/(TO) SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

	The Co	The Company		
	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000		
Amount owing by subsidiary companies	38,822	39,925		
Less: Allowance for doubtful debts	(2,158)	(2,030)		
	36,664	37,895		

Movement in allowance for doubtful debts:

	The Company		
	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	
At 1 May	2,030	161	
Allowance for the year	128	1,869	
At 30 April	2,158	2,030	

	The C	The Company		
	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000		
Amount owing to a subsidiary company	1,797	1,797		

Amount owing by/(to) subsidiary companies, which arose mainly from expenses paid on behalf and interest-free advances, is unsecured and repayable on demand.

20. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Related parties are entities, excluding related companies, which have common directors and/or shareholders with the Company or its subsidiary companies and/or are related to certain directors of the Company.

During the financial year, significant transactions undertaken between the Group and the Company with related parties, which are negotiated on a basis determined between the said parties, are as follows:

		The G	iroup
		2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000
Advertising revenue received/receivable from: - A deemed substantial shareholder and its subsidiary companies - companies related to a substantial shareholder	(a) (b)	2,646 2,095	3,937 1,520
Purchase of goods and services from: - a subsidiary company of a deemed substantial shareholder - companies related to a substantial shareholder	(a) (b)	129 865	22 575
Rental paid/payable to: - a subsidiary company of a deemed substantial shareholder - a company related to a substantial shareholder	(a) (b)	545 15	545 15
Management fees payable to a deemed substantial shareholder	(a)	120	120
Share registration services rendered by a subsidiary company of a deemed substantial shareholder	(a)	61	65
Security charges paid/payable to a subsidiary company of a deemed substantial shareholder	(a)	47	47
Writer's fees payable to a related party	(c)	19	17

		The Company		
		2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	
Management fees payable to a deemed substantial shareholder	(a)	120	120	
Share registration services rendered by a subsidiary company of a deemed substantial shareholder	(a)	61	65	

20. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

Nature of Relationship

- (a) These include a deemed substantial shareholder, Berjaya Corporation Berhad ("BCorp") and its subsidiary companies. Dato' Robin Tan Yeong Ching ("DRT") is the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer and a deemed substantial shareholder of BCorp.
- (b) These companies are deemed related parties by virtue of the interests of Tan Sri Dato' Seri Vincent Tan Chee Yioun ("TSVT") in these companies. TSVT is a substantial shareholder of both the Company and BCorp and is the father of DRT.
- (c) Datuk Seri Azman Bin Ujang is a related party by virtue of his directorship in Berjaya Media Berhad.

The remunerations of the key management personnel, which are the remuneration of the directors of the Group and of the Company, are disclosed in Note 7. All other significant related party balances have been disclosed under Notes 18, 23 and 24.

21. SHARE CAPITAL

Share capital is represented by:

	The Group and The Company			
	Number of shares		Amou	int
	2014 '000	2013 '000	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000
Authorised:				
Ordinary shares of RM0.80 each	587,500	587,500	470,000	470,000
Irredeemable Convertible Preference Shares of RMO.10 each ("ICPS")	300,000	300,000	30,000	30,000
Total	300,000	300,000	500,000	500,000
Issued and Fully Paid: Ordinary Shares At 1 May Issued during the financial year: - conversion of ICPS At 30 April	232,947 2,138 235,085	232,902 45 232,947	186,357 1,711 188,068	186,321 36 186,357
Irredeemable Convertible Preference Shares of RM0.10 each ("ICPS")				
At 1 May	1,967	2,009	197	201
Conversion to ordinary shares during the financial year	(1,967)	(42)	(197)	(4)
At 30 April	-	1,967	-	197
Total as at 30 April			188,068	186,554

The new ordinary shares issued rank pari passu with the then existing ordinary shares of the Company.

ICPS

The salient features of the ICPS were as follows:

- (a) ICPS were unsecured and ranked pari passu without discrimination or preference as unsecured obligations of the Company and were subordinated to and ranked (subject to such exceptions as may from time to time exist under prevailing law) after all other secured and unsecured obligations of the Company;
- (b) the registered holders of the ICPS had the right to convert the ICPS at the following conversion price into new Berjaya Media Berhad's shares after and including on the first anniversary of the date of the issuance of the ICPS up to and including the maturity date (i.e. the business day immediately before the tenth anniversary) of the ICPS:

Number of ICPS required in order to convert into one (1) ordinary share:	As per trust deed	As revised on 7 May 2009
On and after the 1st anniversary	1.35	Not applicable
On and after the 2nd anniversary	1.31	Not applicable
On and after the 3rd anniversary	1.27	Not applicable
On and after the 4th anniversary	1.23	Not applicable
On and after the 5th anniversary	1.19	1.03
On and after the 6th anniversary	1.15	1.00
On and after the 7th anniversary	1.12	0.97
On and after the 8th anniversary	1.09	0.94
On and after the 9th anniversary	1.06	0.92

- (c) all the new ordinary shares of RMO.80 each credited as fully paid were issued upon the conversion of the ICPS and, upon allotment and issue, ranked pari passu in all respects with the then existing ordinary shares of the Company, except that they were not entitled to any dividends, rights, allotments or other distributions declared prior to the date of allotment of the said new shares; and
- (d) except with the consent or sanction of the holders, no further preference shares were issued by the Company ranking prior to or pari passu with the preference shares nor the capital of the Company were reduced and the rights and privileges of the holders of such shares were not altered without such consent.

On 30 October 2013, all the outstanding ICPS were mandatorily converted into ordinary shares upon maturity on the basis of 0.92 unit of ICPS for 1 unit of ordinary share.

21. SHARE CAPITAL (CONTINUED)

Warrants

	The Group and The Company		
	2014 Units	2013 Units	
At 1 May and 30 April	56,126,564	56,126,564	

The salient features of the Warrants are as follows:

- (a) each Warrant carries the entitlement to subscribe for one (1) new ordinary share of RM0.80 each in the share capital of the Company at an exercise price of RM0.87 and is subject to any adjustments made in accordance with the provisions of the Deed Poll dated 19 October 2006 governing the Warrants; and
- (b) the Warrants are exercisable commencing on and including the date of issuance of the Warrants. All Warrants not exercised before the expiry date of 18 December 2016, being a date ten (10) years from the issuance of the Warrants will thereafter lapse and cease to be valid.

22. RESERVES

	The G	The Group		mpany
	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000
Non-distributable Reserve:				
Share premium	3,470	4,984	3,470	4,984
Fair value adjustment reserve	590	42	48	-
	4,060	5,026	3,518	4,984
Accumulated losses	(92,470)	(96,561)	(77,999)	(77,396)
	(88,410)	(91,535)	(74,481)	(72,412)

The movements of share premium are as follows:

		Group Company
	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000
Share Premium		
At 1 May	4,984	5,016
Conversion of ICPS into new ordinary shares	(1,514)	(32)
At 30 April	3,470	4,984

23. HIRE-PURCHASE PAYABLES

	The C	Group
	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000
Balance outstanding	260	536
Interest-in-suspense	(42)	(83)
Principal portion	218	453
Analysed as follows: Within the next 12 months (included under current liabilities)	94	235
Between 1 - 2 years	94	94
Between 2 - 5 years	30	124
After the next 12 months	124	218
Total	218	453

The interest rate implicit in these hire-purchase obligations is 3.88% (2013: 2.85% to 4.50%) per annum.

Included in the hire-purchase payables in previous financial year is an amount of RM43,323 owing to a subsidiary company of a corporate shareholder.

24. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	The Group		The Co	mpany
	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000
Financial liabilities				
Trade payables	1,554	1,050	-	-
Other payables	431	278	-	-
Accrued expenses	3,571	3,845	131	156
Amount owing to a former director	315	315	-	-
	5,871	5,488	131	156
Non-financial liabilities				
Tax payable	8	3	-	-
	5,879	5,491	131	156

The credit period granted to the Group of the trade purchases ranges from 90 to 120 days (2013: 90 to 120 days).

Included in the trade payables is an amount of RM323,578 (2013: RM Nil) owing to a related party.

Amount owing to a former director, which arose mainly from unsecured advances, is interest-free and is repayable on demand.

All trade and other payables are denominated and payable in Ringgit Malaysia.

25. SHORT TERM BORROWING

	The	Group
	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000
Secured		
Banker acceptance		1,562

In the previous financial year, the banker acceptance was secured by pledge of quoted investments of the Company and a subsidiary company and bore effective interest rate of 4.60% to 4.70% per annum.

26. CASH AND BANK BALANCES

	The G	The Group		mpany
	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000
Fixed deposits with licensed banks	4,753	2,000	752	-
Cash on hand and at banks	3,708	4,179	63	78
	8,461	6,179	815	78

Fixed deposits with licensed banks earn interest at rates ranging from 1.80% to 3.20% (2013: 1.80% to 2.40%) per annum. Fixed deposits have an average maturity ranging from 2 to 91 days (2013: 3 to 43 days).

27. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

	The	The Group 2014 2013		
	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000		
Legal cases	585,474	30,474		

Ganad Media Sdn. Bhd. and Gan Kok Beng ("Ganad Plaintiffs") filed a Statement of Claim dated 8 June 2009 against SunMedia, its journalist and Editor-in-Chief ("Ganad Defendants") alleging that they were defamed by reason of articles published in theSun. The Ganad Plaintiffs were claiming for damages of RM14.0 million together with interest and cost. The High Court dismissed the Ganad Plaintiffs' claim on 29 April 2014. The Ganad Plaintiffs have subsequently filed an appeal and the matter was fixed for case management on 24 July 2014.

Dato' Abdul Halim Ali and Brightmark Sdn. Bhd. ("BSB Plaintiffs") filed a Statement of Claim dated 25 November 2009 against SunMedia and its journalist ("BSB Defendants") alleging that they were defamed by reason of articles published in theSun and its webpage. The BSB Plaintiffs were claiming damages for the sum of RM16.5 million together with interest and cost. The trial of this case has completed and the parties have been directed to file their respective written submissions. The matter was fixed for case management on 8 August 2014.

Asia Pacific Higher Learning Sdn. Bhd. ("APHLSB") and Wan Mazlan Bin Mohamed Woojdy ("WMBMW") filed a Statement of Claim against SunMedia on 14 November 2013 and 15 November 2013 respectively for defamation by reason of articles published in theSun and its webpage. APHLSB and WMBMW are seeking an unconditional written apology, an injunction restraining SunMedia, and/or its agents from giving comments, repeating and/or causing the publication or words and/or any statement that is defamatory in nature against APHLSB and WMBMW. APHLSB and WMBMW are claiming damages of RM550 million and RM5 million respectively, together with interest and cost. SunMedia filed in their Statement of Defence on 5 February 2014. The matter was fixed for case management on 25 August 2014.

Based on legal advice, the directors do not expect the related claims of the above cases to crystallise.

28. LEASE COMMITMENTS

	The (Group
	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000
Non-cancellable operating lease commitments as lessee		
- Not later than 1 year	449	597
- Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	308	731
	757	1,328

The Group entered into operating leases which represent rental payable for use of premises and equipments.

29. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

29.1 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The operations of the Group are subject to a variety of financial risks, including foreign currency risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, liquidity risk, cash flow risk and market risk. The Group has taken measures to minimise its exposure to risks and/or costs associated with the financing, investing and operating activities of the Group.

The following sections provide details regarding the Group's and Company's exposure to the above-mentioned financial risks and the objectives, policies and processes for the management of these risks.

(a) Foreign Currency Risk

The Group undertakes trade transactions with a number of foreign companies, where amounts owing are exposed to currency translation risks. Foreign exchange exposures are kept to a minimal level.

As at the reporting date, the Group does not have any foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities.

29. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

29.1 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(b) Interest Rate Risk

The Group's primary interest rate risks relate to interest bearing assets and interest bearing borrowings.

The Group's interest bearing assets are mainly fixed deposits with licensed banks and financial institutions. The Group manages the interest rate risk of its deposits with licensed banks by placing them at the most competitive interest rates obtainable, which yield better returns than cash at bank. The interest bearing assets are not held for speculative purposes.

The Group's interest bearing borrowings are mainly bankers acceptance and hire purchase facilities. Borrowings at floating rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. Borrowings at fixed rates expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk. The Group manages its interest rate exposure by maintaining a mix of fixed and floating rate borrowings.

The carrying amounts, the range of applicable interest rates during the year and the remaining maturities of the Group's and the Company's financial instruments that are exposed to interest rate risk are disclosed in Notes 25 and 26.

(c) Credit Risk

The Group is exposed to credit risk mainly from trade receivables. Trade receivables are monitored closely on an on-going basis through management reporting procedures.

The Group extends credit to its customers based upon careful evaluation of the customers' financial condition and credit history.

The Group has no significant concentration of credit risk, with exposure spread over a large number of counterparties and customers.

The Group's credit risk on cash and bank balances is limited as the Group places its fund with reputable financial institutions with high credit ratings.

The Company provides secured financial guarantees to a financial institution and a hire-purchase financier for credit facilities granted to its subsidiary company. The Company monitors on an ongoing basis the financial results and repayments made by the subsidiary company.

The Company's maximum exposure to the aforesaid credit risk amounts to RM8,500,000 (2013: RM8,812,000), representing the total credit facilities granted to the subsidiary company.

The financial guarantees have not been recognised since the fair value on initial recognition is not material. As at the reporting date, there were no indications that the subsidiary company would default on repayment.

As at the reporting date, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk are mainly trade receivables balances as reported in statements of financial position.

(d) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group and the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting financial obligations. The Group's and the Company's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of stand-by credit facilities.

The Group actively manages its operating cash flows and the availability of funding so as to ensure that all funding needs are met. As part of its overall prudent liquidity management, the Group maintains the availability of funding through adequate amount of committed credit facilities.

Analysis of financial instruments by remaining contractual maturities

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Group's and the Company's liabilities at the reporting date based on contractual undiscounted repayment obligations.

	On demand or within 1 year RM'000	1 to 5 years RM'000	Total RM'000
2014			
The Group			
Financial liabilities			
Trade and other payables	5,871	-	5,871
Hire-purchase payables	112_	148_	260_
Total undiscounted financial liabilities	5,983	148	6,131
The Company			
Financial liabilities			
Trade and other payables	131	-	131
Amount owing to a subsidiary company	1,797	-	1,797
Total undiscounted financial liabilities	1,928	-	1,928
	On demand		
	or within 1 year RM'000	1 to 5 years RM'000	Total RM'000
2013	year	years	
The Group	year	years	
	year	years	
The Group Financial liabilities Trade and other payables	year	years	
The Group Financial liabilities Trade and other payables Hire-purchase payables	year RM'000 5,488 275	years	RM'000 5,488 536
The Group Financial liabilities Trade and other payables Hire-purchase payables Short-term borrowing	year RM'000 5,488 275 1,562	years RM'000	5,488 536 1,562
The Group Financial liabilities Trade and other payables Hire-purchase payables	year RM'000 5,488 275	years RM'000	RM'000 5,488 536
The Group Financial liabilities Trade and other payables Hire-purchase payables Short-term borrowing	year RM'000 5,488 275 1,562	years RM'000	5,488 536 1,562
The Group Financial liabilities Trade and other payables Hire-purchase payables Short-term borrowing Total undiscounted financial liabilities	year RM'000 5,488 275 1,562	years RM'000	5,488 536 1,562
The Group Financial liabilities Trade and other payables Hire-purchase payables Short-term borrowing Total undiscounted financial liabilities The Company	year RM'000 5,488 275 1,562	years RM'000	5,488 536 1,562
The Group Financial liabilities Trade and other payables Hire-purchase payables Short-term borrowing Total undiscounted financial liabilities The Company Financial liabilities	year RM'000 5,488 275 1,562 7,325	years RM'000	5,488 536 1,562 7,586

(e) Cash Flows Risk

The Group reviews its cash flow position regularly to manage its exposure to fluctuations in future cash flows associated with its monetary financial instruments.

29. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

29.1 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(f) Market Price Risk

Market price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of the Group's and the Company's financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market prices (other than interest or exchange rates).

The Group and the Company are exposed to equity price risk arising from its investment in quoted equity instruments. The quoted equity investments are listed on the Bursa Malaysia and classified as available-for-sale financial assets based on the purpose for which the quoted equity investments were acquired.

Sensitivity analysis for equity price risk

As at the reporting date, if the price of the Group's and the Company's quoted equity investments in Bursa Malaysia had been 5% higher or lower, with all other variables held constant, the Group's and the Company's fair value reserve in equity would have been RM1,409,000 (2013: RM1,444,000) and RM61,000 (2013: RM61,000) higher and lower respectively, arising as a result of an increase and decrease in the fair value of equity instruments classified as available-for-sale.

29.2 (a) SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Details of the significant accounting policies and methods adopted (including the criteria for recognition, the basis of measurement and the basis for recognition of income and expenses), for each class of financial asset, financial liability and equity instrument are disclosed in Note 3.

29.2 (b) CLASSIFICATION OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

		The G	iroup	The Co	mpany
	Note	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000
Financial assets					
Loans and receivables					
Trade and other receivables	18	8,692	9,696	-	-
Amount owing by subsidiary companies	19		-	36,664	37,895
		8,692	9,696	36,664	37,895
Cash and bank balances	26	8,461	6,179	815	78
		17,153	15,875	37,479	37,973
Available-for-sale					
Other investments	15	28,175	28,885	1,210	1,210
Financial liabilities					
Trade and other payables	24	5,871	5,488	131	156
Amount owing to a subsidiary company	19	-	-	1,797	1,797
Hire-purchase payables	23	218	453	-	-
Short term borrowing	25	-	1,562	-	-
		6,089	7,503	1,928	1,953

29.3 FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(a) Fair value of financial assets that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis

As at the reporting date, the Group and the Company held the following financial instruments carried at fair values in the statements of financial position:

	The Group		The Company	
	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000
Fair Value Hierarchy - Level 1 Available-for-sale financial assets:				
Quoted investments	28,175	28,885	1,210	1,210

The fair value of the financial assets are based on quoted price listed in the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

(b) Fair value of financial assets and liabilities that are not measured at fair value on a recurring basis Financial instruments that are recognised at amortised cost and whose carrying amounts are reasonable approximation of fair value are as follows:

	<u>Note</u>	
Trade and other receivables	18	*
Trade and other payables	24	*
Short term borrowing	25	٨
Fixed deposits with licensed banks	26	*
Cash on hand and at banks	26	*
Hire purchase payables	23	@
Amount owing by subsidiary companies	19	#
Amount owing to a subsidiary company	19	#

- * The carrying amounts of these financial assets and liabilities are reasonable approximation of fair values as they are either within the normal credit terms or they have short maturity period.
- ^ The carrying amount of short term borrowing are reasonable approximation of fair value as it is a floating rate instrument that are re-priced to market interest rates on or near the reporting date.
- @ The fair values of hire purchase payables are estimated by discounting expected future cash flows at market incremental lending rate for similar types of lending, borrowings or leasing arrangements at the reporting date.
- # The carrying amounts of these financial assets and liabilities are reasonable approximation of fair values as they are repayable on demand.

As at 30 April 2014, the Company provided corporate guarantees amounting to RM8,500,000 (2013: RM8,812,000) to a financial institution for credit facilities obtained by its subsidiary company. As at reporting date, the fair value of the corporate guarantee is immaterial. The fair value of the corporate guarantee is determined based on probability weighted discounted cash flow method. The probability has been estimated and assigned for the following key assumptions:

- the likelihood of the guaranteed party defaulting within the guaranteed period;
- the estimated loss exposure (after taking into consideration of the estimated value of asset pledged), if the party guaranteed was to default.

30. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to ensure that it maintains a strong credit rating and healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximise shareholder value.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholder, return capital to shareholder or issue new shares. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes during the years ended 30 April 2014 and 2013.

The Group monitors capital using a ratio, calculated based on net debt divided by total equity plus net debt (hereinafter referred to as "Debt Equity Ratio"). The Group's policy is to keep the Debt Equity Ratio of less than 0.5 time. The Group includes within net debt, loans and borrowings, trade and other payables, less cash and bank balances. Equity includes equity attributable to the shareholders of the Company.

		The G	iroup	The Co	mpany
	Note	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000
Short term borrowing	25	-	1,562	-	-
Hire-purchase payables	23	218	453	-	-
Trade and other payables	24	5,879	5,491	131	156
Amount owing to a subsidiary company	19	-	-	1,797	1,797
Less: Cash and bank balances	26	(8,461)	(6,179)	(815)	(78)
Net debt		-	1,327	1,113	1,875
Equity attributable to the owners of the Company, representing					
total equity		99,658	95,019	113,587	114,142
Equity and net debt		99,658	96,346	114,700	116,017
Debt Equity Ratio		-	0.01	0.01	0.02

31. MATERIAL LITIGATION

During the previous financial year, Sun Media Corporation Sdn. Bhd. ("SunMedia"), the principal subsidiary company of the Company has taken legal action against The Nielsen Company (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd. ("Nielsen") for defamation arising out of readership data of theSun newspaper published in the Nielsen Media Index. SunMedia is seeking among other reliefs, general damages for defamation and special damages for loss of profits. Nielsen has also made a counterclaim against Sun Media for allegedly publishing articles defamatory of Nielsen. The matter is now being case managed by the High Court, with the next case management fixed on 7 August 2014. Based on the legal advice, the directors are of the opinion that there is a reasonable prospect of success in the claim against Nielsen and for SunMedia to defend against Nielsen's counterclaim.

32. RECLASSIFICATION OF COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Certain comparative figures in the statement of profit or loss as at 30 April 2013 have been reclassified to conform to the presentation in the current year as follows:

	The Group			
	As previously reported RM'000	Reclassification RM'000	As reclassified RM'000	
Administrative expenses Other expenses	(1,512) (15,236)	(15,219) 15,219	(16,731) (17)	

		The Company				
	As previously reported RM'000	Reclassification RM'000	As reclassified RM'000			
Administrative expenses	(95)	(369)	(464)			
Other expenses	(2,238)	369	(1,869)			

33. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - DISCLOSURE ON REALISED AND UNREALISED PROFIT/LOSSES

The breakdown of the accumulated losses of the Group and of the Company as at 30 April 2014 into realised and unrealised profits or losses is presented in accordance with the directive issued by Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad dated 25 March 2010 and prepared in accordance with Guidance on Special Matter No.1, Determination of Realised and Unrealised Profits or Losses in the Context of Disclosure Pursuant to Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad, as issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants.

	The Group		The Company	
	2014 2013 RM'000 RM'000		2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000
Total accumulated losses of the				
Company and its subsidiaries:				
Realised losses	(367,782)	(370,561)	(77,999)	(77,396)
Unrealised profit	1,753	569	-	-
	(366,029)	(369,992)	(77,999)	(77,396)
Consolidation adjustments	273,559	273,431	-	-
Total accumulated losses				
as per statements of financial				
position	(92,470)	(96,561)	(77,999)	(77,396)

These supplementary information have been made solely for complying with the disclosure requirements as stipulated in the directive of Bursa Malaysia and is not made for any other purposes.

RECURRENT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS OF A REVENUE OR TRADING NATURE FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 APRIL 2014

Berjaya Media Berhad ("BMedia") Group with the following Related Parties	Nature of transactions	Amount transacted during the financial period (RM'000)
Berjaya Corporation Berhad ("BCorp") and its	Nature of transactions	ponea (niii eee)
unlisted subsidiaries:- BCorp Berjaya Higher Education Sdn Bhd Berjaya Papa John's Pizza Company Sdn Bhd Berjaya Registration Services Sdn Bhd Inter-Pacific Securities Sdn Bhd Cosway (M) Sdn Bhd Graphic Press Group Berhad	Placement of advertisement in theSun	981
Successline (M) Sdn Bhd	Distribution of theSun on behalf of Sun Media Corporation Sdn Bhd ("SMCSB")	129
Berjaya Registration Services Sdn Bhd	Receipt of share registration services and related expenses by BMedia	61
BCorp	Management fees payable by BMedia	120
Total		1,291
Berjaya Land Berhad ("BLand") and its unlisted subsidiaries:- BLand Berjaya Hotels & Resorts Berjaya Golf Resort Berhad Berjaya Air Sdn Bhd Wangsa Tegap Sdn Bhd	Placement of advertisement in theSun	446
Regnis Industries (Malaysia) Sdn Bhd ("Regnis")	Rental of office premises payable by SMCSB and provision of security services from Regnis	592
Total		1,038
Berjaya Sports Toto Berhad ("BToto") and its unlisted subsidiaries:- BToto Sports Toto Malaysia Sdn Bhd	Placement of advertisement in theSun	1,027
Total		1,027
Berjaya Food Berhad ("BFood") and its unlisted subsidiaries:- BFood	Placement of advertisement in theSun	5
Total		5
Berjaya Assets Berhad ("BAssets") and its unlisted subsidiaries:- BAssets Berjaya Times Square Theme Park Sdn Bhd	Placement of advertisement in theSun	51
Total		51
Berjaya Auto Berhad ("BAuto") and its unlisted subsidiaries:- BAuto Bermaz Motor Sdn Bhd	Placement of advertisement in theSun	187
Total		187
Other related parties:- 7-Eleven Malaysia Sdn Bhd Berjaya Starbucks Coffee Company Sdn Bhd U Mobile Sdn Bhd Caring Pharmacy Sdn Bhd Berjaya Sompo Insurance Berhad Tropicana Medical Centre (M) Sdn Bhd Tropicana Corporation Berhad	Placement of advertisement in theSun	2,044
7-Eleven Malaysia Sdn Bhd	Distribution of theSun on behalf of SMCSB	865
Singer (Malaysia) Sdn Bhd	Rental of office premises payable by SMCSB	15
Datuk Seri Azman Bin Ujang	Writer's fees	19
Total		2,943
Grand total		6,542

STATISTICS ON SHARES AND WARRANTS AS AT 11 AUGUST 2014

ANALYSIS OF SHAREHOLDINGS IN ORDINARY SHARES

Size of Shareholdings	No. of Shareholders	Percentage %	No. of Shares	Percentage %
less than 100	205	2.58	5,707	0.00
100 - 1,000	6,299	79.31	1,577,102	0.67
1,001 - 10,000	1,055	13.28	3,855,039	1.64
10,001 - 100,000	298	3.75	8,534,184	3.63
100,001 - 11,754,232	82	1.03	118,383,537	50.36
11,754,233* and above	4	0.05	102,729,090	43.70
Total	7.943	100.00	235.084.659	100.00

Note:

Each share entitles the holder to one vote.

("WARRANTS") 2006/2016

ANALYSIS OF HOLDINGS IN WARRANTS

Size of Warrant Holdings	No. of Warrant Holders	Percentage %	No. of Warrants	Percentage %
less than 100	31	7.49	1,571	0.00
100 - 1,000	28	6.77	16,801	0.03
1,001 - 10,000	170	41.06	783,040	1.40
10,001 - 100,000	137	33.09	5,057,730	9.01
100,001 - 2,806,327	46	11.11	20,908,466	37.25
2,806,328* and above	2	0.48	29,358,956	52.31
Total	414	100.00	56,126,564	100.00

LIST OF THIRTY (30) LARGEST SHAREHOLDERS

	NAME OF SHAREHOLDERS	No. of Shares	%
1	Amsec Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account - Ambank (M) Berhad For Tan Sri Dato' Seri Vincent Tan Chee Yioun	46,320,069	19.7
2	ABB Nominee (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account For Tan Sri Dato' Seri Vincent Tan Chee Yioun (OD Facility)	21,558,713	9.1
3	Prime Credit Leasing Sdn. Bhd. (As Owner)	18,850,308	8.0
4	MIDF Amanah Investment Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account For Tan Sri Dato' Seri Vincent Tan Chee Yioun (MGN-VTC0001M)	16,000,000	6.8
5	Berjaya Sompo Insurance Berhad	11,269,238	4.8
6	Scotia Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account For Hotel Resort Enterprise Sdn Bhd	8,380,100	3.5
7	Maybank Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account For Hotel Resort Enterprise Sdn Bhd	7,124,600	3.0
8	Nostalgia Kiara Sdn Bhd	7,000,000	2.9
9	Cartaban Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd Exempt An For Standard Chartered Bank Singapore Branch (SG PVB CL AC)	6,769,801	2.8
10	Inter-Pacific Equity Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Arsam Bin Damis (IPM)	6,164,000	2.6
11	Regnis Industries (Malaysia) Sdn Bhd	5,478,451	2.3
12	UOBM Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd Exempt An For Societe Generale Bank & Trust, Singapore Branch (Cust Asset)	4,875,700	2.0
13	FEAB Properties Sdn Bhd	4,724,409	2.0
14	Cimsec Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd Bank Of Singapore Ltd For Global Heights Group Ltd	4,304,970	1.8
15	Premier Merchandise Sdn Bhd	3,675,000	1.5
16	Scotia Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account For Superior Structure Sdn Bhd	3,652,400	1.!
17	Kenanga Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account For Tan Sri Dato' Seri Vincent Tan Chee Yioun	3,197,900	1.3
8	MIDF Amanah Investment Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account For Pasti Eksklusif Sdn Bhd (MGN-IBO0001M)	3,002,200	1.2
19	MIDF Amanah Investment Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account For Pasti Eksklusif Sdn Bhd (MGN-LES0002M)	3,002,200	1.2
20	Kenanga Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Derrick Kong Ying Kit (PCS)	2,500,000	1.0
21	Cimsec Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Cimb Bank For Yap Lim Sen (MY1792)	2,500,000	1.0
22	•	2,142,238	0.9
23	CIMB Group Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account For Tan Sri Dato' Seri Vincent Tan Chee Yioun (49877 PDZM)	2,000,000	0.8
24	Tan Kok Ping	1,584,603	0.6
25	Maybank Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account For Hotel Resort Enterprise Sdn Bhd	1,512,500	0.6
26	MIDF Amanah Investment Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account For Pasti Eksklusif Sdn Bhd (MGN-WSA0001M)	1,502,200	0.6
27	Alliancegroup Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account For Sublime Cartel Sdn Bhd (8083470)	1,400,000	0.6
28	Cimsec Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account For Chan Foong Cheng (Tmn Cheras-CL)	1,395,000	0.5
29	Maybank Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Maybank International (L) Ltd, Labuan For Tan Sri Dato' Seri Vincent Tan Chee Yioun (211034)	1,250,000	0.5
30	Chan Lai Sheong	1,147,300	0.4
		204,283,900	86.9

LIST OF THIRTY (30) LARGEST WARRANT HOLDERS

	NAME OF WARRANT HOLDERS	No. of Warrants	%
1	Espeetex Sdn Bhd	16,198,080	28.86
2	Kenanga Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account For Tan Sri Dato' Seri Vincent Tan Chee Yioun	13,160,876	23.45
3	Berjaya Sompo Insurance Berhad	2,746,666	4.89
4	Chan Lai Sheong	1,800,000	3.21
5	Cimsec Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd Bank Of Singapore Ltd For Global Heights Group Ltd	1,333,400	2.38
6	Berjaya Hills Berhad	1,000,000	1.78
7	Tsen Kui Lan @ Margaret Tsen	979,800	1.75
8	Citigroup Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account For Sim Woi Sin (470951)	896,400	1.60
9	Kenanga Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Derrick Kong Ying Kit (Pcs)	746,100	1.33
10	Ching Seng Fatt	723,000	1.29
11	Koh Hock Lye	711,800	1.27
12	RHB Capital Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account For Oh Kim Sun (CEB)	703,700	1.25
13	Cimsec Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd CIMB Bank For Yik Chee Lim (MY0055)	688,600	1.23
14	Maybank Securities Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account For Heng Poh Suan (R01-Margin)	531,000	0.95
15	Maybank Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account For Kho Kheng Chong	511,900	0.91
16	RHB Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account For Pang Swee Chien	507,000	0.90
17	Seah Peik Hock	470,000	0.84
18	Inter-Pacific Equity Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account For Arsam Bin Damis (AA0023)	449,400	0.80
19	Koh Hock Lye	432,900	0.77
20	Inter-Pacific Equity Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account For Fabulous Channel Sdn Bhd (AF0010)	406,800	0.72
21	Ta Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account For Liew Yam Fee	300,000	0.53
22	Phuah Ewe Cheng	300,000	0.53
23	Cimsec Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd CIMB Bank For Len Book Learn (M66002)	297,500	0.53
24	RHB Capital Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account For Loh Gee Tong (CEB)	285,000	0.51
25	Tang Boon Siew	260,000	0.46
26	Cimsec Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd CIMB Bank For Ching Seng Fatt (MM0453)	251,100	0.45
27	Tan Kee Huat	228,000	0.41
28	Pang Swee Chien	227,000	0.40
29	Chooi Foong Yin	225,000	0.40
30	Kenanga Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account For Bernadette Jeanne De Souza (003)	221,800	0.40
		47,592,822	84.80

 $^{^{\}star}$ Denotes 5% of the issued ordinary share capital of the Company.

^{*} Denotes 5% of the warrants outstanding.

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' SHAREHOLDINGS AS AT 11 AUGUST 2014

No. of Ordinary Shares of RM0.80 each

Name of Directors	Direct Interest	%	Deemed Interest	%
Dato' Robin Tan Yeong Ching	18,000	0.01	17,017,200 100*	7.24 0.00
Chan Kien Sing	1,100	0.00	-	-

^{*} Denotes indirect interests pursuant to Section 134(12)(c) of the Companies Act, 1965.

Save as disclosed, none of the other Directors of the Company had any interests in the shares and debentures of the Company or its related corporations as at 11 August 2014.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS AS PER REGISTER OF SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS AS AT 11 AUGUST 2014

No. of Shares

		No. of Shares				
Name of Substantial Shareholders	Direct Interest	%	Deemed Interest	%		
Tan Sri Dato' Seri Vincent Tan Chee Yioun	91,504,882	38.92	77,959,644 (a)	33.16		
Berjaya Corporation Berhad	-	-	44,991,444 (b)	19.14		
Berjaya Group Berhad	-	-	42,849,206 (c)	18.23		
Juara Sejati Sdn Bhd	-	-	42,849,206 (d)	18.23		
Bizurai Bijak (M) Sdn Bhd	-	-	30,119,546 (e)	12.81		
Berjaya Capital Berhad	-	-	30,119,546 (f)	12.81		
Prime Credit Leasing Sdn Bhd	18,850,308	8.02	-	-		
Hotel Resort Enterprise Sdn Bhd	17,017,200	7.24	-	-		
Dato' Robin Tan Yeong Ching	18,000	0.01	17,017,200 (g)	7.24		

Notes:

- (a) Deemed interested by virtue of his interests in Berjaya Corporation Berhad, Hotel Resort Enterprise Sdn Bhd, Nostalgia Kiara Sdn Bhd, Superior Structure Sdn Bhd, Berjaya Assets Berhad (the holding company of Berjaya Times Square Sdn Bhd and Sublime Cartel Sdn Bhd), B & B Enterprise Sdn Bhd (the holding company of Lengkap Bahagia Sdn Bhd and Nautilus Corporation Sdn Bhd) and HQZ Credit Sdn Bhd, the ultimate holding company of Desiran Unggul Sdn Bhd and Premier Merchandise Sdn Bhd.
- (b) Deemed interested by virtue of its 100% interest in Berjaya Group Berhad and Berjaya Hills Berhad.
- (c) Deemed interested by virtue of its interests in Juara Sejati Sdn Bhd and Bizurai Bijak (M) Sdn Bhd.
- (d) Deemed interested by virtue of its interest in Berjaya Capital Berhad and its deemed interest in Berjaya Assets Berhad (the holding company of Sublime Cartel Sdn Bhd and Berjaya Times Square Sdn Bhd) and its deemed interests in Regnis Industries (Malaysia) Sdn Bhd and FEAB Properties Sdn Bhd.
- (e) Deemed interested by virtue of its interest in Berjaya Capital Berhad, the holding company of Prime Credit Leasing Sdn Bhd and its deemed interest in Berjaya Sompo Insurance Berhad.
- (f) Deemed interested by virtue of its interest in Prime Credit Leasing Sdn Bhd and its associate company, Berjaya Sompo Insurance Berhad.
- (g) Deemed interested by virtue of his interest in Hotel Resort Enterprise Sdn Bhd.

OTHER INFORMATION

1. SANCTIONS AND/OR PENALTIES

The Company and its subsidiaries, Directors and management have not been imposed with any sanctions and/or penalties by any regulatory bodies.

2. NON-AUDIT FEES

There was no non-audit fees paid to the external auditors by the Group for the financial year ended 30 April 2014.

3. MATERIAL CONTRACTS

Other than those disclosed in the financial statements, there were no material contracts including contracts relating to any loans entered into by the Company and its subsidiaries involving Directors' and major shareholders' interests.

4. REVALUATION POLICY ON LANDED PROPERTIES

The Company does not own any landed properties as at 30 April 2014.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the Twentieth Annual General Meeting of the Company will be held at Perdana Ballroom, Bukit Jalil Golf & Country Resort, Jalan 3/155B, Bukit Jalil, 57000 Kuala Lumpur on Friday, 10 October 2014 at 10.00 a.m. for the following purposes:-

AGENDA

1 To receive and adopt the audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended 30 April 2014 and the Directors' and Auditors' Reports thereon.

Resolution 1

2 To approve the payment of Directors' fees amounting to RM62,500/= for the year ended 30 April 2014.

Resolution 2

3 To re-elect the following Directors who retire by rotation pursuant to Article 104(1) of the Company's Articles of Association:-

(a) Loh Chen Peng (b) Datuk Seri Azman Bin Ujang

Resolution 3

4 To re-appoint Messrs Deloitte as Auditors and to authorise the Directors to fix their remuneration.

Resolution 4 Resolution 5

5 As special business:-

To consider and, if thought fit, pass the following Ordinary Resolutions:-

(i) Authority to issue and allot shares pursuant to Section 132D of the Companies Act, 1965

"THAT, subject always to the Companies Act, 1965, the Articles of Association of the Company and the approvals of the relevant governmental/regulatory authorities, the Directors be and are hereby empowered, pursuant to Section 132D of the Companies Act, 1965, to issue and allot shares in the Company from time to time and upon such terms and conditions and for such purposes as the Directors may deem fit provided that the aggregate number of shares issued pursuant to this resolution does not exceed 10% of the issued share capital of the Company for the time being and that such authority shall continue to be in force until the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company.

Resolution 6

(ii) Proposed Renewal of and new Shareholders' Mandate for Recurrent Related Party Transactions of a Revenue or Trading Nature with persons connected with Tan Sri Dato' Seri Vincent Tan Chee

"THAT, subject to the provisions of the Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Main Market Listing Requirements, approval be and is hereby given for the Company and its subsidiaries, to enter into recurrent related party transactions of a revenue or trading nature with persons connected with Tan Sri Dato' Seri Vincent Tan Chee Yioun as specified in Section 2.3 of the Circular to Shareholders dated 18 September 2014 ("Proposed Mandate I") which are necessary for the day-to-day operations and/or in the ordinary course of business of the Company and its subsidiaries on terms not more favourable to the related parties than those generally available to the public and are not detrimental to the minority shareholders of the Company and that such mandate shall continue to be in force until:-

- the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting ("AGM") of the Company following the AGM at which the ordinary resolution for the Proposed Mandate I will be passed, at which time it will lapse, unless by a resolution passed at a general meeting, the authority is renewed;
- (b) the expiration of the period within which the next AGM after the date it is required to be held pursuant to Section 143(1) of the Companies Act, 1965 (but shall not extend to such extension as may be allowed pursuant to Section 143(2) of the Companies Act, 1965); or
- (c) revoked or varied by resolution passed by the shareholders at a general meeting;

whichever is the earlier;

And Further That authority be and is hereby given to the Directors of the Company and its subsidiaries to complete and do all such acts and things (including executing such documents as may be required) to give effect to such transactions as authorised by this Ordinary Resolution."

Resolution 7

(iii) Proposed Renewal of Shareholders' Mandate for Recurrent Related Party Transactions of a Revenue or Trading Nature with Datuk Seri Azman Bin Ujang

"That, subject to the provisions of the Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Main Market Listing Requirements, approval be and is hereby given for the Company and its subsidiaries, to enter into recurrent related party transactions of a revenue or trading nature with Datuk Seri Azman Bin Ujang as specified in Section 2.3 of the Circular to shareholders dated 18 September 2014 ("Proposed Mandate II") which are necessary for the day-to-day operations and/or in the ordinary course of business of the Company and its subsidiaries on terms not more favourable to the related parties than those generally available to the public and are not detrimental to the minority shareholders of the Company and that such mandate shall continue to be in force until:-

- the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting ("AGM") of the Company following the AGM at which the ordinary resolution for the Proposed Mandate II will be passed, at which time it will lapse, unless by a resolution passed at a general meeting, the authority is renewed;
- (b) the expiration of the period within which the next AGM after the date it is required to be held pursuant to Section 143(1) of the Companies Act, 1965 (but shall not extend to such extension as may be allowed pursuant to Section 143(2) of the Companies Act, 1965); or
- revoked or varied by resolution passed by the shareholders at a general me

whichever is the earlier;

And Further That authority be and is hereby given to the Directors of the Company and its subsidiaries to complete and do all such acts and things (including executing such documents as may be required) to give effect to such transactions as authorised by this Ordinary Resolution."

Resolution 8

(iv) Proposed Retention of Independent Non-Executive Director

"THAT Loh Chen Peng be and is hereby retained as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company and he shall continue to act as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company notwithstanding that he has been an Independent Director on the Board of the Company for a cumulative term of more than 9 years.

Resolution 9

By Order of the Board

SU SWEE HONG Secretary

Kuala Lumpur 18 September 2014

NOTES

(A) APPOINTMENT OF PROXY

- 1. A member entitled to attend and vote at a meeting of the Company is entitled to appoint not more than two (2) proxies to attend and vote in his stead. Where a member appoints two (2) proxies to attend the Meeting, the member shall specify the proportion of his shareholdings to be represented by each proxy. A proxy need not be a member of the Company. There shall be no restriction as to the qualification of the proxy and the provisions of Section 149(1)(b) of the Companies Act, 1965 shall not apply to the Company.
- $2. \quad \hbox{A member of the Company who is an authorised nominee as} \\$ defined under the Securities Industry (Central Depositories) Act, 1991 ("SICDA") may appoint at least one (1) proxy in respect of each securities account. Where a member is an exempt authorised nominee as defined under the SICDA and holding ordinary shares in the Company for multiple beneficial owners in one securities account ("omnibus account"), there is no limit to the number of proxies which the exempt authorised nominee may appoint in respect of each omnibus account it holds.
- The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing and in the case of an individual it shall be signed by the appointor or his attorney and in the case of a corporation either under seal or under the hand of an officer or attorney duly
- The instrument appointing a proxy must be deposited at the Company's Registered Office at Lot 13-01A, Level 13 (East Wing), Berjaya Times Square, No. 1 Jalan Imbi, 55100 Kuala Lumpur not less than forty-eight (48) hours before the time fixed for holding the meeting or any adjournment
- Only depositors whose names appears in the Record of Depositors as at 2 October 2014 shall be regarded as members and entitled to attend, speak and vote at the Annual General Meeting.

(B) SPECIAL BUSINESS

1. Resolution 6 is proposed for the purpose of granting a renewed general mandate ("General Mandate") and empowering the Directors of the Company, pursuant to Section 132D of the Companies Act, 1965, to issue and allot new shares in the Company from time to time provided that the aggregate number of shares issued pursuant to the General Mandate does not exceed 10% of the issued and paid-up share capital of the Company for the time being. The General Mandate, unless revoked or varied by the Company in general meeting, will expire at the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company.

As at the date of this Notice, no new shares in the Company were issued pursuant to the mandate granted to the Directors at the last Annual General Meeting held on 9 October 2013 and which will lapse at the conclusion of the Twentieth Annual General Meeting.

The General Mandate will provide flexibility to the Company for any possible fund raising activities, including but not limited to further placing of shares, for purpose of funding future investment project(s), working capital and/or

- Resolution 7 is in relation to the approval on the Shareholders' Mandate on Recurrent Related Party Transactions and if passed, will allow the Company and its subsidiaries to enter into Recurrent Related Party Transactions with persons connected with Tan Sri Dato' Seri Vincent Tan Chee Yioun in accordance with Paragraph 10.09 of the Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Main Market Listing Requirements. The explanatory notes on Resolution 7 are set out in the Circular to Shareholders dated 18 September 2014 which is despatched together with the Company's 2014 Annual Report.
- 3. Resolution 8 is in relation to the approval on the Shareholders' Mandate on Recurrent Related Party Transactions and if passed, will allow the Company and its subsidiaries to enter into Recurrent Related Party Transactions with Datuk Seri Azman Bin Ujang in accordance with Paragraph 10.09 of the Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Main Market Listing Requirements. The explanatory notes on Resolution 8 are set out in the Circular to Shareholders dated 18 September 2014 which is despatched together with the Company's 2014 Annual Report.
- Resolution 9 is proposed pursuant to Recommendation 3.3 of the Malaysian code of Corporate Governance 2012 and if passed, will allow Loh Chen Peng to be retained and continue to act as an Independent Non-Executive Director. The full details of the Board's justifications for the retention of Loh Chen Peng is set out in the Statement on Corporate Governance in the Company's 2014 Annual Report.

(Name in full)

BERJAYA MEDIA BERHAD

(Company No.290601-T)

PROXY FORM

I/We, ___

I.C. or Company No.:		CDS Account No.:		
	(New and Old I.C. Nos. or Company No.)			
of	(Address)			
being a member/mem	nbers of BERJAYA MEDIA BERHAD hereby appoint $_$	(Name in	full)	
I.C. No.:	of			
(Ne	w and Old I.C. Nos.)	(Address)		
General Meeting of 57000 Kuala Lumpu This proxy is to vote	ne Chairman of the meeting as my/our proxy to the Company to be held at Perdana Ballroom, or on Friday, 10 October 2014 at 10.00 a.m. or on the Resolutions set out in the Notice of the on as to voting is given, the proxy will vote or ab	Bukit Jalil Golf & Country Reany adjournment thereof. Meeting as indicated with an	sort, Jalan 3/1	55B, Bukit Jalil
			FOR	AGAINST
RESOLUTION 1 -	To receive and adopt the Audited Financial Sta	atements.		
RESOLUTION 2 -	To approve payment of Directors' Fees.			
RESOLUTION 3 -	To re-elect Loh Chen Peng as Director.			
RESOLUTION 4 -	To re-elect Datuk Seri Azman Bin Ujang as Dire	ector.		
RESOLUTION 5 -	To re-appoint Auditors.			
RESOLUTION 6 -	To approve authority to issue and allot shares.			
RESOLUTION 7 -	To renew and to seek shareholders' mandate Party Transactions with persons connected wit Tan Chee Yioun.			
RESOLUTION 8 -	To renew shareholders' mandate for Recurrent with Datuk Seri Azman Bin Ujang.	t Related Party Transactions		
RESOLUTION 9 -	To approve the proposed retention of Loh Cher Non-Executive Director.	n Peng as an Independent		
			No. of sh	ares held
Signature of Share	holder(s)			

Signed this ______day of ______2014

NOTES

- 1. A member entitled to attend and vote at a meeting of the Company is entitled to appoint not more than two (2) proxies to attend and vote in his stead. Where a member appoints two (2) proxies to attend the Meeting, the member shall specify the proportion of his shareholdings to be represented by each proxy. A proxy need not be a member of the Company. There shall be no restriction as to the qualification of the proxy and the provisions of Section 149(1)(b) of the Companies Act, 1965 shall not apply to the Company.
- 2. A member of the Company who is an authorised nominee as defined under the Securities Industry (Central Depositories) Act, 1991 ("SICDA") may appoint at least one (1) proxy in respect of each securities account. Where a member is an exempt authorised nominee as defined under the SICDA and holding ordinary shares in the Company for multiple beneficial owners in one securities account ("omnibus account"), there is no limit to the number of proxies which the exempt authorised nominee may appoint in respect of each omnibus account it holds.
- The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing and in the case of an individual it shall be signed by the appointor or his attorney and in the case of a corporation either under seal or under the hand of an officer or attorney duly authorised.
- 4. The instrument appointing a proxy must be deposited at the Company's Registered Office at Lot 13-01A, Level 13 (East Wing), Berjaya Times Square, No. 1 Jalan Imbi, 55100 Kuala Lumpur not less than forty-eight (48) hours before the time fixed for holding the meeting or any adjournment thereof.
- Only depositors whose names appears in the Record of Depositors as at 2 October 2014 shall be regarded as members and entitled to attend, speak and vote at the Annual General Meeting.

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	Stamp	
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The Company Secretary BERJAYA MEDIA BERHAD (290601-T)		
Lot 13-01A, Level 13 (East Wing) Berjaya Times Square		
No.1, Jalan Imbi,		
55100 Kuala lumpur		



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