

ANNUAL REPORT 2015





ELEVEN







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CORPORATE INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Chairman/Independent Non-Executive Director YAM Tunku Dato' Seri Shahabuddin Bin Tunku Besar Burhanuddin

Executive Directors Tan Thiam Chai Datuk Lye Ek Seang

Non-Independent Non-Executive Directors Chan Kien Sing Lim Meng Kwong Dato' Dickson Tan Yong Loong

Independent Non-Executive Directors Datuk Robert Yong Kuen Loke Heng Kiah Choong Dato' Mohd Salleh Bin Ahmad

AUDIT AND RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

Heng Kiah Choong (Chairman) Chan Kien Sing Dato' Mohd Salleh Bin Ahmad

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

YAM Tunku Dato' Seri Shahabuddin Bin Tunku Besar Burhanuddin (Chairman) Heng Kiah Choong Dato' Mohd Salleh Bin Ahmad

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

YAM Tunku Dato' Seri Shahabuddin Bin Tunku Besar Burhanuddin (Chairman) Heng Kiah Choong Dato' Mohd Salleh Bin Ahmad

SECRETARIES

Su Swee Hong (MAICSA No. 0776729) Wong Siew Guek (MAICSA No. 7042922)

SHARE REGISTRAR

Berjaya Registration Services Sdn Bhd Lot 06-03, Level 6 (East Wing) Berjaya Times Square No. 1 Jalan Imbi, 55100 Kuala Lumpur Tel: 03 - 2145 0533 Fax: 03 - 2145 9702

AUDITORS

Deloitte (AF 0080) Chartered Accountants Level 16, Menara LGB 1 Jalan Wan Kadir Taman Tun Dr. Ismail 60000 Kuala Lumpur

REGISTERED OFFICE

Lot 13-01A, Level 13 (East Wing) Berjaya Times Square No. 1 Jalan Imbi, 55100 Kuala Lumpur Tel: 03 - 2149 1999 Fax: 03 - 2143 1685

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Malayan Banking Berhad AmBank (M) Berhad OCBC Bank (Malaysia) Berhad Bank Pembangunan Malaysia Berhad Alliance Bank Malaysia Berhad CIMB Bank Berhad

STOCK EXCHANGE LISTING

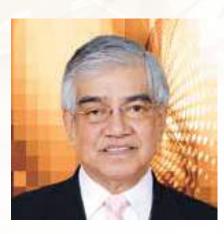
Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad

STOCK SHORT NAME

BJASSET (3239)

PLACE OF INCORPORATION AND DOMICILE

Malaysia



YAM TUNKU DATO' SERI SHAHABUDDIN BIN TUNKU BESAR BURHANUDDIN D.K, S.P.T.J., AO (Australia)

80 years of age, Malaysian Chairman Independent Non-Executive Director YAM Tunku Dato' Seri Shahabuddin Bin Tunku Besar Burhanuddin was appointed to the Board as Chairman on 3 August 2009. He graduated with a Bachelor of Science (Economics) from Queens University of Belfast, Northern Ireland.

He began his career with Esso Malaysia Limited as an economic analyst and moved on as a Finance Manager in one of the finance company within Malayan Banking Group. Currently he is the Executive Chairman and co-founder of Strateq Group which is a leading technology provider offering scalable integrated solutions that has been instrumentally localised and expanding to countries in the Asia Pacific Region.

Amongst the accolades bestowed on Tunku are "Darjah Kerabat Terengganu Yang Amat Mulia Darjah Yang Pertama (D.K.)" by his Royal Highness the Sultan of Terengganu, DYMM Sultan Ismail Nasiruddin Shah; "Darjah Seri Paduka Tuanku Ja'afar Yang Amat Terpuji (S.P.T.J)" awarded by His Royal Highness The Yang Di-Pertuan Besar Negeri Sembilan, DYMM Tuanku Ja'afar; "Honorary Officer (AO) in the General Division of the Order of Australia" for his service to Australian-Malaysian relations awarded by the Governor-General of the Commonwealth of Australia; and "Austrade International Award 2000" for outstanding contribution to Australia's international trading performance by a foreign individual based outside Australia.

Tunku is the Vice Chairman of Iris Corporation Berhad, a MSC Status company listed on the ACE Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad and involved in the business of technology consulting, implementation of digital identity and business solutions. He is a Director of Axis Reit Managers Berhad and several other private limited companies.

Tunku is the Chairman of the Nomination Committee and the Remuneration Committee.



TAN THIAM CHAI

56 years of age, Malaysian Executive Director

He was appointed to the Board on 16 July 2008 and appointed as an Executive Director of the Company on 18 June 2009. He graduated with a Diploma in Commerce (Financial Accounting) from Kolej Tunku Abdul Rahman (now known as Tunku Abdul Rahman University College) and also completed The Association of Chartered Certified Accountants (UK) professional course in 1981. He is a Fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants (UK) since 1990 and also a member of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants.

He started work with an accounting firm in Kuala Lumpur for about 2 years and thereafter served in various Finance and Accounting positions with the Hong Leong Group of Companies in Malaysia as well as in Hong Kong for about 8 years. He joined the Berjaya Corporation Group of Companies in early 1991 as a Finance Manager of an operating subsidiary and was promoted to Operation Manager later that year. In 1992, he was transferred to the Corporate Head Office of Berjaya Group Berhad to head the Group Internal Audit function and subsequently in 1993, he was promoted to oversee the Group Accounting function of Berjaya Group Berhad.

Currently, he is the Chief Financial Officer of Berjaya Corporation Berhad. He is also an Executive Director of Berjaya Land Berhad, a Director of Atlan Holdings Bhd, Berjaya Food Berhad, Magni-Tech Industries Berhad, Cosway Corporation Berhad, Indah Corporation Berhad, Tioman Island Resort Berhad, Berjaya Vacation Club Berhad, Cosway Corporation Limited (Hong Kong) and Taiga Building Products Ltd (Canada). He also holds directorships in several other private limited companies in Berjaya Corporation Group of Companies.



DATUK LYE EK SEANG

50 years of age, Malaysian Executive Director

He was appointed to the Board as Independent Non-Executive Director on 19 April 2012. On 8 January 2013, he was appointed as an Executive Director of the Company.

He is the founding member of Sunzi Association of Malaysia. He holds a Bachelor of Science (Hons) degree in Mathematics from the University of Malaya. While in University of Malaya, he was "The Sportsman of the Year" in 1998, founder and instructor of Persatuan Taekwando (WTF) University of Malaya. He joined the Rejimen Askar Wataniah (Reserved Officer Training Unit-ROTU) and was commissioned as Second Lieutenant by Duli Yang Maha Mulia Seri Paduka Baginda Yang Dipertuan Agong on 15 June 1989.

He was a Non-Independent Non-Executive Director and Audit Committee Member of Magna Prima Berhad from 16 July 2007 to 24 June 2009. He was also a Non-Independent Non-Executive Director of Ho Hup Construction Company Berhad from August 2008 and re-designated as Deputy Executive Chairman from December 2008 until March 2010.

Currently, he is an Executive Director of Berjaya Times Square Sdn Bhd and a Director of Redtone International Berhad and Cardiff City Football Club. He is also a Trustee of Tropicana Foundation and sits on the Board of several other private limited companies involved in manufacturing, television program production and distribution, biotechnology and property development.



CHAN KIEN SING

59 years of age, Malaysian Non-Independent Non-Executive Director He was appointed to the Board on 9 April 2001. He is a member of The Malaysian Institute of Certified Public Accountants and Malaysian Institute of Accountants. Having articled with Messrs Peat Marwick Mitchell (now known as KPMG) from 1975 to 1981, he subsequently joined Arab-Malaysian Merchant Bank Berhad (now known as AmInvestment Bank Berhad) specialising in corporate finance until 1989 when he joined Berjaya Group Berhad.

Currently, he is an Executive Director of Berjaya Corporation Berhad, Berjaya Sports Toto Berhad and Berjaya Media Berhad. He is also the Managing Director of Sun Media Corporation Sdn Bhd and a Director of 7-Eleven Malaysia Holdings Berhad, Berjaya Capital Berhad, Berjaya Vacation Club Berhad, Berjaya Group Berhad and International Lottery & Totalizator Systems Inc, United States of America. He also holds directorships in several other private limited companies.

He is a member of the Audit and Risk Management Committee.



LIM MENG KWONG

62 years of age, Malaysian Non-Independent Non-Executive Director

DATUK ROBERT YONG KUEN LOKE

63 years of age, Malaysian Independent Non-Executive Director He was appointed to the Board on 7 May 2003. He is a member of Malaysian Institute of Accountants and holds a Master's degree in Business Administration from the Cranfield Institute of Management, United Kingdom.

Currently, he is the Special Projects Director and was previously the head of the Group Investment Division of Berjaya Corporation Berhad holding the position as Senior General Manager. Prior to joining Berjaya Corporation Berhad, he was working in the Corporate Finance Division in a leading local merchant bank and has working experience in finance and audit, both in Malaysia and the United Kingdom.

He is the President of Berjaya Philippines Inc. He also holds directorships in various subsidiaries of Berjaya Assets Berhad and Berjaya Corporation Berhad.

He was appointed to the Board on 9 April 2001. He is a Fellow member of The Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales and a member of The Institute of Singapore Chartered Accountants and the Malaysian Institute of Accountants. He is also a Council Member of Malaysian Institute of Certified Public Accountants and presently serves as a member of its Executive Committee. He has many years of working experience in the fields of accounting, audit, treasury and financial management. He started his career in London in 1973 and worked for more than five years with chartered accounting firms. Subsequently, he was with Price Waterhouse, Singapore from 1979 to 1982. From 1983 to 1986, he served as Group Finance Manager in UMW Holdings Berhad and Group Treasurer in Edaran Otomobil Nasional Bhd. He joined Berjaya Group of Companies in 1987 until his retirement as Executive Director on 30 November 2007 and is currently an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company.

He is also a Director of Berjaya Corporation Berhad, Berjaya Land Berhad and Berjaya Sports Toto Berhad.



DATO' DICKSON TAN YONG LOONG

34 years of age, Malaysian Non-Independent Non-Executive Director He was appointed to the Board of the Company on 19 April 2012. He graduated with a Bachelor of Science (Honours) Degree in Business Management from King's College, University of London, United Kingdom in 2002. He obtained a Master of Science in Internal Auditing and Management from Cass Business School, City University, United Kingdom in 2003.

He started his career with CIMB Securities Sdn Bhd as an Equities Analyst in 2004 and joined Dijaya Corporation Berhad (now known as Tropicana Corporation Berhad) as Business Development Manager in 2005. He is presently the Deputy Group Chief Executive Officer of Tropicana Corporation Berhad ("Tropicana") and he is currently overseeing group corporate strategy, marketing, planning and risk management of the Tropicana group of companies. He is also a Director of several other local and international private limited companies involved in manufacturing, services, media, leisure, retail, property development and property investment.

He also holds directorships in Berjaya Corporation Berhad, Berjaya Land Berhad, Berjaya Sports Toto Berhad and Tropicana Golf & Country Resort Berhad.

He is affiliated with certain non-profit organisations, including as a trustee of Tropicana Foundation, a member of the Kuala Lumpur Business Club and a member of the Malaysian Institute of Management.

His uncle, Tan Sri Dato' Seri Vincent Tan Chee Yioun is a major shareholder of the Company.



HENG KIAH CHOONG

66 years of age, Malaysian Independent Non-Executive Director He was appointed to the Board on 27 February 2001. He started his sports-related business upon completion of his secondary education in 1966. Currently, he is the Managing Director of Sai (M) Sdn Bhd, overseeing the overall management of the graphic design and Sports Event Management departments. He has extensive interest in sports-related business and activities. He is currently the Deputy President of Kuala Lumpur Tenpin Bowling Association and the Chairman of the Rehabilitation and Recreation for the Disabled, Selangor. His company is the marketing representative of the International Sepak Takraw Federation responsible in the marketing and promotion of sepak takraw and distribution of sepak takraw equipment.

He is the Chairman of the Audit and Risk Management Committee and a member of the Nomination Committee and the Remuneration Committee.



He was appointed to the Board on 28 March 2005. He graduated with a degree in Bachelor of Arts (Second Class Honours), University of Malaya. He began his career with the Ministry of Finance as Assistant Secretary in 1966. He was promoted to Principal Assistant Secretary in 1969 and was the Deputy Head of Division prior to his departure in 1988. Thereafter, he joined the Ministry of Defence and was the Director of Establishment and Services. He was appointed as the Chief Executive Officer of Koperasi Serbaguna Anak-Anak Selangor Berhad (KOSAS) in 1991 until January 2005. He also holds directorships in several private limited companies.

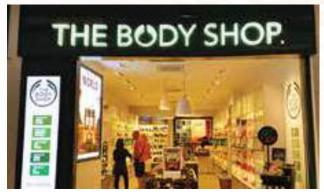
He is a member of the Audit and Risk Management Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee.

DATO' MOHD SALLEH BIN AHMAD

73 years of age, Malaysian Independent Non-Executive Director

Save as disclosed above, none of the Directors have any:

- 1. Family relationship with any Directors and/or major shareholders of the Company;
- 2. Conflict of interest with the Company; and
- 3. Conviction for offences within the past 10 years other than traffic offences.



The Body Shop produces natural beauty and cosmetics products.



Mr. Chizu bakes fresh cheese cakes and a variety of cakes, tarts and desserts daily.

On behalf of the Board of Directors, I am pleased to present the Annual Report and Financial Statements of Berjaya Assets Berhad ("BAssets") for the financial year ended 30 June 2015.

FINANCIAL RESULTS

For the financial year ended 30 June 2015, the Group registered a revenue of RM412.8 million compared to a revenue of RM419.4 million reported in the previous financial year. The decrease in revenue was mainly due to lower revenue from the hotel and recreation business segment arising from lower occupancy rates and lower revenue from Natural Avenue Sdn Bhd ("NASB") despite having the same number of draws.

The Group registered a lower pre-tax profit of RM108.1 million as compared to RM121.7 million in the previous year due to lower profit contribution from the hotel and recreation business resulting from lower occupancy rates. NASB also reported lower profit contribution due to lower revenue and higher prize payout. The Group also recognised lower favourable fair value changes of investment properties for the financial year under review.

DIVIDEND

For the financial year ended 30 June 2015, the Board recommended a final single tier dividend of 1 sen per ordinary share of RM1.00 each for the approval of shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

SIGNIFICANT CORPORATE DEVELOPMENTS

On 29 April 2015, Berjaya Times Square Sdn Bhd ("BTSSB"), the 80%-owned subsidiary of BAssets, entered into a Deed of Novation cum Supplemental Agreement ("Novation Deed") with MOL Properties Sdn Bhd ("MOL Properties") and Dunlop Estates Holdings Sdn Bhd ("Dunlop") for the proposed assumption of rights and obligations of MOL Properties under a sale and purchase agreement dated 2 July 2014 entered into between MOL Properties and Dunlop for the proposed acquisition of 76 unsold office units in Menara MSC Cyberport, Johor Bahru for RM107.5 million ("Novation").

On 3 June 2015, BAssets announced that the Economic Planning Unit of the Prime Minister's Department of Malaysia had approved the Novation with the condition that BTSSB increases its Bumiputera equity interest to at least 30.0% before the transfer of the said property. The Novation was completed on 3 June 2015 in accordance with the Novation Deed.



Boat Noodle offers Thai street food originally hawked from small boats on the canals of central Thailand.



REDEYE brings the best of Korean fashion accessories.

PROPERTY INVESTMENT AND DEVELOPMENT

Berjaya Times Square, Kuala Lumpur

BTSSB is the principal subsidiary of BAssets that owns and manages the Berjaya Times Square ("BTS") mall in Kuala Lumpur. BTS is acknowledged as Malaysia's largest inner-city shopping cum leisure mall with a gross built-up area of 7.5 million square feet on a 10-acre piece of land. An international landmark that is very popular amongst tourists as well as middle income and mass markets, BTS comprises a 12-level shopping mall, two 46-storey towers of service suites and hotel, 2 levels of hotel floors, 3 levels of office floors, 5 levels of basement and 10 floors of annexed car parks.

Entering its twelfth year of operations, BTS recorded an occupancy rate of 84% as of June 2015 with a total of 3.2 million lettable square feet inclusive of car park.

Averaging 2.5 million visitors a month, the 12-level stratified shopping complex which measures approximately 3.5 million square feet houses:

- More than 1,000 units of strategically selected retail shops and food and beverage outlets;
- Berjaya Times Square Theme Park which is Malaysia's largest indoor theme park with 14 major rides and attractions;
- The IT Centre covering 34,090 square feet and catering to all modern digital lifestyle needs;
- The 9-screen Golden Screen Cinemas (GSC);
- GSC Maxx, Malaysia's largest digital hall with a seating capacity of 555;
- Ampang Superbowl one of the largest bowling centres in the country with 48 lanes;

- Taste of Asia Food Court at Lower Ground Floor, and Lifestyle Food Channel at 4th Floor Central;
- 1st Avenue, one of the first themed retail districts in the city which spans 25,000 square feet hosting 35 lots and 45 kiosks recreating the shopping experience of 5th Avenue in New York;
- Central Park, the shopping district at 3rd Floor Central consisting of 40 lifestyle boutiques and notable lifestyle brands in a landscaped area measuring 5,000 square feet;
- Tiny Taipei, the shopping district at 3rd Floor East measuring 6,459 square feet. It is home to 43 small lots that host a variety of novelties, and 7 kiosks serving street food and snacks;
- 2nd Floor East, a brand new area comprising a mix of chic retailers and a food haven of international cuisines.

BTS is the Guinness World Records[™] holder for the World's Largest Capsule Vending Machine, and in 2014, won recognition by the Malaysia Book of Records for the successful launches of the First Ames Room, First Gamers' Vault and Malaysia's Largest Christmas Tree Replica.

With the opening of 2nd Floor East earlier this year, many renowned food and beverage brands such as MJ Kafe, Kafe Vietnam, YiCha Café, Rusco, Boat Noodles, Big Spoon, Cha Tra Mue, Kkuldak and Marutama Ramen were added to BTS' roster of food and beverage offerings. For a wide array of Asian and international cuisine, shoppers can head to Taste of Asia at Lower Ground Floor, or the revamped Lifestyle Food Channel at 4th Floor Central. BTS further capitalized on its unique positioning as a wholesome family entertainment shopping mall in the heart of Kuala Lumpur by adding on Escape Room and Laser Battle, both located at 7th Floor Central, to its list of tenants.



A NASB sales outlet.



NASB donated RM300,000 to STEC Kidney Foundation.

Berjaya Waterfront, Johor Bahru

In Johor Bahru, Berjaya Waterfront ("BWaterfront") is located strategically within the government sanctioned lskandar Economic Zone, featuring 18 acres of duty free zone which includes a 12-level hotel, a 4-storey shopping centre podium with a basement, and annexed with a 6-level car park catering to an assortment of retail, entertainment, dining and recreation options.

BWaterfront has completed several phases of its on-going works to upgrade its facilities and services. The facade of the mall has been dressed with a fresh coat of white paint bringing an air of elegance and it has since regained its iconic landmark position at Stulang Laut. The RM1.3 million refurbishment of toilets in the mall was completed at the end of June 2015, while the refurbishment of the ceilings inside the mall which commenced in mid-August 2015 is expected to complete by end November 2015. These improvements will enhance the overall outlook of the mall and is expected to bring in more tenants, coupled with marketing and promotions strategies to introduce a whole new shopping experience for its visitors.

In order to improve access from the mall to the ferry terminal, the link walkway at Level 2 will be revamped. Ferry passengers will be able to enjoy their meals at the food outlets with a stunning sea view overlooking the Singapore Causeway and purchase souvenirs from selected duty free shops before departing from the ferry terminal. The BWaterfront Ferry Terminal is also one of the busiest international entry points for travellers from Indonesia for leisure, business or even medical treatment.

As the ferry services take only 90 minutes to Harbour Bay and Batam Centre at Batam Island, and 150 minutes to Bintan Island at an affordable fee, BWaterfront Ferry Terminal remains the top choice for the local and foreign travellers. The ferries are spacious, fully air-conditioned and meet international safety requirements.

The BWaterfront Hotel is ideally situated with a mere 5-minute drive from the main causeway link to Singapore. Boasting 400 rooms and suites and one of the largest MICE ("Meeting, Incentive, Conference and Exhibition") facilities in the southern region, the hotel provides convenient access to Iskandar Malaysia, the southern development corridor – famed for its tourist attractions such as Legoland Malaysia, Puteri Harbour Family Theme Park and Johor Premium Outlets.

Menara MSC Cyberport, Johor Bahru

Located in Johor Bahru, Menara MSC Cyberport is the first MSC Malaysia Cybercentre in Southern Malaysia with an ISO 9001:2000 certification. There are 76 units of office properties amounting to approximately 282,373 square feet within the building, which is located at Jalan Bukit Meldrum in Tanjung Puteri in the heart of Johor Bahru city centre. Furthermore, it is also located next to the Causeway connecting Malaysia to Singapore and just right opposite the new Customs, Immigration & Quarantine (CIQ) complex. Currently 60 of the 76 units are tenanted. This acquisition was a move to expand the company's property portfolio and to further enhance its presence in the emerging economic hub of Johor.



NASB donated RM47,500 to 25 charitable organisations in Sarawak.



BTS was the venue sponsor for Berjaya Youth's Stop Hunger Now Meal Packing event.

GAMING

Natural Avenue Sdn Bhd

NASB, the exclusive agent for Sarawak Turf & Equestrian Club's Special Cash Sweep Number Forecast Lotteries has been in operation for the last 20 years. NASB registered lower revenue due to continued challenging economic and regulatory environment coupled with more rampant illegal 4D gaming as well as cyber gaming in the state.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY ("CSR")

BTS was the venue sponsor for the 5th Berjaya Founder's Day on 28 March 2015. At this year's event, Tan Sri Dato' Seri Vincent Tan, Better Malaysia Foundation, and Berjaya Cares Foundation contributed approximately RM20.8 million to 79 charitable organisations.

BTS also supported local community events such as the BTS Christmas 2014 – Words Change Worlds Campaign, Berjaya Youth Stop Hunger Now Meal Packing Event, World Vision Open Up Your World Campaign, University Malaya Blood Donation Day, Berjaya University College of Hospitality CSR Event for the Learning Disabled, Flood Donation Charity, 19th International English Chess and 3rd Chinese Chess Competition for the Disabled and the Used Clothes Donation Drive for the Rohingya refugees, to name a few.

During the financial year under review, NASB also carried out several CSR activities starting off with their annual contribution of RM300,000 to Sarawak Turf Club Kidney Foundation which provides financial assistance to the destitute with kidney failure to undergo dialysis at the centres located in Kuching, Sibu and Miri.

NASB hosted 750 residents from 27 charitable organisations from the whole state in a Chinese New Year charity event in Miri with entertainment, merry-making and ang pow distribution.

In keeping with its tradition of supporting sports and cultural activities, NASB sponsored the Kuching CASHSWEEP Martial Arts Display, an annual popular Kuching Festival celebration hosted by Kuching South City Council. The event featured more than 1,000 martial arts exponents showcasing 25 different martial arts of different ethnic groups in Sarawak.

NASB also participated in the growing popularity of the CASHSWEEP Padawan Raft Safari, hosted by Padawan Municipal Council in conjunction with the Padawan Festival. Approximately 1,000 local and foreign participants took part in the 20km long river safari which attracted both local and international media houses.

Other than the above-mentioned CSR activities, NASB supported numerous local cultural and social activities, especially in the rural areas of Sarawak.

FUTURE OUTLOOK

The Malaysian economy is expected to have a moderate growth of around 4.2% for the second half of 2015 with the private and public sectors remaining as the key growth drivers. The Goods and Services Tax ("GST") implemented in April 2015 and the falling of crude oil prices as well as



The launch of Pasarnita 2015.



BTS treated the children from Good Samaritan Home, Klang to a day of fun at Berjaya Times Square Theme Park.

the lacklustre performance of the tourism industry and the weakening Ringgit Malaysia had impacted the Malaysian economy. Despite this, the property investment, hotel, and related businesses operated by BTSSB group and the gaming business operated by NASB are expected to maintain their occupancy rates and market share respectively going forward. The Group also envisage that the overall operating performance for the year ending 30 June 2016 will be challenging.

APPRECIATION

On behalf of the Board, I would like to extend our appreciation and thanks to our management, employees and agents for their commitment towards the achievements of the Group. The Board would also like to thank our customers, business associates, financiers, shareholders, retailers and regulatory authorities for their endless support and co-operation.

I would also like to express my gratitude to my fellow colleagues on the Board for their active participation and contribution to the Board and I look forward to their continuous support for the coming financial year 2016.

YAM Tunku Dato' Seri Shahabuddin bin Tunku Besar Burhanuddin Chairman 12 October 2015







Teddy Farm 乃是毛绒玩具,礼品和纪念品之家。

Star Ted 代理各种手表品牌和提供手表修理服务。

我谨代表董事部, 欣然提呈成功资产有限公司("成功资产")截至 2015 年 6 月 30 日之财 政年度的年度报告及财务报告。

财务业绩

在截至2015年6月30日的财政年度,本集团取得 RM4亿1千2百80万的营业额,相比之下,前一财政 年的营业额为RM4亿1千9百40万。营业额降低主 要原因是酒店和休闲业务入住率降低,以及Natural Avenue私人有限公司("NASB")的营业额减少,虽然 博彩业的开采次数没有增减。

本集团取得较低的RM1亿零8百10万扣税前盈利,相 较于前一年的 RM1亿2千1百70万主要是因为入住率 降低导致酒店和休闲业务所贡献的盈利降低。NASB 也贡献较低的盈利,这是营业额较低以及彩金派发率 偏高所致。本集团在检讨的财政年确认的投资产业公 允价值变动盈余也比较低。

股息

在截至2015年6月30日的财政年度,董事部已建议 派发每一RM1.00普通股1分的单层次年终股息,并 将在来届股东年度大会上寻求股东批准。

重大企业发展

在2015年4月29日,成功资产持有80%股份的子公司,即成功时代广场私人有限公司("BTSSB"),与 MOL 产业私人有限公司("MOL 产业")及Dunlop 园 坵控股私人有限公司("Dunlop")签署了一项更替契约 及补充协议("更替契约"),以建议承担MOL 产业在一 项志期2014年7月2日之买卖协议下的权益和义务。 这项协议是由MOL产业与Dunlop签署以建议以RM1 亿零7百50万收购新山Menara MSC Cyberport的 76个未售出办公室单位 ("更替")。

在2015年6月3日,成功资产宣布马来西亚首相署的 经济策划单位已批准这项更替,条件是BTSSB得在 转让该产业之前提高土著股份至至少30.0%。这项更 替已在2015年6月3日依照该更替契约完成。

产业投资和发展

吉隆坡成功时代广场

BTSSB乃是成功资产的主要子公司,它拥有和经营 吉隆坡的成功时代广场购物中心。成功时代广场备受 认同为马来西亚最具规模的内城购物与休闲广场,总 建筑面积广达7百50万方尺,地段面积为10英亩。 作为一个备受游客和中产阶级及大众欢迎的国际地 标,成功时代广场拥有一座12层购物广场,两座46 层的服务式套房和酒店大楼,2层酒店层,3层办公室 层,5 层地下停车场和10层附属停车场。

截至2015年6月为止,运营进入第十二年的成功时代 广场取得84%的出租率,其包括停车场在内的可出租 总面积为3百20万方尺。





TonyMoly 是供应护肤和身体护理产品的全球化妆品牌。

龙的传人的佳肴是从中国丰富多样的美食中获得灵感。

成功时代广场每月平均吸引2百50万名访客,该12 层分层式购物中心的面积大约是3百50万方尺,内有:

- 超过1,000单位地点具策略性的零售店和饮食店;
- 成功时代广场主题乐园是马来西亚最大型的室内
 主题乐园,内有14种主要的骑乘设备和景点;
- 其IT中心面积超过34,090方尺,并迎合所有现 代化的数码生活方式需求;
- 拥有9个银幕的Golden Screen Cinemas (GSC);
- GSC Maxx, 马来西亚最大型的数码放映厅, 拥 有555个座位;
- Ampang Superbowl 国内最大型的保龄球中 心之一, 拥有48条球道;
- 广场底层的 Taste of Asia 美食中心,以及第 4 层中区的 Lifestyle Food Channel;
- 1st Avenue,城中最先建立的主题零售区域之一,面积25,000方尺和拥有35个店铺和45个售货亭,以创造纽约第五大道的购物体验;
- Central Park 是位于第3层中区的购物区域,拥 有40家生活方式专卖店和著名的生活方式品牌, 其经过美化的面积达5,000方尺;
- 小台北是位于第3层东区的购物区域,面积广达 6,459 方尺。内有43个售卖各种新奇产品的小 型店铺,以及7个售卖各种街头食品和小吃的售 货亭;
- 第2层东区是一个全新区域,它容纳各时尚零售店,也是国际美食天堂。

成功时代广场是健力士世界纪录大全之世界最大型胶 囊贩卖机的纪录持有者,并于2014年成功推介 First Ames Room, First Gamers' Vault 和马来西亚最 大的仿制圣诞树而受到马来西亚纪录大全承认。 随着第2层东区在今年较早时开张,许多著名餐 饮品牌如 MJ Kafe,Kafe Vietnam,YiCha Café,Rusco,Boat Noodles,Big Spoon,Cha Tra Mue,Kkuldak 和Marutama Ramen的入 驻增添了成功时代广场的餐饮选项。有意品尝亚洲 和国际美食的购物人士则可光顾底层的 Taste of Asia,或第4 层中区刚完成翻新的 Lifestyle Food Channel。通过在第7 层中区引进 Escape Room 和 Laser Battle 等新租户,成功时代广场进一步发 挥它作为吉隆坡理想家庭娱乐购物中心的定位。

新山 Berjaya Waterfront

在新山, Berjaya Waterfront ("BWaterfront") 位于政府批准之依斯干达特区内的策略性地点,它拥有面积 8英亩的免税区,包括一座12层的酒店和一座4层购物中心,内有地下停车场及附设一座6层停车场,以呈献一系列零售,娱乐,餐饮和休闲选项。

BWaterfront 已完成其现行工程的多个阶段以提升 各种设施和服务。该购物中心的正面已重新髹上一 层白漆而变得焕然一新,使到它再次成为 Stulang Laut 的代表性地标。该购物中心耗资RM1百30万的 厕所整修工程已在2015年6月底完成,而购物中心内 的天花板整修工程已在2015年8月中动工,并预定在 2015年11月底完成。这些提升将可改善该购物中心 的整体外观,预料可吸引更多租户,再加上推行各种 营销和宣传策略,必能为访客带来全新的购物体验。

为了方便乘客从该购物中心前往渡轮码头,位于第2 层的连接人行道即将进行改造。渡轮乘客将可一边在 各食店享受美食,一边俯瞰新柔长堤的特出海景,以 及在离开渡轮码头之前在特选的免税商店购买纪念 品。BWaterfront渡轮码头也是前来休闲,经商,甚 至接受医药治疗的印尼旅客常用的国际入境站之一。





NASB 赞助 RM10,000 予 2015 年 Padawan 佳节庆典。



NASB 赞助 RM35,000 予古晋 CASHSWEEP 武术表演。

由于搭乘渡轮前往巴淡岛的 Harbour Bay 和 Batam Centre仅需90分钟,前往民丹岛则需150分 钟,且费用实惠,BWaterfront渡轮码头仍然是国内 外旅客的首选。这些渡轮都很宽敞,拥有全面冷气设 备及符合国际安全要求。

地点适中的BWaterfront酒店,取道主要长堤通道前往新加坡只需5分钟车程。它拥有400间客房和套房,以及南马最具规模的MICE("会议,奖励旅游大会和展览")设备之一,该酒店具备通往依斯干达特区,即南马发展走廊的便利,该特区向来以马来西亚乐高乐园,Puteri Harbour家庭主题乐园和Johor Premium Outlets等旅游胜地著称。

新山Menara MSC Cyberport

座落于新山的 Menara MSC Cyberport是南马 第一个拥有ISO9001:2000认证的大马多媒体超级 走廊网络中心。该建筑物位于新山市中心心脏地带 Tanjung Puteri的 Bukit Meldrum 路,内有 76 单位的办公室产业,面积大约 282,373 方尺。此 外,它也位于衔接马来西亚至新加坡的长堤旁,并 在新的关税,移民和检疫(CIQ)大厦对面。截至目 前,60个办公室单位已拥有租户。这项收购行动是在 于扩大本公司的产业投资组合,并进一步加强本公司 在崛起中的柔佛经济枢纽的地位。

博彩

Natural Avenue 私人有限公司

NASB是砂拉越马会之Special Cash Sweep Number Forecast Lotteries的独家代理, 营业至 今已有20年。NASB的营业额降低乃是因为经济和监 管环境继续面对各种挑战, 同时也须应付砂拉越非法 4D赌博和网络赌博越来越猖獗的状况。

企业社会责任("CSR")

成功时代广场是在2015年3月28日举行之成功创办 人日活动的场地赞助商。在今年的盛会上,丹斯里拿 督斯里陈志远,更美好马来西亚基金会及成功关怀 基金会,联合捐献大约RM2千零80万给79家慈善机 构。

成功时代广场也大力赞助国内的社区活动,例如 BTS Christmas 2014-Words Change Worlds 运动,Berjaya Youth Stop Hunger Now膳食包 装活动,世界宣明会-Open Up Your World 运 动,马来亚大学捐血日,成功礼待大学的Learning Disabled 企业社会责任活动,捐助水灾灾民慈善活 动,第19 届残疾人士国际西洋棋比赛和第3届残疾 人士中国象棋比赛,以及捐赠旧衣物运动给予罗兴亚 难民等等。

在受检讨的财政年度,NASB也推行了多项企业社会 责任活动,首先是每年捐献RM300,000给砂拉越马 会的肾脏基金,以协助因患上肾衰竭病而需要财务援 助的弱势人士,让他们在古晋,诗巫和美里多家洗肾 中心接受洗肾治疗。

NASB也在美里举办一项农历新年慈善活动,除了呈 献各种娱宾和欢乐节目,同时也分发红包给750名来 自27个慈善组织的砂拉越居民。

秉承其支持体育和文化活动的传统,NASB赞助了由 古晋南市市议会配合其年度古晋节庆典而举办的古晋 CASHSWEEP 武术表演。该盛会获得超过1,000名



2015 年 NASB 代理成就颁奖典礼。



成功时代广场主要入口处的农历新年装饰。

武术好手展示砂拉越不同族群的 25 种不同的武术。 NASB也参与了日益受欢迎的CASHSWEEP Padawan竹筏漂流赛,这项比赛是由Padawan市议 会配合Padawan 佳节庆典而举办。大约有 1,000 名本地和外国参加者参与这项长达 20 公里的漂流 赛,并获得本地和国际报章和电视台予以报道。

除了上述企业社会责任活动之外,NASB也赞助各种 本地文化和社会活动,尤其着重在砂拉越的乡区。

未来展望

在2015年的第二季度,马来西亚的经济预料将保持 4.2% 的适度成长率,私人和公共领域依然是成长的 主要推动力。在2015年4月落实的消费税 ("GST") 和原油价格的滑跌,加上旅游业表现欠佳以及马来西 亚令吉疲弱现象已对马来西亚经济造成影响。尽管如 此,BTSSB集团所经营的产业投资,酒店和相关业 务,以及由NASB经营的博彩业务,预料将可维持其 入住率和市场份额。本集团也预测截至2016年6月 3 日之年度整体运营表现将具挑战性。

感谢

我谨代表董事部感谢和衷心感激我们的管理层,所有 员工和代理们为本集团的成就付出的承诺。董事部也 在此感谢本公司顾客,来往商家,融资机构,股东, 零售商和监管当局的持续支持与合作。

对于诸位董事部成员,我衷心感谢他们的积极参与以 及为董事部所作出的贡献,并希望在来临的2016财 政年继续获得他们的支持。

YAM Tunku Dato' Seri Shahabuddin bin Tunku Besar Burhanuddin 主席 2015 年 10 月 12 日

GROUP FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Description	12 months ended 30 June 2015 RM'000	12 months ended 30 June 2014 RM'000	12 months ended 30 June 2013 RM'000	14 months ended 30 June 2012 RM'000	12 months ended 30 April 2011 RM'000
Revenue	412,767	419,426	361,651	331,370	354,000
Profit Before Tax	108,107	121,699	70,841	201,309	368,886
Profit For The Year/Period	83,977	50,599	52,887	183,224	295,937
Profit Attributable To Owners Of The Parent	72,711	45,341	45,819	177,290	290,646
Share Capital	1,113,042	1,113,042	1,113,042	1,113,042	1,113,042
Reserves	1,000,480	966,604	1,097,070	1,069,273	727,647
Equity Funds	2,113,522	2,079,646	2,210,112	2,182,315	1,840,689
Non-controlling Interests	416,711	418,681	3 ,841	3,647	5,013
Total Equity	2,530,233	2,498,327	2,213,953	2,185,962	1,845,702
Deferred Tax Liabilities	67,775	54,664	15,978	10,077	245,814
Long Term Liabilities	551,213	476,153	564,899	370,943	331,055
Current Liabilities	374,041	220,948	214,769	104,930	103,314
Total Liabilities	993,029	751,765	795,646	485,950	680,183
Total Equity And Liabilities	3,523,262	3,250,092	3,009,599	2,671,912	2,525,885
Property, Plant and Equipment	292,401	298,526	304,644	169,269	179,869
Investment Properties	2,475,216	2,117,775	2,108,636	1,878,996	1,791,850
Land Held for Property Development	95,071	27,104	-	-	-
Associated Company	-	-	-	-	-
Joint Ventures	14,450	9,144	5,543	4,940	5,999
Investments	170,835	271,339	122,903	137,147	177,206
Derivative Asset	-	37	71	104	166
Deferred Tax Assets	-	-	16,978	2,138	-
Goodwill	140,636	140,636	140,636	140,636	140,609
Other Intangible Asset	15,366	16,467	17,568	18,669	19,770
Total Non-Current Assets	3,203,975	2,881,028	2,716,979	2,351,899	2,315,469
Current Assets	319,287	369,064	292,620	320,013	210,416
Total Assets	3,523,262	3,250,092	3,009,599	2,671,912	2,525,885
Net Assets Per Share (RM)	1.90	1.87	1.99	1.96	1.65
Earnings Per Share (Sen)	6.53	4.07	4.12	15.93	26.11
Gross Dividend Rate (Sen)	1.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	4.00

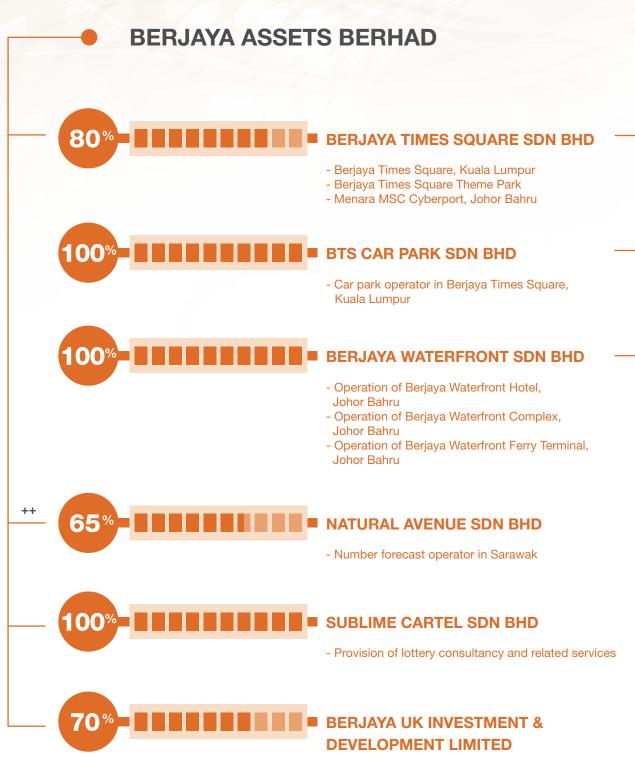
Note:

Where additional shares are issued, the earnings per share is calculated on a weighted average number of shares in issue.



摘要	截至 6月30日 的12个月 2015 RM'000	截至 6月30日 的12个月 2014 RM'000	截至 6月30日 的12个月 2013 RM'000	截至 6月30日 的14个月 2012 RM'000	截至 4月30日 的12个月 2011 RM'000
共业场	410 707	410,400	001 001	001.070	054.000
营业额	412,767	419,426	361,651	331,370	354,000
税前盈利 全年/期益	108,107 83,977	121,699 50,599	70,841 52,887	201,309 183,224	368,886 295,937
王平/ 新血 可分配予母公司拥有者的盈利	72,711	45,341	45,819	177,290	290,646
	1,113,042	1,113,042	1,113,042	1,113,042	1,113,042
储备金	1,000,480	966,604	1,097,070	1,069,273	727,647
	2,113,522	2,079,646	2,210,112	2,182,315	1,840,689
非控股股东权益	416,711	418,681	3 ,841	3,647	5,013
	2,530,233	2,498,327	2,213,953	2,185,962	1,845,702
	67,775	54,664	15,978	10,077	245,814
长期债务	551,213	476,153	564,899	370,943	331,055
流动债务	374,041	220,948	214,769	104,930	103,314
	993,029	751,765	795,646	485,950	680,183
股东权益及债务总额	3,523,262	3,250,092	3,009,599	2,671,912	2,525,885
	292,401	298,526	304,644	169,269	179,869
投资产业	2,475,216	2,117,775	2,108,636	1,878,996	1,791,850
持有供产业发展用途的地段	95,071	27,104	-	-	-
联号公司	-	-	-	-	-
合资企业	14,450	9,144	5,543	4,940	5,999
投资	170,835	271,339	122,903	137,147	177,206
衍生资产	-	37	71	104	166
递延税务资产	-	-	16,978	2,138	-
商誉	140,636	140,636	140,636	140,636	140,609
其他无形资产	15,366	16,467	17,568	18,669	19,770
流动环资产总额	3,203,975	2,881,028	2,716,979	2,351,899	2,315,469
流动资产	319,287	369,064	292,620	320,013	210,416
资产总额	3,523,262	3,250,092	3,009,599	2,671,912	2,525,885
每股净资产(RM)	1.90	1.87	1.99	1.96	1.65
每股收益(Sen)	6.53	4.07	4.12	15.93	26.11
毛股息率(Sen)	1.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	4.00

CORPORATE STRUC of main operating companies as at 12 October 2015



- Islington on the Green, London, United Kingdom

++ Combined Interest

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Overview

Berjaya Assets Berhad ("BAssets") and its subsidiary companies operate in two major operating business segments: property investment and development business segment and the gaming business segment.

PERFORMANCE REVIEW BY BUSINESS SEGMENTS

PROPERTY INVESTMENT AND DEVELOPMENT

Revenue

For the financial year ended 30 June 2015, Berjaya Times Square Sdn Bhd group ("BTSSB group") recorded a revenue of RM176.6 million compared to the previous year's revenue of RM178.5 million. There was no sale of property reported in the financial year under review as compared to the previous financial year. The improved rental revenue of Berjaya Times Square ("BTS") mall and Berjaya Waterfront ("BWaterfront") mall along with a higher revenue reported by BWaterfront's jetty division mitigated the impact of lower revenue recorded by BTS Theme Park and BWaterfront hotel division.

Profit Before Tax

Profit before tax decreased to RM64.9 million from RM95.5 million in the previous financial year due to the increase in administrative and operating costs such as personnel cost, service charge expenses, utilities and assessment bills. BTSSB group also reported a lower revaluation surplus and gain on disposal of investment properties for the financial year under review.

Profit After Tax

Profit after tax for BTSSB group improved to RM48.3 million from RM33.3 million in the previous financial year due to a lower deferred tax expense for the financial year under review.

Prospects

In line with its objective to grow BTS into an internationally renowned shopping mall, BTSSB group will continue to promote more innovative and exciting retail activities that will interest regular shoppers and attract new visitors to the mall. BTSSB group is also looking at expanding its income stream with its recent proposal to develop a piece of land located beside BTS into a service suite and commercial centre.

In Johor Bahru, with the completion of the BWaterfront mall refurbishment exercise, BTSSB group hopes to bring in more interesting tenants as well as create a more holistic shopping experience for visitors to the mall. It also expects to maintain its occupancy rates for its office units in Menara MSC Cyberport.

GAMING

Revenue

For the financial year under review, Natural Avenue Sdn Bhd ("NASB") recorded a 5.9% decrease in revenue to RM225.5 million from RM239.8 million in the previous financial year, mainly due to lower normal draw sales compared to the previous financial year as a result of the challenging economic and regulatory environment coupled with more rampant illegal 4D gaming and cyber gaming in the state.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Profit Before Tax

Profit before tax decreased to RM17.9 million from RM25.7 million in the previous financial year due to lower revenue coupled with higher prize payout for the financial year under review. NASB also incurred additional expenses from the implementation of the Goods and Services Tax ("GST") in the fourth quarter of the financial year under review.

Profit After Tax

Profit after tax was correspondingly lower at RM13.3 million from RM19.3 million in the previous financial year.

Prospects

NASB is expected to face a challenging landscape as illegal gaming has become more rampant in Sarawak. However, NASB will continue to implement the necessary improvements in its customer service and marketing promotions activities as well as strategically relocate its sales outlets in order to improve sales.

The Board of Directors of Berjaya Assets Berhad (or "the Company") acknowledges that good corporate governance is vital to uphold the business integrity and to sustain the performance and profitability of the Group's business operation. The Board is committed in ensuring that the principles and recommendations as set out in the Malaysian Code of Corporate Governance 2012 ("MCCG 2012") are observed and practised.

The following sections explain how the Group has applied the principles of the MCCG 2012 and the extent in which it has applied the principles and complied with the recommendations as set out in the MCCG 2012 throughout the financial year ended 30 June 2015.

1. ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE BOARD

The Board of Directors of the Company comprising members with appropriate competencies, knowledge, skills and experience from diverse sectors and backgrounds, plays an important role in the stewardship and direction of the operations of the Group.

The Board is responsible for the effective leadership and control of the Group and this includes, inter-alia, the following:

- a) reviewing, adopting and monitoring the implementation of a strategic business plan for the Group;
- b) overseeing the conduct of the Company's business to evaluate whether the business is being properly managed;
- c) identifying principal risks to ensure the implementation of appropriate systems to manage these risks;
- d) maintaining shareholders and investors relations of the Company; and
- e) reviewing the adequacy and integrity of the Company's internal control systems and management systems; including systems for compliance with applicable laws, regulations, rules, directives and guidelines.

The Board delegates the authority and responsibilities for managing the everyday affairs of the Group to the Executive Directors and through them and subject to their oversight, to other senior management. The Executive Directors lead the senior management team in making and implementing the day-to-day decisions on the business operations and management, managing resources and risks in pursuing the corporate objectives of the Group.

The Board has delegated certain responsibilities to the Board Committees that function within clearly defined terms of references. Currently, the Board Committees comprise the Audit and Risk Management Committee, Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee. The Board also periodically reviews the terms of reference of the Board Committees to ensure their relevance.

The ultimate responsibility for decision making in the Company still lies with the Board as a whole.

Directors' Code of Conduct/Ethics

The Board has adopted a Code of Ethics for Directors ("Code of Ethics"). The Code of Ethics was formulated to enhance the standard of corporate governance and promote ethical conduct of the Directors. The Group has also put in place a Code of Conduct for its employees to ensure a high standard of ethical and professional conduct is upheld by all its employees in the performance of their duties and responsibilities.

Corporate Strategy to Promote Sustainability

The Board recognises the importance of business sustainability and the impact of the Group's business on the environmental, social and governance aspects is taken into consideration in conducting the Group's business. The Company's activities on corporate responsibilities for the year under review are disclosed on pages 10 to 11 of this Annual Report.

Access to Information and Advice

All the Board members have full and timely access to all information concerning the Company and the Group for the purpose of discharging their duties. The agenda for the Board meetings, together with the Board papers which include reports on the Group's operations, finance, corporate development and proposals, are provided in sufficient time prior to Board meetings to enable the Directors to have an overview of matters to be discussed or reviewed at the meetings and to obtain further explanation or clarification, if any, to facilitate informed decision making. Senior management and/or advisers are invited to attend the Board meetings, where necessary, to provide explanation or additional information on the relevant agenda items tabled at the meetings. Tapping into the advancement of information technology, the Company has implemented the electronic delivery and supply of information for Board meetings.

The Board is supported by suitably qualified and competent company secretaries who are members of a professional body. The Directors have individual and independent access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary in ensuring the effective functioning of the Board. The Board may also seek advice from the senior management staff in the Group on issues under their respective purview. In addition, the Board may obtain independent professional advice, where necessary, both inside and outside the Company, at the Company's expense on specific issues to enable the Board to discharge its duties in relation to matters being deliberated.

Board Charter

The Board has formally adopted a Board Charter which sets out the roles, duties and responsibilities as well as the composition and processes to enable all Board members, acting on behalf of the Company, to be aware of their duties and responsibilities at all times. The Board Charter is reviewed annually to ensure that it remains consistent with the Board's roles and objectives. The Board Charter is available on the Company's website at www.berjaya. com/berjaya-assets/index.html.

2. COMPOSITION OF THE BOARD

The Board currently has nine (9) members comprising:-

- The Chairman (who is Independent Non-Executive);
- Two (2) Executive Directors;
- Three (3) Non-Independent Non-Executive Directors; and
- Three (3) Independent Non-Executive Directors.

This composition fulfils the requirements as set out under the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Listing Requirements") which stipulates that at least two (2) Directors or one-third of the Board, whichever is higher, must be independent.

The Executive and Non-Executive Directors, with their different backgrounds and experiences in the fields of finance, accounting, property development, business development and investment, provide an optimum mix of skills and experience for a balanced and effective Board. The Board is satisfied with the current size and composition of its Board members. A brief profile of each Director is contained in pages 2 to 6 of the Annual Report.

Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee of the Company comprises exclusively of non-executive Directors, all of whom are independent Directors. The Nomination Committee currently comprises the following members:-

- 1. YAM Tunku Dato' Seri Shahabuddin Bin Tunku Besar Burhanuddin Chairman / Independent Non-Executive
- 2. Heng Kiah Choong
- 3. Dato' Mohd Salleh Bin Ahmad

- Member / Independent Non-Executive
 - Member / Independent Non-Executive

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The Nomination Committee is responsible amongst others, for identifying and making recommendations for any appointments and re-election of Board members or Board committee members. When considering new appointments, the Nomination Committee would consider the size, composition, mix of skills, experience, competencies and other qualities of the existing Board and the level of commitment, resources and time that the recommended candidate can contribute to the existing Board and the Group. The Nomination Committee would then make the necessary recommendation to the Board if the proposed candidate is found to be suitable.

On an annually basis, the Nomination Committee would review the size, balance and composition of the Board to ensure that the Board has the appropriate mix of expertise and experience and collectively possesses the necessary core competencies for effective functioning and informed decision-making.

The Nomination Committee is also tasked under its terms of reference to carry out the necessary evaluation of the effectiveness of each Director, the Board and the Board Committees on an annual basis. During the financial year, the Committee had carried out an annual evaluation assessment as an effort to determine and monitor the level of effectiveness of the Board, the Board Committees as well as the Board members. The evaluation process also involved a peer and self-review assessment, where Directors will assess their own performance and that of their fellow Directors. These assessments and comments by all Directors were summarised and discussed at the Nomination Committee meeting which were then reported to the Board at the Board Meeting held thereafter. Based on the assessment conducted, the Nomination Committee and the Board were satisfied with the level of performance and effectiveness of the Board members and the Board Committees.

Boardroom Gender Diversity

The current Board composition has no female board member. The Board presently does not have a policy on boardroom gender diversity as the Board believes in providing equal opportunity to candidates who have the skills, experiences, core competencies and other qualities regardless of gender.

Re-election and Re-appointment of Director

The Nomination Committee also conducted an assessment of the Directors who are subject to retirement at the annual general meeting ("AGM") in accordance with the provisions of the Articles of Association of the Company and the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 1965.

In accordance with the Company's Articles of Association, one-third (1/3) of the Directors shall retire from office, at least once in three (3) years. Retiring Directors can offer themselves for re-election. Directors who are appointed by the Board during the financial year will offer themselves for re-election by the shareholders at the AGM held following their appointments.

Pursuant to Section 129(6) of the Companies Act, 1965, Directors who are over the age of seventy (70) years shall retire at every AGM, and may offer themselves for re-appointment to hold office until the next AGM.

Remuneration Policies and Procedures

The Remuneration Committee of the Company comprises exclusively of non-executive Directors, all of whom are independent Directors and its composition is as follows:-

- 1. YAM Tunku Dato' Seri Shahabuddin Bin Tunku Besar Burhanuddin Chairman / Independent Non-Executive
- 2. Heng Kiah Choong

- Member / Independent Non-Executive

3. Dato' Mohd Salleh Bin Ahmad

- Member / Independent Non-Executive

The Remuneration Committee is entrusted with the responsibilities to set up the policy framework and to make recommendations to the Board on all elements of the remuneration and other terms of employment of the Executive Directors. The remuneration of Directors is determined at levels which enable the Company to attract and retain Directors with the relevant experience and expertise to manage the business of the Group effectively.

The determination of the remuneration packages for the Non-Executive Directors, including the non-executive Chairman, is a matter for the Board as a whole with the Director concerned abstaining from deliberations and voting on decisions in respect of his individual remuneration package. The Board recommends the Directors' fees payable to Non-Executive Directors on a yearly basis to the shareholders for approval at the AGM.

The aggregate Directors' remuneration paid or payable to the Directors in office during the financial year by the Company and the Group categorised into appropriate components for the financial year ended 30 June 2015 are as follows:-

	<	<>			
	Fees	Salaries and Other Emoluments	Bonus	Benefits-in- kind	Total
Executive	10	691	33	-	734
Non-Executive	130	16	-	-	146
	140	707	33	-	880

The number of Directors of the Company who served during the financial year and whose total remuneration from the Group falling within the respective bands is as follows:-

	Number of Directors		
Range of Remuneration (RM)	Executive Director(s)	Non-Executive Director(s)	
1 - 50,000	-	5	
150,001 - 200,000	1	-	
500,001 - 550,000	1	-	
Total :	2	5	

3. INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS

Assessment of Independent Directors

The presence of Independent Directors provides objectivity to the Board's decisions, ensuring that all strategies proposed by the management are fully discussed and examined, and taking into account the long-term interests of stakeholders, including shareholders, employees, customers, suppliers and the various communities in which the Company conducts its business.

The Board through the Nomination Committee assessed the independence of the Independent Directors based on the criteria set out in the Listing Requirements on an annual basis. Based on the assessment conducted for the financial year ended 30 June 2015, the Board is satisfied with the level of independence demonstrated by all the Independent Directors and their ability to act in the best interests of the Company. The Board has also received confirmations in writing from all the Independent Directors of their independence based on its policy on criteria of assessing independence in line with the definition of "Independent Directors" prescribed by the Listing Requirements.

Tenure of Independent Director

The Board takes cognizance of the recommendation of the MCCG 2012 that the tenure of an Independent Director should not exceed a cumulative term of nine (9) years. Upon completion of the nine years, an Independent Director may continue to serve on the Board but will be re-designated as a non-Independent Director. In the event the Board wishes to retain such Director as an Independent Director, the Board must justify and seek shareholders' approval.

As at the date of this statement, Mr Heng Kiah Choong and Dato' Mohd Salleh Bin Ahmad have served the Board for more than nine years. The Company had obtained shareholders' approvals at the last AGM held on 4 December 2014 to retain Mr Heng Kiah Choong and Dato' Mohd Salleh Bin Ahmad as Independent Non-Executive Directors of the Company notwithstanding that they had been on the Board of the Company for a cumulative term of more than 9 years. The Nomination Committee and the Board have upon their annual assessments conducted for the year 2015, concluded that Mr Heng Kiah Choong and Dato' Mohd Salleh Bin Ahmad had remained independent and recommended that the approval of the shareholders be sought at the Company's forthcoming AGM to retain Mr Heng Kiah Choong and Dato' Mohd Salleh Bin Ahmad as Independent Non-Executive Directors of the Company based on the following justifications:-

- a) Mr Heng Kiah Choong:-
 - i) he fulfilled the criteria under the definition of Independent Director as stated in the Listing Requirements, and thus, he would be able to function as a check and balance, bring an element of objectivity to the Board.
 - ii) he has been with the Company for more than 9 years and is familiar with the Company's business operations.
 - iii) he remains objective and independent in expressing his views and participating in deliberations and decision making process of the Board and Board Committees. The length of his service on the Board does not in any way interfere with his exercise of independent judgement and ability to act in the best interests of the Company.
 - iv) he has exercised his due care during his tenure as an Independent Non-Executive Director and as Chairman of the Audit and Risk Management Committee of the Company and carried out his professional duties in the interests of the Company and the shareholders.
- b) Dato' Mohd Salleh Bin Ahmad:-
 - he fulfilled the criteria under the definition of Independent Director as stated in the Listing Requirements, and thus, he would be able to function as a check and balance, bring an element of objectivity to the Board.
 - ii) he has been with the Company for more than 9 years and is familiar with the Company's business operations.
 - iii) he remains objective and independent in expressing his view and participating in deliberations and decision making process of the Board and Board Committees. The length of his service on the Board does not in any way interfere with his exercise of independent judgement and ability to act in the best interests of the Company.
 - iv) he has exercised his due care during his tenure as an Independent Non-Executive Director and carried out his professional duties in the interests of the Company and the shareholders.

4. BOARD COMMITMENT

The Board meets regularly on a quarterly basis with additional meetings being convened when necessary. The meeting dates are planned ahead of schedule to ensure that each member of the Board is committed to meet when the time arises. During the financial year ended 30 June 2015, the Board met five (5) times and the record of attendance of each Director is set out below:-

Directors	No. of Meetings Attended
YAM Tunku Dato' Seri Shahabuddin Bin Tunku Besar Burhanuddin#	5/5
Tan Thiam Chai	5/5
Datuk Lye Ek Seang	5/5
Chan Kien Sing	5/5
Lim Meng Kwong	4/5
Dato' Dickson Tan Yong Loong	5/5
Datuk Robert Yong Kuen Loke#	4/5
Heng Kiah Choong [#]	5/5
Dato' Mohd Salleh Bin Ahmad [#]	5/5

Denotes Independent Non-Executive Directors

All the Directors have attended no less than 50% of the Board meetings held during the financial year. During intervals between Board meetings, any matters requiring Board's decisions and approvals will be obtained through circular resolutions of the Directors. These circular resolutions will then be noted at the next Board meeting.

All Directors have complied with the restrictions on the number of directorships in public listed companies as prescribed under the Listing Requirements. Each Director is expected to commit time as and when required to discharge the relevant duties and responsibilities, besides attending meetings of the Board and Board Committees. All Board members are required to notify the Chairman of the Board before accepting new directorships outside the Group. Similarly, the Chairman of the Board shall also do likewise before taking up any additional appointment as a director. The notification will also include an approximate indication of time that will be spent by the Directors on the new directorships. The Board is satisfied with the existing level of time commitment given by the Directors towards fulfilling their roles and responsibilities.

Directors' Training

The Board recognizes the importance of training as a continuous education process for the Directors in order to ensure that the Directors stay abreast of the latest developments and changes in laws and regulations, business environment and new challenges and to equip the Directors with the necessary knowledge and skills to enable them to fulfil their responsibilities and to discharge their duties effectively.

All Directors have attended the Mandatory Accreditation Programme ("MAP") prescribed by Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities"). Apart from the MAP, the Directors have also attended the Continuing Education Programme ("CEP") conducted by various course leaders. The Directors are mindful that they should continually attend seminars and courses to keep themselves updated on regulatory and corporate governance developments, besides enhancing their professionalism and knowledge to effectively discharge their duties and obligations.

The Directors are also encouraged to evaluate their own training needs on a continuous basis and to determine the relevant programmes, seminars, briefings or dialogues available that would best enable them to enhance their knowledge and contributions to the Board.

During the financial year, the Directors had attended various training programmes and seminars, details of which are as follows:-

Director	Seminars / Conferences / Forum
YAM Tunku Dato' Seri Shahabuddin Bin Tunku Besar Burhanuddin	 In-house training conducted by Baker Tilly Monteiro Heng Governance Sdn Bhd on Presentation of Personal Data Protection Act 2010
Tan Thiam Chai	- Appointment of ACCA Approved Employer - Trainee Development, Gold
	- Customised Advocacy Session for Directors by Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad
	- Enhanced Understanding of Risk Management and Internal Control by Bursa Malaysia Berhad
Datuk Lye Ek Seang	- Appreciation & Application of ASEAN Corporate Governance Scorecard
	- Government Intervention in Business: Some Public Policy Issues
	- Customised Advocacy Session for Directors by Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad
Chan Kien Sing	- Advocacy Session on Corporate Disclosure
	- CEO Forum 2014 – Perdana Leadership Foundation
	- MIA Conference 2014
	- Customised Advocacy Session for Directors by Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad
Lim Meng Kwong	- Corporate Governance Seminar conducted by Philippine Corporate Enhancement and Governance, Inc
Dato' Dickson Tan Yong Loong	- In-house training conducted by PricewaterhouseCoopers Taxation Services Sdn Bhd which covered the topic on GST Implementation
Datuk Robert Yong Kuen Loke	- Customised Advocacy Session for Directors by Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad
Heng Kiah Choong	- Nominating Committee Programme 2: Effective Board Evaluations
	- Customised Advocacy Session for Directors by Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad
	- Audit Oversight Board Conversation with Audit Committee
Dato' Mohd Salleh Bin Ahmad	- Appreciation & Application of ASEAN Corporate Governance Scorecard
	- Nominating Committee Programme 2: Effective Board Evaluations
	- Government Intervention in Business: Some Public Policy Issues
	- The New Landscape for Global Political Risk Management
	- Customised Advocacy Session for Directors by Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad

5. FINANCIAL REPORTING

Directors' Responsibility Statement in respect of Financial Statements

The Directors are required by the Companies Act, 1965 to prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group and of the results and cash flows of the Company and of the Group as at the end of the financial year. In preparing those financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- (a) select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- (b) state whether applicable financial reporting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures being disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- (c) make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- (d) prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Directors, in preparing the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2015, are satisfied that the Group has used appropriate accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent. All applicable financial reporting standards have also been followed in the preparation of the financial statements which have been prepared on a going concern basis.

The Directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and of the Group and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act, 1965. The Directors are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Group and reasonable steps have been taken to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

Compliance with applicable Financial Reporting Standards

One of the key responsibilities of the Audit and Risk Management Committee is to review the quarterly results and financial statements of the Group and to ensure that such quarterly results and financial statements comply with the applicable financial reporting standards. The quarterly financial results and audited financial statements were reviewed by the Audit and Risk Management Committee and approved by the Board before they are released to Bursa Securities. The Audit and Risk Management Committee would meet with the External Auditors to review the scope and adequacy of the audit process, the annual financial statements and their audit findings. Furthermore, the Audit and Risk Management Committee is updated regularly by the External Auditors on the changes in financial reporting standards which are applicable to the Group.

Further, the Company has always maintained a formal and transparent relationship with its auditors in seeking professional advice and ensuring compliance with the accounting standards in Malaysia. The external auditors are required to declare their independence annually to the Audit and Risk Management Committee as specified by the By-Laws issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants. The external auditors had made declaration in their annual audit plan presented to the Audit and Risk Management Committee that they were independent in accordance with the terms of the relevant professional and regulatory requirements.

The Audit and Risk Management Committee had assessed and is satisfied with the competence and independence of the external auditors and had recommended the re-appointment of the external auditors to the Board of Directors and thereafter to be tabled for the shareholders' approval at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

6. **RISKS MANAGEMENT**

The Board of Directors acknowledges that risk management and internal controls is an integral part of the overall management processes. It is an ongoing process to identify, evaluate, monitor and manage and mitigate the risks that may affect the achievement of its business and corporate objectives.

The Audit and Risk Management Committee is entrusted to provide advice and assistance to the Board in fulfilling its statutory and fiduciary responsibilities relating to the Company's internal and external audit functions, risk management and matters that may significantly impact the financial conditions or affairs of the business.

The internal audit function of the Group was outsourced to the internal auditors of its affiliated company, Berjaya Land Berhad to assist the Audit and Risk Management Committee in discharging its duties and responsibilities. The internal auditors' responsibilities include providing independent and objective reports on the state of internal controls of the various operating units in the Group to the Audit and Risk Management Committee, with the recommendations for improvement to the control procedures.

The details of the risk management and system of internal control of the Company are set out in the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Controls in this Annual Report.

7. TIMELY DISCLOSURES

The Board will ensure that it adheres to and comply with the disclosure requirements of the Listing Requirements as well as the Corporate Disclosure Guide issued by Bursa Securities.

The Board recognises the importance of timely dissemination of information to shareholders and investors to ensure that they are well informed of all major developments of the Company and the Group. The Company keeps the shareholders, investors and members of the public abreast of all the Group's performance and operation through a comprehensive annual report and financial statements, circular to shareholders, quarterly financial reports and the various announcements made during the year.

Apart from the announcements published through the website of Bursa Securities, the Company also maintains a website at www.berjaya.com/berjaya-assets/index.html where shareholders as well as members of the public can access for the latest information on the Company.

8. RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN COMPANY AND SHAREHOLDERS

The Company fully recognises the rights of the shareholders and encourages them to exercise their rights at the Company's general meetings. The AGM remains the principal forum for dialogue with shareholders where they may seek clarifications on the Group's businesses. The Chairman of the meeting provided time for the shareholders to ask questions for each agenda in the notice of the general meetings. At each AGM, the Board presents the progress and performance of the Group's businesses and encourages shareholders to participate through a question and answer session. The Directors, Senior Management and/or external auditors of the Company are available to respond to shareholders' queries during the general meetings. The Notice of the AGM together with the annual report will be dispatched to shareholders at least 21 days before the date of the meeting. The shareholders are thus provided with ample time to review the annual report, to appoint proxy where necessary, and to collate questions to be asked at the AGM.

In line with the MCCG 2012, all the resolutions passed by the shareholders at the previous AGM held on 4 December 2014 were voted by way of a poll. The shareholders were briefed on the voting procedures by the Share Registrar while the results of the poll were verified and announced by the independent scrutineer, Messrs Deloitte.

The Board has identified YAM Tunku Dato' Seri Shahabuddin Bin Tunku Besar Burhanuddin as the Senior Independent Non-Executive Director of the Board to whom queries or concerns may be conveyed.

9. COMPLIANCE WITH THE MCCG 2012

The Board is satisfied that the Company has, in all material aspects, complied with the principles and recommendations of the MCCG 2012 during the financial year ended 30 June 2015.

STATEMENT ON RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

INTRODUCTION

The Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance requires listed companies to maintain a sound system of internal control to safeguard shareholders' investments and the Group's assets. The Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities") Main Market Listing Requirements require Directors of listed companies to include a statement in annual reports on the state of their risk managements and internal controls. The Bursa Securities' Statement on Internal Control: Guidance for Directors of Public Listed Companies ("Guidance") provides guidance for compliance with these requirements. The Board's Risk Management and Internal Control Statement, which has been prepared in accordance with the Guidance, is set out below.

RESPONSIBILITY

The Board of Directors recognises the importance of sound internal controls and risk management practices for good corporate governance. The Board affirms its overall responsibility for the Group's systems of internal controls and risk management, and for reviewing the adequacy and integrity of those systems. It should be noted, however, that such systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives. In addition, it should be noted that any system could provide only reasonable, and not absolute assurance, against material misstatement or loss.

The Group had in place an ongoing process for identifying, evaluating, monitoring and managing the significant risks affecting the achievement of its business objectives throughout the period. The Board regularly reviews and discusses these processes.

The Board has obtained assurance from the Executive Directors who are primarily responsible for the management of the financial affairs of the Company that the Group's risk management and internal control system is operating adequately and effectively, in all material aspects.

RISK MANAGEMENT FRAMEWORK

The Board has established an organisation structure with clearly defined lines of accountability and delegated authority. It has extended the responsibilities of the Audit and Risk Management Committee ("ARMC") to include the work of monitoring all internal controls and risk management. Its review covers matters such as responses to significant risks identified, output from the monitoring process and changes made to the internal control systems.

Having identified the risks to achieve the Group's strategic objectives, each functional area is required to document the management and mitigating actions for each significant risk. New areas are introduced for assessment as the business risk profile changes and are reviewed by the management team.

Each quarter, the management team will prepare a risk profile which summarises the risks, the controls and processes for managing them and the means for assuring management that the processes are effective. This information will be updated in a timely manner and reviewed by the management team who then reports to the ARMC on any significant changes in the business and the external environment that affect key risks.

INTERNAL AUDIT FUNCTIONS

The Board recognizes that effective monitoring on a continuous basis is a vital component of a sound internal control system and had tasked the ARMC with the duty of reviewing and monitoring the effectiveness of the Group's system of internal control. In this respect, the ARMC carries out an internal audit function to monitor and assess the effectiveness of

STATEMENT ON RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

the internal control system. Observations from internal audits are presented to the ARMC together with the management's responses and proposed action plans for its review. The action plans are then followed up during subsequent internal audits and implementation status report would be prepared to update the ARMC.

The internal audit function is outsourced to the Group Internal Audit Division of an affiliated company, Berjaya Land Berhad which reports directly to the ARMC. The scope of work covered by the internal audit function is determined by the ARMC after careful consideration and discussion of the audit plan with the ARMC. The ARMC has reviewed the internal audit reports for several major subsidiary companies of the Group during the financial year.

OTHER KEY ELEMENTS OF INTERNAL CONTROL

The other key elements of the Group's internal control systems are described below:-

- Clearly defined delegation of responsibilities to committees of the Board and to management of Head Office and operating units, including authorisation level for all aspects of the business which are set out in an authority matrix;
- Regular and comprehensive information provided to management, covering financial performance and key business indicators, such as cash flow performance;
- Regular visits to operating units by senior management.

The Board remains committed towards operating a sound system of internal control and therefore recognises that the system must continuously evolve to support the type of business and size of operations of the Group. As such, the Board in striving for continuous improvement will put in place appropriate action plans, where necessary, to further enhance the Group's system for internal control.

The Board through ARMC regularly receives and reviews reports on internal control, which include highlights on significant risks affecting the Group.

The system of internal control was satisfactory and has not resulted in any material losses, contingencies or uncertainties that would require disclosure in the Group's Annual Report.

AUDIT AND RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE REPORT

The Board of Directors of Berjaya Assets Berhad is pleased to present the report of the Audit and Risk Management Committee for the financial year ended 30 June 2015.

MEMBERS AND MEETING ATTENDANCES

The members of the Audit and Risk Management Committee are as follows:

Heng Kiah Choong Chairman/Independent Non-Executive Director

Chan Kien Sing Non-Independent Non-Executive Director

Dato' Mohd Salleh Bin Ahmad

Independent Non-Executive Director

The Audit and Risk Management Committee held five (5) meetings during the financial year ended 30 June 2015. The details of attendance of the members are as follows:

Name	Attendance
Heng Kiah Choong	5/5
Chan Kien Sing	5/5
Dato' Mohd Salleh Bin Ahmad	5/5

The General Manager of Group Internal Audit, the Senior General Manager of Group Accounts and Budgets of Berjaya Corporation Berhad, the Executive Director of Berjaya Times Square Sdn Bhd and the General Manager of Natural Avenue Sdn Bhd were also invited to attend the Audit and Risk Management Committee meetings. The external auditors were also invited to attend three (3) of these meetings.

SUMMARY OF ACTIVITIES OF THE AUDIT AND RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

The activities undertaken by the Audit and Risk Management Committee during the financial year ended 30 June 2015 included the following:

- 1. Reviewed the quarterly and year-to-date unaudited financial results before submission to the Board for consideration and approval;
- 2. Reviewed the external auditors' scope of work and audit plan for the year;
- 3. Reviewed the internal audit reports presented and considered the findings of internal audit in the Group's operating subsidiaries through the review of internal audit reports tabled and management responses thereto and ensuring significant findings were adequately addressed by the management;
- 4. Reviewed the risk management reports of the Group's operating subsidiaries and ensuring appropriate risk management measures and measurement methodologies were in place to reduce business risk exposures;
- 5. Reviewed and discussed the external auditors' audit report and areas of concern in the management letter thereof;
- 6. Reviewed and recommended for Board's approval, the Audited Financial Statements of the Company;

AUDIT AND RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE REPORT

- 7. Reviewed the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control, Statement on Corporate Governance and the Audit and Risk Management Committee Report for inclusion in the Company's Annual Report;
- 8. Reviewed the Internal Audit Plan for year 2016;
- 9. Reported to the Board on its activities and significant findings and results; and
- 10. Reviewed the related party transactions and the shareholders' circulars in relation to recurrent related party transactions.

INTERNAL AUDIT FUNCTION

SUMMARY OF ACTIVITIES OF THE INTERNAL AUDIT FUNCTION

The Company does not have its own in-house Internal Audit function. The internal audit function was outsourced to the internal auditors of its affiliated company, Berjaya Land Berhad, to assist the Audit and Risk Management Committee in discharging its duties and responsibilities. Their role is to provide the Audit and Risk Management Committee with independent and objective reports on the state of internal controls of the operating units within the Group and the extent of compliance by such units with the Group's established policies and procedures.

For the financial year under review, the Internal Auditors conducted audit assignments on various operating units in the Group involved in property investment and management, hotel, car park, theme park, gaming and ferry terminal operations.

The activities undertaken by the Internal Auditors during the financial year ended 30 June 2015 included the following:

- 1. Tabled Internal Audit Plan for the Audit and Risk Management Committee's review and endorsement.
- 2. Reviewed the existing systems, controls and governance processes of various operating units within the Group.
- Conducted audit reviews and evaluated risk exposures relating to the Group's governance process and system of internal controls on reliability and integrity of financial and operational information, safeguarding of assets, efficiency of operations, compliance with established policies and procedures and statutory requirements.
- 4. Provided recommendations to assist the various operating units and the Group in accomplishing its internal control requirements by suggesting improvements to the control processes.
- 5. Issued internal audit reports incorporating audit recommendations and management's responses in relation to audit findings on weaknesses in the systems and controls to the respective operations management.
- 6. Presented the above internal audit reports to the Audit and Risk Management Committee for review.
- 7. Followed up review to ensure that the agreed internal audit recommendations are effectively implemented.

The cost incurred for the Internal Audit function in respect of the financial year ended 30 June 2015 was approximately RM180,000.

AUDIT AND RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE REPORT

TERMS OF REFERENCE OF THE AUDIT AND RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

1. MEMBERSHIP

The members of the Audit and Risk Management Committee ("the Committee") shall be appointed by the Board from amongst the Directors and shall consist of not less than three members and all the Committee must be non-executive directors, with majority of them being independent directors and at least one member of the Committee must be a member of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants or possesses such other qualifications and experience as approved by Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities").

If a member of the Committee resigns, dies or for any other reason ceases to be a member with the result that the number of members is reduced to below three, the Board of Directors shall, within three months of that event, appoint such number of new members as may be required to make up the minimum number of three members.

2. QUORUM

A quorum for the Committee shall consist of two members and a majority of the members present must be Independent Directors.

3. CHAIRMAN

The Chairman of the Committee shall be an Independent Director appointed by the Board. He shall report on each meeting of the Committee to the Board.

4. SECRETARY

The Company Secretary shall be the Secretary of the Committee and shall be responsible, in conjunction with the Chairman, for drawing up the agenda and circulating it, supported by explanatory documentation to the Committee members prior to each meeting.

The Secretary shall also be responsible for keeping the minutes of meetings of the Committee and circulating them to the Committee members and to the other members of the Board of Directors.

5. FREQUENCY OF MEETINGS

Meetings shall be held not less than four times a year and will normally be attended by the Director charged with the responsibilities of the Group's finance and the outsourced Head of Internal Audit. The presence of external auditors will be requested if required and the external auditors may also request a meeting if they consider it necessary.

6. AUTHORITY

The Committee is authorised by the Board to investigate any activity within its terms of reference and shall have unrestricted access to both the internal and external auditors and to all employees of the Group. The Committee is also authorised by the Board to obtain external legal or other independent professional advice where necessary.

The Committee is also authorised to convene meetings with the external auditors, the internal auditors or both, excluding the attendance of other directors and employees of the Company, whenever deemed necessary.

AUDIT AND RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE REPORT

7. DUTIES

The duties of the Committee shall be:

- (a) To review and recommend the appointment of external auditors, the audit fee and any questions of resignation or dismissal including recommending the nomination of person or persons as external auditors;
- (b) To discuss with the external auditors where necessary, on the nature and scope of audit and to ensure coordination of audit where more than one audit firm is involved;
- (c) To review the quarterly results and year-end financial statements prior to the approval by the Board, focusing on:
 - going concern assumption
 - compliance with applicable financial reporting standards and regulatory requirements
 - any changes in accounting policies and practices
 - significant issues arising from the audit
 - major judgemental areas
- (d) To prepare Audit and Risk Management Committee Report at the end of each financial year;
- (e) To discuss problems and reservations arising from the interim and final external audits, and any matters the external auditors may wish to discuss (in the absence of management, where necessary);
- (f) To review the external auditors' management letter and management's response;
- (g) To review any related party transaction and conflict of interest situation that may arise within the Company or Group including any transaction, procedure or course of conduct that raises questions of management integrity;
- (h) To do the following in relation to the internal audit function:
 - review the adequacy of scope, functions, competency and resources of the outsourced internal audit department and that it has the necessary authority to carry out its work;
 - review internal audit programme;
 - ensure coordination of external audit with internal audit;
 - consider the major findings of internal audit investigations and management's response, and ensure that appropriate actions are taken on the recommendations of the internal audit function;
 - to monitor related party transactions entered into by the Company and its subsidiaries, and to ensure that the Directors report such transactions annually to shareholders via the annual report;
 - to review and monitor the effectiveness of internal control systems and to evaluate the systems with the external auditors;

AUDIT AND RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE REPORT

- (i) To carry out such other responsibilities, functions or assignments as may be defined jointly by the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors from time to time;
- (j) In compliance with Paragraph 15.16 of the Bursa Securities Main Market Listing Requirements, where the Committee is of the view that a matter reported by it to the Board has not been satisfactorily resolved resulting in a breach of the Listing Requirements, the Committee must promptly report such matter to Bursa Securities;
- (k) To undertake the following risk management activities:
 - Establishing Strategic Context Ensuring that the strategic context of the risk management strategy is complete and takes into account the environment within which the Group operates and the requirements of all stakeholders and the Board.
 - Establishing Risk Management Processes Determining the overall risk management processes that should be adopted by the business units and developing appropriate guidelines and policies for implementation.
 - Establishing Risk Management Structure Ensuring a short and long term risk management strategy, framework and methodology have been implemented and consistently applied by all business units.
 - Embedding Risk Management Capability Ensuring risk management processes are integrated into all core business processes and that the culture of the organisation reflects the risk consciousness of the Board.
 - Establishing Reporting Mechanism Providing a consolidated risk and assurance report to the Board and Audit Committee to support the statement relating to internal control in the Company's Annual Report.
 - Integrating & coordinating assurance activity Ensuring alignment and coordination of assurance activity across the organisation.
 - Establishing Business Benefits Identifying opportunities to release potential business benefits through the enhancement of risk management capabilities within the Group.
 - Establishing Effectiveness of Risk Management Processes Simplifying and improving the effectiveness of existing risk management structures.
 - Managing the Group Wide Risk Management Programme Supporting the implementation of the risk management processes within the business. The Committee will act as steering committee for the Group Wide Risk Management Programme (GWRM).

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Directors present their report together with the audited financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the financial year ended 30 June 2015.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activities of the Company are investment holding and provision of management services to its subsidiary companies.

The principal activities of the subsidiary companies consist of:

- (i) number forecast lotteries in Sarawak;
- (ii) general trading and commission agent;
- (iii) provision of lottery consultancy and related services;
- (iv) property investment and development;
- (v) investment holding;
- (vi) operation of a hotel;
- (vii) management of ferry terminal; and
- (viii) operation of theme park.

There have been no significant changes in the nature of the Group's activities during the financial year.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

	Gro RM'0	
Profit for the year	83,9	977 39,333
Attributable to:		
Owners of the Parent Non-controlling interests	72,7 11,2	
	83,9	977 39,333

In the opinion of the Directors, the results of the operations of the Group and of the Company during the financial year were not substantially affected by any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature, other than as disclosed in the financial statements.

RESERVES AND PROVISIONS

There were no material transfers to or from reserves or provisions during the financial year other than as disclosed in the financial statements.

DIVIDENDS

Since 30 June 2014, the Company had on 29 January 2015, paid a final dividend of 2 sen single tier exempt dividend per ordinary share of RM1.00 on 1,113,041,559 ordinary shares with voting rights in respect of the financial year ended 30 June 2014, amounting to approximately RM22.261 million.

On 18 August 2015, the Board recommended a final dividend of 1 sen single tier exempt dividend per ordinary share of RM1.00 on 1,113,041,559 ordinary shares in respect of the current financial year ended 30 June 2015 amounting to approximately RM11.130 million to be approved by the Company's shareholders at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting. This dividend will be accounted for in the shareholders' equity as an appropriation of retained earnings in the following financial year ending 30 June 2016.

ISSUE OF SHARES AND DEBENTURES

The Company has not issued any new shares or debentures during the financial year.

SHARE OPTIONS AND WARRANTS

No options were granted by the Company to any parties during the financial year to take up unissued shares of the Company.

As of 30 June 2015, there were no unissued shares of the Company under options and there was a total of 415,982,348 Warrants 2008/2018 outstanding. None of the Warrants 2008/2018 were exercised during the financial year.

The main features of the Warrants 2008/2018 are disclosed in Note 17 to the financial statements.

DIRECTORS

The names of the Directors of the Company in office since the date of the last report and at the date of this report are:

YAM Tunku Dato' Seri Shahabuddin Bin Tunku Besar Burhanuddin Tan Thiam Chai Datuk Lye Ek Seang Chan Kien Sing Lim Meng Kwong Dato' Dickson Tan Yong Loong Datuk Robert Yong Kuen Loke Heng Kiah Choong Dato' Mohd Salleh Bin Ahmad

DIRECTORS' REPORT

DIRECTORS' BENEFITS

Neither at the end of the financial year, nor at any time during that year, did there subsist any arrangement to which the Company was a party, whereby the Directors might acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate.

Since the end of the previous financial year, no Director has received or become entitled to receive any benefits (other than benefits included in the aggregate amount of emoluments received or due and receivable by the Directors as shown in Note 32 to the financial statements or the fixed salary of a full-time employee of the Company) by reason of a contract made by the Company or a related corporation with any Director or with a firm of which he is a member, or with a company in which he has a substantial financial interest, except as disclosed in Note 41 to the financial statements.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SHARES

According to the register of directors' shareholdings, none of the Directors in office at the end of the financial year had any interest in shares of the Company and its related corporations during the financial year.

SIGNIFICANT EVENTS DURING THE FINANCIAL YEAR

Significant events during the financial year are disclosed in Note 47 to the financial statements.

OTHER STATUTORY INFORMATION

- (a) Before the statements of financial position, statements of profit or loss and statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the Group and of the Company were made out, the Directors took reasonable steps:
 - to ascertain that proper action had been taken in relation to the writing off of bad debts and the making of provision for doubtful debts and satisfied themselves that there were no known bad debts to be written off and that adequate provision had been made for doubtful debts; and
 - (ii) to ensure that any current assets which were unlikely to realise their value as shown in the accounting records in the ordinary course of business had been written down to an amount which they might be expected so to realise.
- (b) At the date of this report, the Directors are not aware of any circumstances which would render:
 - (i) it necessary to write off any bad debts or the amount of provision for doubtful debts in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company inadequate to any substantial extent; and
 - (ii) the values attributed to the current assets in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company misleading.
- (c) At the date of this report, the Directors are not aware of any circumstances which have arisen which would render adherence to the existing method of valuation of assets or liabilities of the Group and of the Company misleading or inappropriate.

OTHER STATUTORY INFORMATION (CONTD.)

- (d) At the date of this report, the Directors are not aware of any circumstances not otherwise dealt with in this report or financial statements of the Group and of the Company which would render any amount stated in the financial statements misleading.
- (e) At the date of this report, there does not exist:
 - (i) any charge on the assets of the Group or of the Company which has arisen since the end of the financial year which secures the liabilities of any other person; or
 - (ii) any contingent liability in respect of the Group or of the Company which has arisen since the end of the financial year.
- (f) In the opinion of the Directors:
 - no contingent or other liability has become enforceable or is likely to become enforceable within the period of twelve months after the end of the financial year which will or may affect the ability of the Group or of the Company to meet their obligations when they fall due; and
 - (ii) no item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature has arisen in the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this report which is likely to affect substantially the results of the operations of the Group or of the Company for the financial year in which this report is made.

AUDITORS

The auditors, Messrs. Deloitte, have indicated their willingness to continue in office.

Signed on behalf of the Board in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors,

TAN THIAM CHAI

CHAN KIEN SING

20 October 2015

STATEMENT BY DIRECTORS PURSUANT TO SECTION 169(15) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 1965

We, **TAN THIAM CHAI** and **CHAN KIEN SING**, being two of the Directors of **BERJAYA ASSETS BERHAD**, do hereby state that, in the opinion of the Directors, the accompanying financial statements set out on pages 45 to 158 are drawn up in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and of the Company as of 30 June 2015 and of the results and the cash flows of the Group and of the Company for the year then ended.

The information set out in Note 49 to the financial statements on page 159 has been prepared in accordance with the Guidance on Special Matter No.1, Determination of Realised and Unrealised Profits or Losses in the Context of Disclosure Pursuant to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements, as issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants.

Signed on behalf of the Board in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors dated 20 October 2015.

TAN THIAM CHAI

CHAN KIEN SING

STATUTORY DECLARATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 169(16) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 1965

I, **TAN THIAM CHAI**, being the Director primarily responsible for the financial management of **BERJAYA ASSETS BERHAD**, do solemnly and sincerely declare that the accompanying financial statements set out on pages 45 to 159 are in my opinion correct, and I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true and by virtue of the provisions of the Statutory Declarations Act, 1960.

Subscribed and solemnly declared by the abovenamed TAN THIAM CHAI at Kuala Lumpur in the Federal Territory on 20 October 2015.

TAN THIAM CHAI

Before me, **YM TENGKU FARIDDUDIN BIN TENGKU SULAIMAN (W533)** Commissioner for Oaths Kuala Lumpur

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF BERJAYA ASSETS BERHAD (INCORPORATED IN MALAYSIA)

REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the financial statements of Berjaya Assets Berhad, which comprise the statements of financial position of the Group and of the Company as of 30 June 2015, and the statements of profit or loss, statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statements of changes in equity and statements of cash flows, of the Group and of the Company for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, as set out on pages 45 to 158.

Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of these financial statements so as to give a true and fair view in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia. The Directors are also responsible for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgement, including the assessment of risks of material misstatements of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence that we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as of 30 June 2015 and of their financial performance and cash flows for the financial year then ended in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF BERJAYA ASSETS BERHAD (INCORPORATED IN MALAYSIA)

REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

In accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia, we also report that:

- (a) in our opinion, the accounting and other records and the registers required by the Act to be kept by the Company and by its subsidiary companies of which we have acted as auditors have been properly kept in accordance with the provisions of the Act;
- (b) we have considered the accounts and auditors' reports of all the subsidiary companies of which we have not acted as auditors, which are disclosed in Note 48 to the financial statements;
- (c) we are satisfied that the accounts of the subsidiary companies that have been consolidated with the financial statements of the Company are in form and content appropriate and proper for the purposes of the preparation of the financial statements of the Group and we have received satisfactory information and explanations as required by us for those purposes; and
- (d) the auditors' reports on the accounts of the subsidiary companies were not subject to any qualification and did not include any adverse comment made under Section 174(3) of the Act.

OTHER REPORTING RESPONSIBILITIES

The supplementary information set out in Note 49 to the financial statements is disclosed to meet the requirement of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad and is not part of the Financial Statements. The Directors are responsible for the preparation of the supplementary information in accordance with Guidance on Special Matter No.1, Determination of Realised and Unrealised Profits or Losses in the Context of Disclosure Pursuant to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements, as issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("MIA Guidance") and the directive of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. In our opinion, the supplementary information is prepared in all material respects, in accordance with the MIA Guidance and the directive of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

OTHER MATTER

This report is made solely to the members of the Company, as a body, in accordance with Section 174 of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards any other person for the contents of this report.

DELOITTE AF 0080 Chartered Accountants TEO SWEE CHUA Partner - 2846/01/16 (J) Chartered Accountant

20 October 2015

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS OF 30 JUNE 2015

		GF	ROUP	COM	IPANY
		2015	2014	2015	2014
	Note	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
NON-CURRENT ASSETS					
Property, plant and equipment	5	292,401	298,526	152	21
Investment properties	6	2,475,216	2,117,775	-	-
Land held for property development	7	95,071	27,104	-	-
Subsidiary companies	8	- / / /	-	1,173,576	1,174,276
Associated company	9		-	-	-
Joint ventures	10	14,450	9,144	-	-
Other investments	11	170,835	271,339	1,918	2,021
Derivative asset	12	-	37	-	-
Intangible assets	13	156,002	157,103	-	-
		3,203,975	2,881,028	1,175,646	1,176,318
CURRENT ASSETS					
Inventories	14	196,603	196,630	_	-
Receivables	15	35,692	49,047	350,128	279,859
Tax recoverable		36	2	-	-
Cash and bank balances	16	86,956	123,385	1,771	11,180
		319,287	369,064	351,899	291,039
TOTAL ASSETS		3,523,262	3,250,092	1,527,545	1,467,357

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS OF 30 JUNE 2015

		GF	ROUP	CON	IPANY
		2015	2014	2015	2014
	Note	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
EQUITY		27			
Share capital	17	1,113,042	1,113,042	1,113,042	1,113,042
Share premium	18	258,985	258,985	258,985	258,985
Available-for-sale reserve	19	25,416	46,799	1,146	1,240
Foreign currency translation reserve	20	7,178	2,329	-	-
Retained earnings	21	708,901	658,491	99,302	82,230
Equity funds		2,113,522	2,079,646	1,472,475	1,455,497
Non-controlling interests		416,711	418,681	-	-
Total equity		2,530,233	2,498,327	1,472,475	1,455,497
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Bank borrowings	22	314,710	236,586	-	-
Senior bonds	23	158,891	158,569	-	-
Hire purchase liabilities	24	82	-	82	-
Long term liabilities	25	77,530	80,998	-	-
Deferred tax liabilities	26	67,775	54,664	36	5
		618,988	530,817	118	5
CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Payables	27	126,409	120,740	54,630	11,574
Bank borrowings	22	231,658	77,354	-	-
Hire purchase liabilities	24	23	-	23	-
Tax payable		15,951	22,854	299	281
		374,041	220,948	54,952	11,855
Total liabilities		993,029	751,765	55,070	11,860
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		3,523,262	3,250,092	1,527,545	1,467,357

STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

		GR	OUP	СОМ	PANY
	Note	2015 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2015 RM'000	2014 RM'000
Revenue	28	412,767	419,426	37,370	14,295
Cost of sales	29	(211,137)	(218,296)	-	-
Gross profit	16	201,630	201,130	37,370	14,295
Fair value changes on investment properties	6	2,482	22,613	-	-
Other income	30	80,430	40,559	7,706	11,901
Distribution and marketing expenses		(6,264)	(5,965)	-	-
Administrative expenses		(101,618)	(96,565)	(2,267)	(2,101)
Other expenses	33	(25,657)	(926)	(1,300)	-
		151,003	160,846	41,509	24,095
Finance costs	34	(42,446)	(38,996)	(423)	(1,020)
Share of results of joint ventures		(450)	(151)	-	-
Profit before tax	35	108,107	121,699	41,086	23,075
Income tax expense	36	(24,130)	(71,100)	(1,753)	(1,049)
Profit for the year		83,977	50,599	39,333	22,026
Attributable to:					
Owners of the Parent		72,711	45,341	39,333	22,026
Non-controlling interests		11,266	5,258	-	-
		83,977	50,599	39,333	22,026
Earnings per share attributable					
to owners of the Parent (sen)					
Basic	37	6.53	4.07		
Fully diluted	37	6.53	4.07		
Dividend per share (sen) Final dividend				1.00	2.00

STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

	GRO	GROUP		PANY
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Profit for the year	83,977	50,599	39,333	22,026
Other comprehensive income:				
Items that may be subsequently reclassified to				
profit or loss				
Net (loss)/gain on available-for-sale investments:				
- (Loss)/Gain on fair value changes	(21,441)	3,668	(94)	222
- Transfer to statement of profit or loss upon disposal	(1,804)	(5,803)	-	-
Currency translation difference	5,680	2,377	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	66,412	50,841	39,239	22,248
Attributable to:				
Owners of the Parent	56,177	45,613	39,239	22,248
Non-controlling interests	10,235	5,228	-	-
	66,412	50,841	39,239	22,248

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

	<			owners of th			>	
		< N	on-distribut	able> Foreign	Distributabl	e		
			Available-	Currency			Non-	
	Share	Share	for-sale	Translation	Retained	Equity	controlling	Total
	Capital RM'000	Premium RM'000	Reserve RM'000	Reserve RM'000	Earnings RM'000	Funds RM'000	Interests RM'000	Equity RM'000
As of 1 July 2014	1,113,042	258,985	46,799	2,329	658,491	2,079,646	418,681	2,498,327
Total comprehensive income	-	-	(21,383)	4,849	72,711	56,177	10,235	66,412
Transactions with owners:								
Partial disposal								
of a subsidiary company	-	-	-	-	(40)	(40)	170	130
Dividends (Note 38)	-	-	-	-	(22,261)	(22,261)	-	(22,261)
Dividends paid to								
non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	(12,375)	(12,375)
As of 30 June 2015	1,113,042	258,985	25,416	7,178	708,901	2,113,522	416,711	2,530,233
As of 1 July 2013	1,113,042	258,985	48,901	(45)	789,229	2,210,112	3,841	2,213,953
Total comprehensive income	-	-	(2,102)	2,374	45,341	45,613	5,228	50,841
Transactions with owners:								
Partial disposal								
of a subsidiary company	-	-	-	-	(153,818)	(153,818)	403,818	250,000
Non-controlling interests								
arising from additional								
subscription of shares								
in a subsidiary company	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,144	13,144
Dividends (Note 38)	_	-	-	-	(22,261)	(22,261)		(22,261)
Dividends paid to					(,_ \$.)	(,@ .)		(,@ .)
non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	(7,350)	(7,350)
As of 30 June 2014	1,113,042	258,985	46,799	2,329	658,491	2,079,646	418,681	2,498,327

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

		Non-distri	butable>I	Distributable	
			Available-		
	Share	Share	for-sale	Retained	
	Capital	Premium	Reserve	Earnings	Total
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
As of 1 July 2014	1,113,042	258,985	1,240	82,230	1,455,497
Total comprehensive income	- ///-	-	(94)	39,333	39,239
Transaction with owners:					
Dividends (Note 38)	-	-	-	(22,261)	(22,261)
As of 30 June 2015	1,113,042	258,985	1,146	99,302	1,472,475
As of 1 July 2013	1,113,042	258,985	1,018	82,465	1,455,510
Total comprehensive income	-	-	222	22,026	22,248
Transaction with owners:					
Dividends (Note 38)	-	-	-	(22,261)	(22,261)
As of 30 June 2014	1,113,042	258,985	1,240	82,230	1,455,497

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

		2015	2014
	Note	RM'000	RM'000
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			-
Receipts from customers		499,946	479,266
Payments to suppliers, prize winners and other operating expenses		(320,720)	(356,328)
Payments for pool betting duties, gaming tax,			
royalties and other government contributions		(44,763)	(47,629)
Tax refund		86	587
Payment of taxes		(17,175)	(13,979)
Other (payments)/receipts		(925)	454
Net cash generated from operating activities		116,449	62,371
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		114	26
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment Proceeds from partial disposal of a subsidiary company		114 130	
	(a)		250,000
Proceeds from partial disposal of a subsidiary company Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(a)	130	250,000 (6,140)
Proceeds from partial disposal of a subsidiary company Acquisition of property, plant and equipment Acquisition of properties	(a)	130 (5,278)	250,000 (6,140) (31,537)
Proceeds from partial disposal of a subsidiary company Acquisition of property, plant and equipment Acquisition of properties Sale of other investments	(a)	130 (5,278) (409,643)	26 250,000 (6,140) (31,537) 17,577 47,185
Proceeds from partial disposal of a subsidiary company Acquisition of property, plant and equipment Acquisition of properties Sale of other investments Sale of properties	(a)	130 (5,278) (409,643) 100,497	250,000 (6,140) (31,537) 17,577
Proceeds from partial disposal of a subsidiary company Acquisition of property, plant and equipment Acquisition of properties Sale of other investments Sale of properties Subscription of ordinary shares in a joint venture	(a)	130 (5,278) (409,643) 100,497 20,354	250,000 (6,140) (31,537) 17,577 47,185 (30)
Proceeds from partial disposal of a subsidiary company Acquisition of property, plant and equipment Acquisition of properties Sale of other investments Sale of properties Subscription of ordinary shares in a joint venture Subscription of redeemable preference shares in a joint venture	(a)	130 (5,278) (409,643) 100,497 20,354 (75)	250,000 (6,140) (31,537) 17,577 47,185 (30) (4,470)
Proceeds from partial disposal of a subsidiary company Acquisition of property, plant and equipment Acquisition of properties Sale of other investments Sale of properties Subscription of ordinary shares in a joint venture Subscription of redeemable preference shares in a joint venture Acquisition of other investments	(a)	130 (5,278) (409,643) 100,497 20,354 (75)	250,000 (6,140 (31,537 17,577 47,185 (30 (4,470 (162,958
Proceeds from partial disposal of a subsidiary company Acquisition of property, plant and equipment Acquisition of properties Sale of other investments Sale of properties Subscription of ordinary shares in a joint venture Subscription of redeemable preference shares in a joint venture Acquisition of other investments Interest received	(a)	130 (5,278) (409,643) 100,497 20,354 (75) (5,475)	250,000 (6,140) (31,537) 17,577 47,185 (30) (4,470) (162,958) 3,602
Proceeds from partial disposal of a subsidiary company Acquisition of property, plant and equipment Acquisition of properties Sale of other investments Sale of properties Subscription of ordinary shares in a joint venture Subscription of redeemable preference shares in a joint venture Acquisition of other investments Interest received Dividends received	(a)	130 (5,278) (409,643) 100,497 20,354 (75) (5,475) - 3,932	250,000 (6,140) (31,537) 17,577 47,185 (30) (4,470) (162,958) 3,602 2,949
Proceeds from partial disposal of a subsidiary company	(a)	130 (5,278) (409,643) 100,497 20,354 (75) (5,475) - 3,932	250,000 (6,140) (31,537) 17,577 47,185

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

			2015	2014
		Note	RM'000	RM'000
AS	SH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
ssu	ance of share capital to non-controlling interests		-	13,144
Drav	wdown of borrowings and loans		273,471	15,750
Rep	ayment of borrowings and loans		(62,566)	(68,876
nte	rest paid		(35,727)	(32,173
Pay	ment of hire purchase liabilities		(14)	(222
Divi	dends paid to shareholders of the Company		(22,261)	(22,261
Divi	dends paid to non-controlling interests		(12,375)	(7,350
Vitł	ndrawal/(Placement) in banks as security pledged for borrowings		10,856	(31,594
√et	cash generated from/(used in) financing activities		151,384	(133,582
167	CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(06 146)	04 025
	ECTS OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES		(26,146) 378	24,235 (310
	ENING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
זיינ	ENING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		41,956	18,031
	DSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(b)	16,188	41,956
CLC a)	DSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		16,188 2015 RM'000	41,956 2014 RM'000
	The additions to property, plant and equipment consist of the following:		2015 RM'000	2014 RM'000
			2015	2014 RM'000
	The additions to property, plant and equipment consist of the following:		2015 RM'000 5,278	201 4 RM'000 6,140
a)	The additions to property, plant and equipment consist of the following: Payment by cash Financed by hire purchase		2015 RM'000 5,278 117	201 4 RM'000 6,140
a)	The additions to property, plant and equipment consist of the following: Payment by cash Financed by hire purchase Total (Note 5)		2015 RM'000 5,278 117	2014 RM'000 6,140 6,140
a)	The additions to property, plant and equipment consist of the following: Payment by cash Financed by hire purchase Total (Note 5)		2015 RM'000 5,278 117 5,395 2015	2014 RM'000 6,140 6,140 2014 RM'000
a)	The additions to property, plant and equipment consist of the following: Payment by cash Financed by hire purchase Total (Note 5) The closing cash and cash equivalents consist of:		2015 RM'000 5,278 117 5,395 2015 RM'000	2014 RM'000 6,140 6,140 2014 RM'000 96,434
a)	The additions to property, plant and equipment consist of the following: Payment by cash Financed by hire purchase Total (Note 5) The closing cash and cash equivalents consist of: Deposits with licensed banks (Note 16) Cash on hand and at banks (Note 16)		2015 RM'000 5,278 117 5,395 2015 RM'000 64,066	2014 RM'000 6,140 6,140 6,140 96,434 26,95
a)	The additions to property, plant and equipment consist of the following: Payment by cash Financed by hire purchase Total (Note 5) The closing cash and cash equivalents consist of: Deposits with licensed banks (Note 16) Cash on hand and at banks (Note 16) Less:		2015 RM'000 5,278 117 5,395 2015 RM'000 64,066 22,890 86,956	2014 RM'000 6,140 6,140 6,140 2014 RM'000 96,434 26,951 123,385
a)	The additions to property, plant and equipment consist of the following: Payment by cash Financed by hire purchase Total (Note 5) The closing cash and cash equivalents consist of: Deposits with licensed banks (Note 16) Cash on hand and at banks (Note 16) Less: Bank overdraft (Note 22)		2015 RM'000 5,278 117 5,395 2015 RM'000 64,066 22,890 86,956 (7,522)	2014 RM'000 6,140 6,140 6,140 96,434 26,951 123,385 (7,327
a)	The additions to property, plant and equipment consist of the following: Payment by cash Financed by hire purchase Total (Note 5) The closing cash and cash equivalents consist of: Deposits with licensed banks (Note 16) Cash on hand and at banks (Note 16) Less:		2015 RM'000 5,278 117 5,395 2015 RM'000 64,066 22,890 86,956	2014

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

	Note	2015 RM'000	2014 RM'000
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Payments for operating expenses		(1,521)	(1,359)
Tax refund		14	-
Payment of taxes		(1,717)	(62)
Net cash used in operating activities		(3,224)	(1,421)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from partial disposal of a subsidiary company		-	250,000
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(a)	(39)	(3)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		1	-
Acquisition of investment in a subsidiary company		(2)	-
Interest received		7,701	4,877
Dividends received		36,645	13,570
Net cash generated from investing activities		44,306	268,444
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Interest paid		(421)	(1,020)
Payment of hire purchase liabilities		(14)	-
Inter-company payments		(27,795)	(234,400)
Dividends paid to shareholders of the Company		(22,261)	(22,261)
Net cash used in financing activities		(50,491)	(257,681)
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(9,409)	9,342
OPENING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		11,180	1,838
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(b)	1,771	11,180

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

	2015	2014
	RM'000	RM'000
Payment by cash	39	Э
Financed by hire purchase	117	-
Total (Note 5)	156	3
The closing cash and cash equivalents consist of:		
Deposits with licensed banks (Note 16)	1,747	10,456
Cash on hand and at banks (Note 16)	24	724
	1,771	11,180

(a) The additions to property, plant and equipment consist of the following:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 30 JUNE 2015

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

The Company is a public limited liability company, incorporated and domiciled in Malaysia, and is listed on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Malaysia").

The principal activities of the Company are investment holding and provision of management services to its subsidiary companies.

The principal activities of the subsidiary companies consist of:

- (i) number forecast lotteries in Sarawak;
- (ii) general trading and commission agent;
- (iii) provision of lottery consultancy and related services;
- (iv) property investment and development;
- (v) investment holding;
- (vi) operation of a hotel;
- (vii) management of ferry terminal; and
- (viii) operation of theme park.

There have been no significant changes in the nature of these activities during the financial year.

The registered office of the Company is located at Lot 13-01A, Level 13 (East Wing), Berjaya Times Square, No. 1 Jalan Imbi, 55100 Kuala Lumpur.

The financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM") which is the Company's functional currency. All information presented in RM has been rounded to the nearest thousand (RM'000) unless otherwise stated.

The financial statements were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors on 20 October 2015.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements of the Group and of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRS"), International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") and the provisions of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia.

2.1 Changes in Accounting Policy

On 1 July 2014, the Group and the Company adopted the following new MFRSs, Amendments to MFRSs, Annual Improvements and Interpretations:

Effective for financial periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014:

Amendments to MFRS 10, MFRS 12 and MFRS 127: Investment Entities

Amendments to MFRS 132: Financial Instruments – Presentation (Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities)

Amendments to MFRS 136: Impairment of Assets – Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non-Financial Assets

Amendments to MFRS 139: Financial Instruments – Novation of Derivatives and Continuation of Hedge Accounting

IC Interpretation 21: Levies

Effective for financial periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014:

Amendments to MFRS 119: Employee Benefits (Defined Benefit Plans – Employee Contributions) Annual Improvements to MFRSs 2010 - 2012 Cycle Annual Improvements to MFRSs 2011 - 2013 Cycle

Adoption of the above new MFRSs, Amendments to MFRSs, Annual Improvement and Interpretations did not have any effect on the financial performance or position of the Group and the Company except for those discussed below:

Amendments to MFRS 132: Financial Instruments – Presentation (Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities)

Amendments to MFRS 132 clarify on the criterions for offsetting financial assets and liabilities. The application guidance clarifies that the phrase 'currently has a legally enforceable right of set-off' means that the right of set-off must not be contingent on a future event and must be legally enforceable in the normal course of business, in the event of default and in the event of insolvency or bankruptcy of the entity and/or all of the counterparties.

In addition, for entity that intends to settle either on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously, the amendment clarifies that the entity must have the intention to do so.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 30 JUNE 2015

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTD.)

2.1 Changes in Accounting Policy (contd.)

<u>Amendments to MFRS 132: Financial Instruments – Presentation (Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities) (contd.)</u>

The amendments also clarify that certain gross settlement system may be considered equivalent to net settlement (if the conditions specified in the amendments are met).

The adoption of the amendments to MFRS 132 does not have any impact on the Group's and Company's reported net assets.

Amendments to MFRS 136: Impairment of Assets - Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non-Financial Assets

The amendments to MFRS 136 remove the requirement to disclose the recoverable amount of a CGU to which goodwill or other intangible assets with indefinite lives has been allocated when there has been no impairment or reversal of impairment of the related CGU. In addition, the amendments introduce additional disclosure requirements when the recoverable amount is measured at fair value less costs of disposal. These new disclosures include the fair value hierarchy, key assumptions and valuation techniques used in which are in line with the disclosure required by MFRS 13: Fair Value Measurements.

2.2 Standards and interpretations issued but not yet effective

At the date of authorisation of these financial statements, the following new MFRSs, Amendments to MFRSs, Annual Improvements and Interpretations were issued but not yet effective and have not been applied by the Group nor the Company.

Effective for financial periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016:

Amendments to MFRS 10 and MFRS 128: Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture

Amendments to MFRS 10, MFRS 12 and MFRS 128: Investment Entities – Applying the Consolidation Exception Amendments to MFRS 11: Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operations

MFRS 14: Regulatory Deferral Accounts

Amendments to MFRS 101: Disclosure Initiative

Amendments to MFRS 116 and MFRS 138: Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortisation

Amendments to MFRS 116 and MFRS 141: Agriculture - Bearer Plants

Amendments to MFRS 127: Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements

Annual Improvements to MFRSs 2012 - 2014 Cycle

2.2 Standards and interpretations issued but not yet effective (contd.)

Effective for financial periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017:

MFRS 15: Revenue from Contracts with Customers

Effective for financial periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018:

MFRS 9: Financial Instruments (IFRS 9 issued by IASB in July 2014)

Unless otherwise described below, the new MFRSs, Amendments to MFRSs and Annual Improvements above are expected to have no significant impact on the financial statements of the Group and of the Company upon their initial application except for the changes in presentation and disclosures of financial information arising from the adoption of all the above MFRSs, Amendments to MFRSs and Annual Improvements.

The Group is currently assessing the impact of the adoption of the standards below would have on its financial position and performance. It is impractical to provide a reasonable estimate of the impact on the application of these standards until the review is completed.

Amendments to MFRS 10 and MFRS 128: Sales or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture

The amendments clarify that:

- gains and losses resulting from transactions involving assets that do not constitute a business, between investor and its associate company or joint venture are recognised in the entity's financial statements only to the extent of unrelated investors' interests in the associate company or joint venture; and
- (ii) gains and losses resulting from transactions involving the sale or contribution to an associate or a joint venture of assets that constitute a business is recognised in full.

The amendments are to be applied prospectively to the sale or contribution of assets occurring in annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016. Earlier application is permitted.

Amendments to MFRS 10, MFRS 12 and MFRS 128: Investment Entities - Applying the Consolidation Exception

The amendments clarify that the exemption from presenting consolidated financial statements applies to a parent entity that is a subsidiary company of an investment entity, when the investment entity measures all of its subsidiary companies at fair value. The amendments further clarify that only a subsidiary company that is not an investment entity itself and provides support services to the investment entity is consolidated. In addition, the amendments also provides that if an entity that is not itself an investment entity has an interest in an associated company or joint venture that is an investment entity, the entity may, when applying the equity method, retain the fair value measurement applied by the investment entity's associated company or joint venture to the investment entity associate's or joint venture's interests in subsidiary companies.

The amendments are to be applied retrospectively and are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016, with early adoption permitted.

2.2 Standards and interpretations issued but not yet effective (contd.)

Amendments to MFRS 11: Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operations

The amendments to MFRS 11 require that a joint operator which acquires an interest in a joint operation which constitute a business to apply the relevant MFRS 3: Business Combinations principles for business combinations accounting. The amendments also clarify that a previously held interest in a joint operation is not remeasured on the acquisition of an additional interest in the same joint operation while joint control is retained. In addition, scope exclusion has been added to MFRS 11 to specify that the amendments do not apply when the parties sharing joint control, including the reporting entity, are under common control of the same ultimate controlling party.

These amendments are to be applied prospectively for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016, with early adoption permitted.

Amendments to MFRS 15: Revenue from Contracts with Customers

MFRS 15 establishes a single comprehensive model for entities to use in accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers. MFRS 15 will supersede the current revenue recognition guidance including MFRS 118: Revenue, MFRS 111: Construction Contracts and the related Interpretations when it becomes effective.

The core principle of MFRS 15 is that an entity should recognise revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Specifically, the Standard introduces a 5-step approach to revenue recognition:

- (i) Step 1: Identify the contract(s) with a customer.
- (ii) Step 2: Identify the performance obligations in the contract.
- (iii) Step 3: Determine the transaction price.
- (iv) Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract.
- (v) Step 5: Recognise revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation.

Under MFRS 15, an entity recognises revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when 'control' of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to the customer. Far more prescriptive guidance has been added in MFRS 15 to deal with specific scenarios. Furthermore, extensive disclosures are required by MFRS 15.

Amendments to MFRS 101: Disclosure Initiative

The amendments to MFRS 101 include narrow-focus improvements in the following five areas:

- (i) Materiality
- (ii) Disaggregation and subtotals
- (iii) Notes structure
- (iv) Disclosure of accounting policies
- (v) Presentation of items of other comprehensive income arising from equity accounted investments

2.2 Standards and interpretations issued but not yet effective (contd.)

Amendments to MFRS 116 and MFRS 138: Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortisation

The amendments remove inconsistencies in the accounting for accumulated depreciation or amortisation when an item of property, plant and equipment or an intangible asset is revalued. The amendments clarify that the gross carrying amount is adjusted in a manner consistent with the revaluation of the carrying amount of the asset and the accumulated depreciation or amortisation is the difference between the gross carrying amount after taking into account accumulated impairment losses.

Amendments to MFRS 127: Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements

The amendments will allow entities to use the equity method to account for investments in subsidiary companies, joint ventures and associated companies in their separate financial statements. Entities already applying MFRS and electing to change to the equity method in its separate financial statements will have to apply to this change retrospectively. For first-time adopters of MFRS electing to use the equity method in its separate financial statements, they will be required to apply this method from the date of transition to MFRS. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016, with early adoption permitted.

Annual Improvements to MFRSs 2012-2014 Cycle

The Annual Improvements to MFRSs 2012-2014 Cycle include a number of amendments to various MFRSs, which are summarised below.

(i) Amendments to MFRS 5: Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations

The amendments to MFRS 5 clarify that changing from one of these disposal methods to the other should not be considered to be a new plan of disposal, rather it is a continuation of the original plan. There is therefore no interruption of the application of the requirements in MFRS 5.

(ii) <u>Amendments to MFRS 7: Financial Instruments – Disclosures</u>

The amendments clarify that a servicing contract that includes a fee can constitute continuing involvement in a financial asset. An entity must assess the nature of the fee and arrangement against the guidance for continuing involvement in MFRS 7 in order to assess whether the disclosures are required.

(iii) Amendments to MFRS 119: Employee Benefits

The amendments to MFRS 119 clarify that market depth of high quality corporate bonds is assessed based on the currency in which the obligation is denominated, rather than the country where the obligation is located. When there is no deep market for high quality corporate bonds in the currency, government bond rates must be used.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 30 JUNE 2015

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTD.)

2.2 Standards and interpretations issued but not yet effective (contd.)

Annual Improvements to MFRSs 2012-2014 Cycle (contd.)

(iv) Amendments to MFRS 134: Interim Financial Reporting

The amendments to MFRS 134 require entities to disclose information in the notes to the interim financial statements 'if not disclosed elsewhere in the interim financial report'.

The amendments state that the required interim disclosures must either be in the interim financial statements or incorporated by cross-reference from the interim financial statements to some other statement (e.g. in the management commentary or risk report). The other information within the interim financial report must be available to users on the same terms as the interim financial statements and at the same time.

MFRS 9: Financial Instruments (IFRS 9 issued by IASB in July 2014)

In November 2014, MASB issued the final version of MFRS 9 which reflects all phases of the financial instruments project and replaces MFRS 139: Financial Instruments – Recognition and Measurement and all previous version of MFRS 9. The standard introduces new requirements for classification and measurement, impairment and hedge accounting. MFRS 9 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018, with early application permitted. Retrospective application is required, but comparative information is not compulsory.

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3.1 Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the Group and of the Company have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise indicated in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets.

3.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Subsidiary Companies and Basis of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and all its subsidiary companies, which are prepared up to the end of the same financial year.

Subsidiary companies are those investees controlled by the Group. The Group controls an investee if and only if the Group has all the following:

- i) power over the investee (i.e. existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee);
- ii) exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its investment with the investee; and
- iii) the ability to use its power over the investee to affect its returns.

3.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (contd.)

(a) Subsidiary Companies and Basis of Consolidation (contd.)

When the Group has less than a majority of the voting rights of an investee, the Group considers the following in assessing whether or not the Group's voting rights in an investee are sufficient to give it power over the investee:

- the size of the Group's holding of voting rights relative to the size and dispersion of holdings of the other vote holders;
- ii) potential voting rights held by the Group, other vote holders or other parties;
- iii) rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- iv) any additional facts and circumstances that indicate that the Group has, or does not have, the current ability to direct the relevant activities at the time that decisions need to be made, including voting patterns at previous shareholders' meetings.

Subsidiary companies are consolidated using the acquisition method of accounting. Under the acquisition method of accounting, consolidation of a subsidiary company begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary company and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary company.

The cost of acquisition of a subsidiary company depends on whether it is a business combination, in accordance with the specifications in MFRS 3, or not. If it is not a business combination, the cost of acquisition consists of the consideration transferred ("CT").

The CT is the sum of fair values of the assets transferred by the Group, the liabilities incurred by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity instruments issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree on the date of acquisition and any contingent consideration. For an acquisition that is not a business combination, the acquisition-related costs can be capitalised as part of the cost of acquisition. If it is a business combination, the cost of acquisition (or specifically, the cost of business combination) consists of CT, and the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree, the fair value of the Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree and any contingent consideration. For an acquisition that is a business combination, the acquisition-related costs are recognised in the statement of profit or loss as incurred.

When control in a business is acquired in stages, the previously held equity interests in the acquiree are re-measured to fair value at the acquisition date with any corresponding gain or loss recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Any excess of the cost of business combination, as the case may be, over the net amount of the fair value of identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed is recognised as goodwill. For business combinations, provisions are made for the acquiree's contingent liabilities existing at the date of acquisition as the Group deems that it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligations.

Any excess in the Group's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed over the cost of business combination is recognised immediately in the statement of profit or loss.

3.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (contd.)

(a) Subsidiary Companies and Basis of Consolidation (contd.)

The contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer will be recognised at fair value at the date of acquisition. Changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration that qualify as measurement period adjustments are adjusted retrospectively, with corresponding adjustments against goodwill. Measurement period adjustments are adjustments that arise from additional information obtained during the 'measurement period' (which cannot exceed one year from the date of acquisition) about the facts and circumstances that existed at the date of acquisition. The subsequent accounting for changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration is classified. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not re-measured at subsequent reporting dates and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity. Contingent consideration that is classified as an asset or a liability is re-measured at subsequent reporting dates in accordance with MFRS 139 or MFRS 137 as appropriate with the corresponding gain or loss being recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Uniform accounting policies are adopted in the consolidated financial statements for similar transactions and other events in similar circumstances. In the preparation of the consolidated financial statements, the financial statements of all subsidiary companies are adjusted for the material effects of dissimilar accounting policies. Intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

Non-controlling interests represent the equity in subsidiary companies not attributable, direct or indirectly, to the Group which consist of the amount of those non-controlling interests at the date of original combination, and the non-controlling interests' share of changes in the equity since the date of the combination.

Non-controlling interests are presented separately in the consolidated statement of financial position within equity, separately from the equity of the owners of the parent.

Equity instruments and equity components of hybrid financial instruments issued by subsidiary companies but held by the Group will be eliminated on consolidation. Any difference between the cost of investment and the value of the equity instruments or the equity components of hybrid financial instruments will be recognised immediately in equity upon elimination.

Changes in the Group's ownership interest in a subsidiary company that do not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiary company are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Group's interest and the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiary companies. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to the owners of the parent.

3.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (contd.)

(a) Subsidiary Companies and Basis of Consolidation (contd.)

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary company, a gain or loss calculated as the difference between:

- i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest; and
- ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary company and any non-controlling interest;

is recognised in the statement of profit or loss. The subsidiary company's cumulative gain or loss which has been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity are reclassified to the statement of profit or loss or where applicable, transferred directly to retained earnings. The fair value of any investment retained in the former subsidiary company at the date control is lost is regarded as the cost on initial recognition of the investment.

In the Company's separate financial statements, investments in subsidiary companies are stated at cost less impairment losses.

(b) Associated Companies and Joint Ventures

Associated companies are entities in which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power through board representations to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

A joint venture is a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint arrangement. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require the unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

Investments in associated companies and joint ventures are accounted for in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting based on the latest audited and supplemented by management financial statements of the associated companies and the joint ventures made up to the Group's financial year-end. Uniform accounting policies are adopted for like transactions and events in similar circumstances.

On acquisition of an investment in associated company or joint venture, any excess of the cost of investment over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed of the investee is recognised as goodwill and included in the carrying amount of the investment and is not amortised.

3.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (contd.)

(b) Associated Companies and Joint Ventures (contd.)

Any excess of the Group's share of net fair value of the associated company's or the joint venture's identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed over the cost of investment is included as income in the determination of the Group's share of associated company's or joint venture's profit or loss in the period in which the investment is acquired.

Under the equity method, the investment in an associated company or a joint venture is recognised at cost on initial recognition, and the carrying amount is increased or decreased to recognise the Group's share of profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associated company or the joint venture after the date of acquisition, less impairment losses. The Group's share of comprehensive income of associated companies or joint ventures acquired or disposed of during the financial year, is included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss from the date that significant influence effectively commences or until the date that significant influence effectively ceases, as appropriate.

Unrealised gains and losses on transactions between the Group and the associated companies or the joint ventures are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associated companies or the joint ventures.

When the Group's share of losses equals or exceeds its interest in an equity accounted associated company or joint venture, including any long term interest, that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associated company or the joint venture, the carrying amount of that interest is reduced to nil and the recognition of further losses is discontinued except to the extent that the Group has legal and constructive obligations or has made payment on behalf of the associated company or the joint venture.

In the Company's separate financial statements, investments in associated companies and joint ventures are stated at cost less impairment losses.

(c) Affiliated Companies

The Group treats companies substantially owned directly or indirectly by a major shareholder of the Company, Tan Sri Dato' Seri Vincent Tan Chee Yioun and persons connected with him as affiliated companies.

3.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (contd.)

(d) Property, Plant and Equipment, and Depreciation

All items of property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group or the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the statement of profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Subsequent to recognition, property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Capital work-in-progress are not depreciated as these assets are not available for use.

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment is provided for on a straight-line basis to write off the cost of each asset to its residual value over the estimated useful life, at the following annual rates:

Freehold building	2%
Long term leasehold land and buildings	Over remaining economic useful life of the lease
Short term leasehold land and buildings	Over 50 years
Plant, machinery and equipment	10% - 20%
Computer equipment	10% - 20%
Renovation	10% - 33%
Furniture, fittings and office equipment	10% - 50%
First aid and theme park equipment	10% - 20%
Cinema fixtures, fittings and equipment	10% - 20%
Motor vehicles	14% - 20%
Others *	10% - 20%

* Others comprise mainly ponies, draw equipment and telecommunications equipment.

The residual values, useful life and depreciation method are reviewed at each financial year-end to ensure that the amount, method and period of depreciation are consistent with previous estimates and the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the items of property, plant and equipment.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or losses on the derecognition of the asset are included in the statement of profit or loss in the year in which they arise.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 30 JUNE 2015

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTD.)

3.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (contd.)

(e) Investment Properties

Investment properties are properties which are held either to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or for both. Such properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at fair value. Fair value is arrived at by reference to market evidence of transaction prices for similar properties and is performed by independent professional valuers.

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair values of investment properties are recognised in the statement of profit or loss in the year in which they arise.

Investment properties are derecognised when either they have been disposed of or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from its disposal. Any gains or losses on the retirement or disposal of an investment property are recognised in the statement of profit or loss in the year in which they arise.

When an item of property, plant and equipment is transferred to investment property following a change in its use, any difference arising at the date of transfer between the carrying amount of the item immediately prior to transfer and its fair value is recognised directly in other comprehensive income. However, if a fair value gain reverses a previous impairment loss, the gain is recognised in the statement of profit or loss. Upon disposal of the investment property, any surplus previously recorded in other comprehensive income is transferred to retained earnings.

When an item of property inventory or property development is transferred to investment properties following a change in its use, any difference arising at the date of transfer between the carrying amount of the item immediately prior to transfer and its fair value is recognised directly to the statement of profit or loss.

(f) Land Held for Property Development

Land held for property development consists of land on which no significant development work has been undertaken or where development activities are not expected to be completed within the normal operating cycle. Such land is classified as non-current asset and is stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

Costs associated with the acquisition of land include the purchase price of the land, professional fees, stamp duties, commissions, conversion fees and other relevant levies. Where an indication of impairment exists, the carrying amount of the asset is assessed and written down immediately to its recoverable amount.

Land held for property development is classified as current assets in the statement of financial position when the development activities with a view of sale have commenced and where the development activities can be completed within the Company's normal operating cycle.

3.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (contd.)

(g) Intangible Assets

(i) Goodwill

Goodwill acquired in a business combination is initially measured at cost being the excess of the cost of business combination over the Group's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. Following the initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is not amortised but instead, it is reviewed for impairment, annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired. Gains and losses on the disposal of an entity include the carrying amount of goodwill relating to the entity sold.

(ii) Other Intangible Asset

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is their fair values as at the date of acquisition. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses. Intangible assets with finite lives are amortised on a straight line basis over the estimated economic useful lives and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired.

The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset are reviewed yearly at each reporting date.

Other intangible asset comprises the rights to receive Special Cash Sweep Lottery royalty revenue. The intangible asset is amortised over the period of the rights of 30 years commencing 9 November 1999.

(h) Inventories

Properties held for sale are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on the specific identification basis and includes costs of land, construction and appropriate development overheads.

Inventories also include finished goods, souvenirs and stores and consumables, which are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on the first-in, first-out basis.

Ticket inventories and gaming equipment are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on the first-in, first-out basis.

Cost comprises the invoiced value of the goods purchased plus cost incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price less all estimated costs to completion and costs to be incurred in marketing, selling and distribution.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 30 JUNE 2015

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTD.)

3.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (contd.)

(i) Fair Value Measurement

The Group measures financial instruments, such as, derivatives, and certain non-financial assets such as investment properties, at fair value at each reporting date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- i) in the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- ii) in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible to by the Group.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole as described in Note 43.

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between Levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Group has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

3.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (contd.)

(j) Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

The carrying amounts of the Group's non-financial assets, other than investment properties, property development costs, inventories, deferred tax assets and non-current assets (or disposal group) held for sale are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is an indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated to determine the amount of impairment loss.

For goodwill, intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life and intangible assets that are not yet available for use, the recoverable amount is estimated at each reporting date or more frequently when there are indications of impairment.

For the purpose of impairment testing of these assets, recoverable amount is determined on an individual asset basis unless the asset does not generate cash flows that are largely independent of those from other assets. If this is the case, recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit ("CGU") to which the asset belongs to. Goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's CGUs, or groups of CGUs, that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the Group are assigned to those units or groups of units.

An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or CGU's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessment of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Where the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. Impairment losses recognised in respect of a CGU or groups of CGUs are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to those units or groups of units and then, to reduce the carrying amount of the other assets in the unit or groups of units on a pro-rata basis.

An impairment loss is recognised in the statement of profit or loss in the year in which it arises, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is accounted for as a revaluation decrease to the extent that the impairment loss does not exceed the amount held in the asset revaluation reserve for the same asset.

Impairment loss on goodwill is not reversed in a subsequent period. An impairment loss for an asset other than goodwill is reversed if, and only if, there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. The carrying amount of an asset other than goodwill is increased to its revised recoverable amount, provided that this amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of amortisation or depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of impairment loss for an asset other than goodwill is recognised in the statement of profit or loss, unless the asset is carried at revalued amount, in which case, such reversal is treated as a revaluation increase.

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTD.)

3.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (contd.)

(k) Financial Assets

Financial assets are recognised in the statements of financial position when, and only when, the Group and the Company become a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument.

When financial assets are recognised initially, they are measured at fair value, plus, in the case of financial assets not at fair value through profit or loss, directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group and the Company determine the classification of their financial assets at initial recognition, and the categories include financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments and available-for-sale financial assets.

(i) Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss

Financial assets are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss if they are held for trading or are designated as such upon initial recognition. Financial assets held for trading are derivatives (including separated embedded derivatives) or financial assets acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near term.

Financial assets designated as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are a group of financial assets which consist of certain quoted securities that is managed and its performance is evaluated at a fair value basis, in accordance with a documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about these group of financial assets is provided internally on that basis to the Group's and the Company's key management personnel.

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value. Any gains or losses arising from changes in fair value are recognised in the statement of profit or loss. Net gains or net losses on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss do not include exchange differences, interest and dividend income. Exchange differences, interest and dividend income on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised separately in the statement of profit or loss as part of other losses or other income.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss could be presented as current or non-current. Financial assets that are held primarily for trading purposes are presented as current whereas financial assets that are not held primarily for trading purposes are presented as current or noncurrent based on the expected settlement date.

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTD.)

3.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (contd.)

(k) Financial Assets (contd.)

(ii) Loans and Receivables

Financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market are classified as loans and receivables.

Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables are measured at the amortised cost using the effective interest method. Gains and losses are recognised in the statement of profit or loss when the loans and receivables are derecognised or impaired, and through the amortisation process.

Loans and receivables are classified as current assets, except for those having maturity dates later than 12 months after the reporting date which are classified as non-current.

(iii) Held-To-Maturity Investments

Financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity are classified as held-tomaturity when the Group has the positive intention and ability to hold the investment to maturity.

Subsequent to initial recognition, held-to-maturity investments are measured at the amortised cost using the effective interest method. Gains and losses are recognised in the statement of profit or loss when the held-to-maturity investments are derecognised or impaired, and through the amortisation process.

Held-to-maturity investments are classified as non-current assets, except for those having maturity within 12 months after the reporting date which are classified as current.

(iv) Available-For-Sale Financial Assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are financial assets that are designated as available for sale or are not classified in any of the three preceding categories.

After initial recognition, available-for-sale financial assets are measured at fair value. Any gains or losses from changes in fair value of the financial asset are recognised in other comprehensive income, except that impairment losses, foreign exchange gains and losses on monetary instruments and interest calculated using the effective interest method are recognised in the statement of profit or loss. The cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to the statement of profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment when the financial asset is derecognised. Interest income calculated using the effective interest method is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTD.)

3.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (contd.)

(k) Financial Assets (contd.)

(iv) Available-For-Sale Financial Assets (contd.)

Dividends from an available-for-sale equity instrument are recognised in the statement of profit or loss when the Group and the Company's right to receive payment is established.

Investments in equity instruments whose fair value cannot be reliably measured are measured at cost less impairment loss.

Available-for-sale financial assets are classified as non-current assets unless they are expected to be realised within 12 months after the reporting date.

A financial asset is derecognised when the contractual right to receive cash flows from the asset has expired. On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and any cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income will be recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

(I) Impairment of Financial Assets

The Group and the Company assess at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset is impaired.

(i) Trade and Other Receivables and Other Financial Assets Carried at Amortised Cost

To determine whether there is objective evidence that an impairment loss on financial assets has been incurred, the Group and the Company consider factors such as the probability of insolvency or significant financial difficulties of the debtor and default or significant delay in payments. For certain categories of financial assets, such as trade receivables, assets that are assessed not to be impaired individually are subsequently assessed for impairment on a collective basis based on similar risk characteristics. Objective evidence of impairment for a portfolio of receivables could include the Group's and the Company's past experience of collecting payments, an increase in the number of delayed payments in the portfolio past the average credit period and observable changes in national or local economic conditions that correlate with default on receivables.

If any such evidence exists, the amount of impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. When a receivable becomes uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account.

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTD.)

3.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (contd.)

(I) Impairment of Financial Assets (contd.)

(i) Trade and Other Receivables and Other Financial Assets Carried at Amortised Cost (contd.)

If in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its amortised cost had the impairment not been recognised at the reversal date. The amount of reversal is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

(ii) Available-For-Sale Financial Assets

Significant financial difficulties of the issuer or obligor, and the disappearance of an active trading market are considerations to determine whether there is objective evidence that investment securities classified as available-for-sale financial assets are impaired. A significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of investments in equity instruments below its cost is also an objective evidence of impairment.

If an available-for-sale financial asset is impaired, the difference between its cost (net of any principal payment and amortisation) and its current fair value less any impairment loss previously recognised in the statement of profit or loss, is transferred from equity to the statement of profit or loss.

Impairment losses on available-for-sale equity investments are not reversed in the statement of profit or loss in the subsequent periods. Increase in fair value of equity instruments, if any, subsequent to impairment loss is recognised in other comprehensive income. For available-for-sale debt investments, impairment losses are subsequently reversed in the statement of profit or loss if an increase in the fair value of the investment can be objectively related to an event occurring after the recognition of the impairment loss in the statement of profit or loss.

(m) Statement of Cash Flows

Cash comprises cash in hand, at bank and demand deposits. Cash equivalents, are short term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts subject to insignificant risk of changes in value, against which the bank overdrafts, if any, are deducted.

The Group and the Company adopt the direct method in the preparation of the statement of cash flows.

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTD.)

3.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (contd.)

(n) Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability.

Financial liabilities, within the scope of MFRS 139, are recognised in the statements of financial position when, and only when, the Group and the Company become a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument. Financial liabilities are classified as either financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss or other financial liabilities.

(i) Financial Liabilities at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial liabilities held for trading include derivatives entered into by the Group and the Company that do not meet the hedge accounting criteria. Derivative liabilities are initially measured at fair value and subsequently stated at fair value with any resultant gains or losses recognised in the statement of profit or loss. Net gains or losses on derivatives include exchange differences.

(ii) Other Financial Liabilities

Other financial liabilities of the Group and the Company include trade payables, other payables, hire purchase liabilities, Senior Bonds and loans and borrowings.

Trade and other payables are recognised initially at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Senior Bonds, loans and borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred, and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

For other financial liabilities, gains and losses are recognised in the statement of profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised, and through the amortisation process.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is extinguished. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTD.)

3.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (contd.)

(o) Financial Guarantee Contracts

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the guarantor to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due.

Financial guarantee contracts are recognised initially as a liability at fair value, net of transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, financial guarantee contracts are recognised as income in the statement of profit or loss over the period of the guarantee. If it is probable that the liability will be higher than the amount initially recognised less amortisation, the liability is recorded at the higher amount with the difference charged to the statement of profit or loss.

(p) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group or the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. If it is no longer probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation, the provision is reversed. Where the effect of the time value of money is material, the amount of provision is the present value of the expenditure expected to settle the obligation.

Liquidated and ascertained damages which have been accrued based on estimates of settlement sums to be agreed, are recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

(q) Leases

(i) As Lessee

Finance leases, which transfer to the Group and the Company substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the leased item, are capitalised at the inception of the lease at the fair value of the leased asset or, if lower, at the present value of the minimum lease payments. Any initial direct costs are also added to the amount capitalised. Lease payments are apportioned between the finance charges and reduction of the lease liability so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance charges are charged to the statement of profit or loss. Contingent rents, if any, are charged as expenses in the periods in which they are incurred.

Leased assets are depreciated over the estimated useful life of the asset. However, if there is no reasonable certainty that the Group and the Company will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the shorter of the estimated useful life and the lease term.

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in the statement of profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term. The aggregate benefit of incentives provided by the lessor is recognised as a reduction of rental expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis.

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTD.)

3.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (contd.)

(q) Leases (contd.)

(ii) As Lessor

Leases where the Group and the Company retain substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset are classified as operating leases. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same bases as rental income. The accounting policy for rental income is set out in Note 3.2 (w)(vi).

(r) Taxes

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

(i) Current Tax

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Current taxes are recognised in the statement of profit or loss except to the extent that the taxes relates to items recognised outside the statement of profit or loss which is recognised either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

(ii) Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all temporary differences, except:

- where the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiary companies, associated companies and joint ventures, where the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTD.)

3.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (contd.)

(r) Taxes (contd.)

(ii) Deferred Tax (contd.)

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised except:

- where the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiary companies, associated companies and joint ventures, deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax assets to be utilised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside the statement of profit or loss is recognised outside the statement of profit or loss. Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity and deferred tax arising from a business combination is adjusted against goodwill on acquisition.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTD.)

3.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (contd.)

(r) Taxes (contd.)

(iii) Gaming and Sales Tax

Revenues are recognised net of the amount of gaming and sales tax while expenses and assets are recognised net of sales tax except where the sales tax incurred in a purchase of assets or services is not recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case the sales tax is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item as applicable.

Receivables and payables are stated with the amount of sales tax included.

The net amount of gaming and sales tax recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the statements of financial position.

(iv) Goods and Services Tax ("GST") and Value Added Tax ("VAT")

The net amount of GST or VAT being the difference between output and input GST or VAT, payable to or recoverable from the respective authorities at reporting date is included as part of receivables or payables in the statements of financial position.

(s) Foreign Currencies

(i) Functional and Presentation Currency

The individual financial statements of each entity in the Group are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("the functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM"), which is also the Company's functional currency.

(ii) Foreign Currency Transactions

In preparing the financial statements of the individual entities, transactions in currencies other than the entity's functional currency ("foreign currencies") are recorded in the functional currencies using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each reporting date, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates prevailing on the reporting date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate at the date of initial transaction.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the translation of monetary items, are included in the statement of profit or loss for the period except for exchange differences arising on monetary items that form part of the Group's net investment in foreign operations. These are initially taken directly to the foreign currency translation reserve within equity until the disposal of the foreign operations, at which time they are recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTD.)

3.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (contd.)

(s) Foreign Currencies (contd.)

(ii) Foreign Currency Transactions (contd.)

Exchange differences arising on monetary items that form part of the Company's net investment in foreign operations are recognised in the statement of profit or loss of the Company's separate financial statements or the individual financial statements of the foreign operation, as appropriate.

Exchange differences arising on the translation of non-monetary items carried at fair value are included in the statement of profit or loss for the year except for the differences arising on the translation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognised directly in other comprehensive income. Exchange differences arising from such non-monetary items are also recognised directly in equity.

(iii) Foreign Operations

The results and financial position of foreign operations that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency ("RM") of the consolidated financial statements are translated into RM as follows:

- Assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate prevailing at the reporting date;
- Income and expenses for each statement of profit or loss and statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates for the year, which approximate the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions; and
- All the resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in a separate component of equity under foreign currency translation reserve.

The principal closing rates used in translation are as follows:

Foreign currency	Currency code	2015 RM	2014 RM
1 Great Britain Pound	GBP	5.940	5.471
1 Singapore Dollar	SGD	2.803	2.571
1 United States Dollar	USD	3.777	3.212
100 Korean Won	KRW	0.338	0.317

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTD.)

3.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (contd.)

(t) Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs consist of interest and transaction costs that the Group and the Company incurred in connection with the borrowing of funds.

Borrowing costs are capitalised as part of the cost of a qualifying asset if they are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of that asset. Capitalisation of borrowing costs commences when the activities to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale are in progress and the expenditures and borrowing costs are incurred. Borrowing costs are capitalised until the assets are substantially completed for their intended use or sale.

Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issue of financial liabilities measured at amortised cost are amortised over the tenures of the respective financial liabilities at effective interest rates.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in the statement of profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

(u) Share Capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Dividends on ordinary shares are recognised in equity in the period in which they are approved and declared for payment.

The transaction costs of an equity transaction are accounted for as a deduction from equity, net of tax. Equity transaction costs comprise only those incremental external costs directly attributable to the equity transaction which would otherwise have been avoided.

(v) Contingencies

A contingent liability or asset is a possible obligation or asset that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of uncertain future event not wholly within the control of the Group or the Company.

Contingent liabilities and assets are not recognised in the statement of financial position of the Group except for contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination of which the fair value can be reliably measured.

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTD.)

3.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (contd.)

(w) Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured.

(i) Dividend income

Dividend income from investments in subsidiary and associated companies and joint ventures is recognised when the shareholders' right to receive the dividend payment is established. Dividend income from other investments is recognised on receipt basis.

(ii) Interest income

Interest income from short term deposits and advances is recognised on an accrual basis, unless recoverability is in doubt.

(iii) Gaming activities

Revenue from gaming activities is recognised based on ticket sales net of gaming tax relating to draw days within the financial year.

(iv) Gaming equipment sale

Revenue from the sale of gaming equipment is recognised net of discounts upon delivery of products and customer acceptance.

(v) Management fee income

Management fee income is recognised on an accrual basis.

(vi) Rental income

Revenue from rental of investment properties is recognised on an accrual basis unless collection is in doubt, in which case it is recognised on receipt basis.

(vii) Sale of goods and properties

Revenue is recognised when significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods and properties have been passed to the buyer. Revenue is recognised net of sales, service tax, GST, VAT and discount, where applicable.

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTD.)

3.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (contd.)

(w) Revenue Recognition (contd.)

(viii) Theme park tickets, car park tickets and ferry tickets

Revenue from sale of theme park tickets, car park tickets and ferry tickets is recognised when obligation to render services are discharged, net of GST.

(ix) Other income

Other than the above, all other income is recognised on accrual basis.

(x) Employee Benefits

(i) Short Term Benefits

Wages, salaries, bonuses and social security contributions are recognised as an expense in the year in which the associated services are rendered by employees of the Group. Short term accumulating compensated absences such as paid annual leave are recognised when services are rendered by employees that increase their entitlement to future compensated absences. Short term nonaccumulating compensated absences such as sick leave are recognised when the absences occur.

(ii) Defined Contribution Plans

Defined contribution plans are post-employment benefit plans under which the Group pays fixed contributions into separate entities or funds and will have no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions if any of the funds do not hold sufficient assets to pay all employee benefits relating to employee services in the current and preceding financial years. Such contributions are recognised as an expense in the statement of profit or loss as incurred. As required by law, companies in Malaysia make such contributions to the Employees Provident Fund ("EPF").

(y) Segment Information

For management purposes, the Group is organised into operating segments based on their products and services which are independently managed by the respective segment managers responsible for the performance of the respective segments under their charge. The segment managers report directly to the chief operating decision maker of the Group who regularly review the segment results in order to allocate resources to the segments and to assess the segment performance.

The Group adopts business segment analysis as its primary reporting format and geographical segment analysis as its secondary reporting format. The segment information by geographical locations is not applicable as the Group operates predominantly in Malaysia.

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTD.)

3.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (contd.)

(y) Segment Information (contd.)

Segment revenues and expenses are those directly attributable to the segments and include any joint revenue and expenses where a reasonable basis of allocation exists. Revenue and expenses do not include items arising on investing or financing activities.

Segment assets include all operating assets used by a segment and do not include items arising on investing or financing activities.

Segment liabilities comprise operating liabilities and do not include liabilities arising on investing or financing activities such as bank borrowings.

4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

Estimation judgements are continually evaluated by the Directors and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

(a) Critical Judgements Made in Applying Accounting Policies

The following are the judgements made by management in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

(i) Classification between investment properties and property, plant and equipment

The Group has developed certain criteria based on MFRS 140 in making judgement whether a property qualifies as an investment property. Investment property is a property held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both.

Some properties comprise a portion that is held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation and another portion that is held for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. If these portions could be sold separately (or leased out separately under a finance lease), the Group would account for the portions separately. If the portions could not be sold separately, the property is an investment property only if an insignificant portion is held for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes.

Judgements have been made by the Group that the portion held for administrative purposes is insignificant.

(ii) Leases - As lessor

The Group has entered into commercial property leases on its investment property portfolio. The Group has determined that it retains all the significant risks and rewards of ownership of these properties which are leased out on operating leases.

4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (CONTD.)

(a) Critical Judgements Made in Applying Accounting Policies (contd.)

(iii) Impairment of available-for-sale investments

The Group reviews its investments in equity instruments, which are classified as available-for-sale investments at each reporting date to assess whether they are impaired. The Group records impairment charges when there has been a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value below their cost.

The determination of what is "significant" or "prolonged" requires judgement. In making this judgement, the Group evaluates, among other factors, historical share price movements and the duration and extent to which the fair value of an investment is less than its cost.

During the current financial year, the Group impaired quoted and unquoted equity investments with "significant" decline in fair value greater than 20%, and "prolonged" period greater than 12 months.

For the financial year ended 30 June 2015, the amount of impairment loss recognised for available-forsale investments was RM20,462,000 (2014 : RM500,000) for the Group and RM9,000 (2014 : RMNil) for the Company as disclosed in Note 33.

(iv) Deferred taxation on investment properties

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax liabilities or deferred tax assets arising from investment properties that are measured at fair value, the Group has reviewed its investment property portfolios and concluded that its investment property portfolios are not held under a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment properties over time, rather than through sale. Therefore, in determining the deferred tax on investment properties, the Group determined that the presumption that the carrying amounts of the investment properties measured at fair value are recovered through sale is not rebutted. As a result, the Group has measured deferred tax on changes in fair values of investment properties at real property gains tax rates as the gains from disposal of investment properties of the Group are subject to these tax rates.

(v) Financial guarantee contracts

At each reporting date, the Company determines the fair value of the guarantees at initial recognition based on the likelihood of the guaranteed party defaulting within the guaranteed period and estimates the loss exposure (after considering the value of physical assets pledged for the loans/borrowings obtained from external financiers).

For the financial year ended 30 June 2015, the Company has assessed the existing financial guarantee contracts and determined that the guarantees are more likely not to be called upon by the financiers. Financial impact of such guarantees is not material.

4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (CONTD.)

(b) Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty

Management believes that there are no key assumptions made concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year except the following:

(i) Impairment of goodwill

The Group determines whether goodwill is impaired at least on an annual basis. This requires an estimation of the value-in-use ("VIU") of the cash-generating unit ("CGU") to which the goodwill is allocated. Estimating a value-in-use amount requires management to make an estimate of the expected future cash flows from the CGU and also to choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows. Details of goodwill are disclosed in Note 13.

(ii) Impairment of property, plant and equipment and investments in subsidiary companies

The Group carried out the impairment test based on the assessment of the fair value of the respective asset's or CGU's fair value less costs to sell or based on the estimation of the value-in-use ("VIU") of the CGUs to which the respective property, plant and equipment and subsidiary companies are allocated. Estimating the VIU requires the Group to make an estimate of the expected future cash flows from the CGU and also to choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows.

The carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment and the investments in subsidiary companies are disclosed in Notes 5 and 8 respectively.

(iii) Depreciation of plant, machinery and equipment

The cost of plant, machinery and equipment is depreciated on a straight-line basis over the assets' useful lives. Management estimates the useful lives of these plant, machinery and equipment to be within 3 to 10 years. These are common life expectancies applied in the industry.

(iv) Impairment of loans and receivables

The Group assesses at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that a receivable is impaired. To determine whether there is objective evidence of impairment, the Group considers factors such as the probability of insolvency or significant financial difficulties of the debtor and default or significant delay in payments.

Where there is objective evidence of impairment, the amount and timing of future cash flows are estimated based on historical loss experience for assets with similar credit risk characteristics. Details of impairment of loans and receivables are disclosed in Note 15.

4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (CONTD.)

(b) Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty (contd.)

(v) Income tax

Significant estimation is involved in determining the provision for income taxes. There are certain transactions and computations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. The Group recognises liabilities for expected tax issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final outcome of these matters are different from the amounts initially recognised, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made. Details of income tax expense are disclosed in Note 36.

(vi) Deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all unused tax losses, unabsorbed capital allowances and other deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses and capital allowances can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies. Details of deferred tax assets are disclosed in Note 26.

(vii) Fair values of investment properties

The Group carries its investment properties at fair value, with changes in fair values being recognised in the statement of profit or loss. The Group engaged independent professional valuer to determine fair value at the reporting date by reference to open market value using the Investment, Discounted Cash Flow, Comparison and Cost Methods.

(viii) Derivative asset

The Group measures the derivative asset by reference to the fair value of the derivative asset at reporting date. Estimating fair value of the derivative asset requires determining the most appropriate valuation model, which is dependent on the terms and conditions of the derivative asset, and making relevant assumptions. The details of the derivative asset are disclosed in Note 12.

(ix) Provision for minimum rental payable

In the prior financial years, a subsidiary company of the Group made a provision for minimum rental payable of USD886,000 (approximately RM3,346,000) upon the termination of a lease on a theatre system. The subsidiary company received a statement of accounts from the lessor stating that the amount owing to the lessor as RMNil balance. The management is of the view that after consulting its legal advisors, this RMNil balance statement of accounts does not preclude the lessor from filing a claim for the minimum rental payable. As such, the provision should remain as included in Note 27.

5 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

GROUP

As of 30 June 2015	Net carrying amount as of 1.7.2014 RM'000	Additions RM'000	Reclassi- fication RM'000	Transfer RM'000	Disposal/ Write off RM'000	Depre- ciation RM'000	Exchange differences RM'000	Net carrying amount as of 30.6.2015 RM'000
Freehold building	159,139	-	-	-	-	(4,107)	-	155,032
Long term leasehold land and buildings	113,727	-	-	-	-	(3,438)	-	110,289
Short term leasehold land and buildings Plant, machinery and	3,928	-	-	-	-	(101)	-	3,827
equipment	7,192	15	-	-	-	(843)	-	6,364
Computer equipment	6,451	1,222	-	-	(69)	(1,337)		6,267
Renovation Furniture, fittings and	739	30	-	-	-	(234)	-	535
office equipment First aid and theme	5,075	1,315	279	-	(1)	(812)	-	5,856
park equipment Cinema fixtures, fittings	322	83	(279)	-	-	(82)	-	44
and equipment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Motor vehicles	1,073	1,012	-	-	-	(504)	4	1,585
Capital work-in-progress	585	1,718	-	-	-	-	51	2,354
Others	295	-	-	-	(3)	(44)	-	248
	298,526	5,395	-	-	(73)	(11,502)	55	292,401

5 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTD.)

GROUP (CONTD.)

As of 30 June 2014	Net carrying amount as of 1.7.2013 RM'000	Additions RM'000	Reclassi- fication RM'000	Transfer RM'000	Disposal/ Write off RM'000	Depre- ciation RM'000	Exchange differences RM'000	Net carrying amount as of 30.6.2014 RM'000
Freehold building	162,484	655	113	-	-	(4,113)	-	159,139
Long term leasehold								
land and buildings	124,784	3,835	(11,527)	-	-	(3,365)	-	113,727
Short term leasehold								
land and buildings	4,030	-	-	-	-	(102)	-	3,928
Plant, machinery and								
equipment	11	104	7,554	636	-	(1,113)	-	7,192
Computer equipment	7,435	237	-	-	-	(1,221)	-	6,451
Renovation	1,646	166	-	-	-	(1,073)	-	739
Furniture, fittings and								
office equipment	1,371	810	3,829	-	(24)	(911)	-	5,075
First aid and theme								
park equipment	1,248	98	-	-	-	(1,024)	-	322
Cinema fixtures, fittings								
and equipment	55	-	-	-	-	(55)	-	-
Motor vehicles	1,257	219	31	-	-	(434)	-	1,073
Capital work-in-progress	-	-	-	585	-	-	-	585
Others	323	16	-	-	-	(44)	-	295
	304,644	6,140	-	1,221	(24)	(13,455)	-	298,526

NOTES TO THE

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- 30 JUNE 2015

5 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTD.)

GROUP

			Net	
		Accumulated	carrying	
	Cost	depreciation	amount	
As of 30 June 2015	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	
Freehold building	195,485	40,453	155,032	
Long term leasehold land and buildings	118,310	8,021	110,289	
Short term leasehold land and buildings	5,074	1,247	3,827	
Plant, machinery and equipment	15,566	9,202	6,364	
Computer equipment	14,366	8,099	6,267	
Renovation	8,730	8,195	535	
Furniture, fittings and office equipment	11,988	6,132	5,856	
First aid and theme park equipment	38,560	38,516	44	
Cinema fixtures, fittings and equipment	500	500	-	
Motor vehicles	3,803	2,218	1,585	
Capital work-in-progress	2,354	-	2,354	
Others	894	646	248	
	415,630	123,229	292,401	
As of 30 June 2014				
Freehold building	195,485	36,346	159,139	
Long term leasehold land and buildings	118,310	4,583	113,727	
Short term leasehold land and buildings	5,074	1,146	3,928	
Plant, machinery and equipment	15,551	8,359	7,192	
Computer equipment	13,280	6,829	6,451	
Renovation	8,700	7,961	739	
	10.010	5 000		

10,313

38,874

500

585

900

411,100

3,528

5,238

38,552

500

-

605

112,574

2,455

5,075

1,073

585

295

298,526

322

_

Motor vehicles

Others

Capital work-in-progress

Furniture, fittings and office equipment

Cinema fixtures, fittings and equipment

First aid and theme park equipment

5 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTD.)

(a) The net carrying amount of property, plant and equipment held under hire purchase arrangements are as follows:

	Group and	d Company
	2015	2014
	RM'000	RM'000
Motor vehicles	128	-

(b) The net carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment pledged to financial institutions for credit facilities granted to the Group, as referred to in Notes 22 and 23 are as follows:

	Group		
	2015	2014	
	RM'000	RM'000	
Freehold building	155,032	159,139	
Long term leasehold land and buildings	110,289	113,727	
Plant, machinery and equipment	6,279	7,098	
Computer equipment	530	523	
Renovation	384	563	
Furniture, fittings and office equipment	5,577	4,738	
First aid and theme park equipment	44	61	
Motor vehicles	857	798	
Capital work-in-progress	1,047	-	
	280,039	286,647	

(c) Included in the cost of property, plant and equipment of the Group are fully depreciated assets which are still in use:

	Gr	oup
	2015 RM'000	2014 RM'000
At cost:		
Plant, machinery and equipment	7,240	7,634
Furniture, fittings and office equipment	4,725	2,632
Computer equipment	1,155	1,762
Renovation	7,283	6,643
First aid and theme park equipment	38,329	38,311
Motor vehicles	502	502
Cinema fixtures, fittings and equipment	500	500
Others	451	452
	60,185	58,436

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- 30 JUNE 2015

5 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTD.)

COMPANY					
	Net carrying				Net carrying
	amount				amount
	as of				as of
	1.7.2014 /	A della D		Discourse	30.6.2015 /
	1.7.2013 RM'000	Additions D RM'000	RM'000	Disposal RM'000	30.6.2014 RM'000
As of 30 June 2015					
Computer equipment	21	13	(10)	-	24
Office equipment	-	1	-	(1)	-
Motor vehicle		142	(14)	-	128
	21	156	(24)	(1)	152
As of 30 June 2014					
Computer equipment	18	3	-	-	21
					Net
				Accumulated	carrying
			Cost	depreciation	amount
			RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
As of 30 June 2015					
Computer equipment			70	46	24
Motor vehicle			142	14	128
			212	60	152
As of 30 June 2014					
Computer equipment			57	36	21

6 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

	Gi	roup
	2015	2014
	RM'000	RM'000
At fair value :		
As of 1 July 2014/2013	2,117,775	2,108,636
Fair value changes	2,482	22,613
Additions during the year	361,506	10,198
Transferred to property, plant and equipment (Note 5)	-	(1,221)
Disposals during the year	(8,627)	(22,451)
Exchange differences	2,080	-
As of 30 June 2015/2014	2,475,216	2,117,775

In the previous financial year, the Group determined that certain assets amounting to RM1,221,000 no longer met the criteria based on MFRS 140 to qualify as investment properties and has transferred the said assets to property, plant and equipment.

Investment properties amounting to RM2,465,866,000 (2014 : RM2,080,523,000) have been pledged to financial institutions for credit facilities as referred to in Notes 22 and 23.

Included in the investment properties are RM490,534,000 (2014 : RM250,565,000) representing investment properties held under lease terms.

The fair values of the Group's investment properties at 30 June 2015 have been arrived at on the basis of a valuation carried out by independent valuers which have appropriate qualifications and recent experience in the valuation of properties in the relevant locations. The fair value was determined primarily based on Investment, Discounted Cash Flow, Comparison and Cost Methods. In estimating the fair value of the properties, the highest and best use of the properties is their current use.

Fair value hierarchy disclosures for investment properties have been provided in Note 43.

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- 30 JUNE 2015

7 LAND HELD FOR PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT

	Group		
	2015	2014	
	RM'000	RM'000	
As of 1 July 2014/2013:			
Freehold land cost	27,104	-	
Additions during the year:			
Freehold land cost	-	27,104	
Land reclamation premium cost	68,418	-	
Development costs	12	-	
Impairment during the year	(463)	-	
As of 30 June 2015/2014	95,071	27,104	

8 SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

	Cor	mpany	
	2015	2014	
	RM'000	RM'000	
Unquoted shares at cost	1,174,278	1,174,276	
Less: Impairment (Note 33)	(702)	-	
	1,173,576	1,174,276	

The Group's equity interest in the subsidiary companies, their respective principal activities and countries of incorporation are shown in Note 48.

(a) The changes to the composition of the Group for the financial year ended 30 June 2015 are as follows:

- (i) Acquisition of 100% equity interest comprising 2 ordinary shares of RM1.00 in Berjaya Assets Food (BAF) Sdn Bhd ("BAF") (formerly known as Ratna Setara Sdn Bhd) for a total cash consideration of RM2,000. BAF is presently dormant and the intended principal activity is the operation of food and beverage businesses. The acquisition of BAF did not have any material effect on the financial results of the Group as the said company has remained dormant subsequent to the acquisition; and
- (ii) Disposal of 18% equity interest in Jauhari Maksima Sdn Bhd ("JMSB"), a subsidiary company of Berjaya Waterfront Sdn Bhd ("BWSB"), which in turn is an effective 80% owned subsidiary company of the Group for a total cash consideration of RM130,001. Consequently, the equity interest of BWSB in JMSB is reduced from 70% to 52%.

(b) Subsidiary companies with material non-controlling interests

Set out below are the non-controlling interests of the subsidiary companies which the Group regards as material to the Group. The equity interests held by non-controlling interests are as follows:

			Equity interest held non-controlling intere	
			2015	2014
			%	%
Berjaya Times Square Sdn Bhd ("BTSSB")				
(on a consolidated basis)			20	20
Natural Avenue Sdn Bhd ("NASB")			35	35
	Profit/(Loss) allocated to		Accumulated	
	non-control	ling interests	non-controll	ing interests
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
BTSSB (on a consolidated basis)	9,848	1,200	406,412	405,050
NASB	4,661	6,751	1,418	2,532
Individually				
immaterial subsidiaries				
with non-controlling interests	(3,243)	(2,693)	8,881	11,099
	11,266	5,258	416,711	418,681

(b) Subsidiary companies with material non-controlling interests (contd.)

Summarised financial information of the subsidiary companies which have non-controlling interests that are material to the Group is set out below. The summarised financial information presented below is the amount before inter-company elimination.

GROUP			
	BTSSB	NASB	Total
As of 30 June 2015	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Non-current assets	2,645,664	11,095	2,656,759
Current assets	296,072	7,578	303,650
Non-current liabilities	(507,350)	(1,459)	(508,809)
Current liabilities	(402,153)	(13,165)	(415,318)
Net assets	2,032,233	4,049	2,036,282
Equity attributable to:			
- owners of the parent	2,032,059	4,049	2,036,108
- non-controlling interests	174	-	174
Total equity	2,032,233	4,049	2,036,282
As of 30 June 2014			
Non-current assets	2,489,496	11,935	2,501,431
Current assets	321,008	13,192	334,200
Non-current liabilities	(598,936)	(1,738)	(600,674)
Current liabilities	(185,615)	(16,156)	(201,771)
Net assets	2,025,953	7,233	2,033,186
Equity attributable to:			
- owners of the parent	2,025,252	7,233	2,032,485
- non-controlling interests	701	-	701
Total equity	2,025,953	7,233	2,033,186

(b) Subsidiary companies with material non-controlling interests (contd.)

GROUP			
Very ended 20 June 2015	BTSSB	NASB	Total
Year ended 30 June 2015	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Revenue	176,623	225,519	402,142
Profit for the year	48,253	13,316	61,569
Other comprehensive income	(9,103)	-	(9,103)
Total comprehensive income	39,150	13,316	52,466
Profit/(loss) for the year attributable to:			
- owners of the parent	48,950	13,316	62,266
- non-controlling interests	(697)	-	(697)
	48,253	13,316	61,569
Total comprehensive income attributable to:			
- owners of the parent	39,847	13,316	53,163
- non-controlling interests	(697)	-	(697)
	39,150	13,316	52,466
Net cash generated from/(used in):			
- operating activities	88,717	12,115	100,832
- investing activities	(168,374)	(249)	(168,623)
- financing activities	64,188	(16,500)	47,688
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(15,469)	(4,634)	(20,103)
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	(6,600)	(5,775)	(12,375)

(b) Subsidiary companies with material non-controlling interests (contd.)

GROUP			
Year ended 30 June 2014	BTSSB RM'000	NASB RM'000	Total RM'000
Revenue	178,465	239,797	418,262
Profit for the year	33,284	19,312	52,596
Other comprehensive income	(3,774)	-	(3,774)
Total comprehensive income	29,510	19,312	48,822
Profit/(loss) for the year attributable to:			
- owners of the parent	33,293	19,312	52,605
- non-controlling interests	(9)	-	(9)
	33,284	19,312	52,596
Total comprehensive income attributable to: - owners of the parent	29,519	19,312	48,831
- non-controlling interests	(9)	-	(9)
	29,510	19,312	48,822
Net cash generated from/(used in):	40.025	00.000	64.064
 operating activities investing activities 	42,935 38,475	22,029 (116)	64,964 38,359
- financing activities	(68,832)	(21,252)	(90,084)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	12,578	661	13,239
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	_	(7,350)	(7,350)

9 ASSOCIATED COMPANY

	Gro	Group	
	2015	2014	
	RM'000	RM'000	
Unquoted shares at cost	530	530	
Share of post acquisition reserves	(30)	(30)	
	500	500	
Less : Intragroup adjustments	(500)	(500)	
	-	-	

The Group's investment in the associated company which has interest in a subsidiary company of the Group has been eliminated on consolidation.

The details of the associated company are set out in Note 48.

Summarised financial information in respect of the associated company of the Group is set out below. The summarised financial information presented below represents the amounts in the financial statements of the associated company and not the Group's share of those amounts.

GROUP			
Megaquest Sdn Bhd	2015	2014	
As of 30 June 2015/2014	RM'000	RM'000	
Non-current assets	59	79	
Current assets	1,626	1,596	
Non-current liabilities	-	-	
Current liabilities	(8)	(8)	
Net assets	1,677	1,667	
Net assets attributable to:			
Owners of the associated company	1,677	1,667	
Non-controlling interests of the associated company		-	
	1,677	1,667	

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9 ASSOCIATED COMPANY (CONTD.)

2015	2014
RM'000	RM'000
3	2
10	10
-	-
10	10
10	10
	RM'000 3 10 - 10

Reconciliation of the summarised financial information presented above to the carrying value of the Group's interest in the associated company

GROUP

Megaquest Sdn Bhd	2015 RM'000	2014 RM'000
Attributable to the owners of associated company:		
Net assets at 1 July 2014/2013	1,667	1,657
Profit for the year	10	10
Net assets at 30 June 2015/2014	1,677	1,667
Group's equity interest (%)	50	50
	839	834
Interest in net assets of associated company		

10 JOINT VENTURES

	Gr	oup
	2015	2014
	RM'000	RM'000
Unquoted investments, at cost:		
Ordinary shares	3,845	3,770
Redeemable Preference Shares ("RPS")	7,095	3,030
Share of post acquisition reserves	299	749
Exchange differences	361	155
	11,600	7,704
Share application monies in respect of RPS issuance	2,850	1,440
	14,450	9,144

During the financial year, Jernih Wiramas Sdn Bhd ("JWSB"), a wholly-owned subsidiary company of the Company subscribed for an additional 75,000 ordinary shares of RM1.00 each in TREC Holdings Sdn Bhd ("TREC") (formerly known as Avant City Sdn Bhd), a company incorporated in Malaysia, for a total cash consideration of RM75,000 and also, subscribed for an additional 4,065 Redeemable Preference Shares of RM0.01 each at RM1,000 per share in TREC for a total cash consideration of RM4,065,000.

In the previous financial year, JWSB acquired 30,000 ordinary shares of RM1 each, representing a 30% equity interest in TREC for a total cash consideration of RM30,000 and subscribed for 3,030 Redeemable Preference Shares of RM0.01 each at RM1,000 per share for a total cash consideration of RM3,030,000.

The salient terms of TREC's RPS are as follows:

- (a) The RPS shall be issued in registered form in denominations or multiples of RM1,000.00 each;
- (b) No dividend shall be payable on the RPS; and
- (c) The RPS is redeemable at 100% of its issue price at the discretion of TREC at any time but always subject to the requirements of Section 61 of the Companies Act, 1965.

Details of the joint ventures are as follows:

Name of Joint Ventures	Paid-up Capital	Proport ownership held by th	o interest	Principal Activities
		2015	2014	
		%	%	
Berjaya - GSC Sdn Bhd ("BGSB")	RM5,000,000	50	50	Cinema operations
Cardiff City (House of Sport) Limited	GBP500,000 (approximately RM2,735,500)	50	50	Development and running of a sports and leisure academy
TREC Holdings Sdn Bhd ("TREC") (formerly known as Avant City Sdn Bhd)	RM100,000	30	30	Letting of properties and maintenance

The Group regards TREC and BGSB as its material joint ventures.

Summarised financial information in respect of the material joint ventures of the Group are set out below. The summarised financial information presented below represents the amounts in the financial statements of the joint ventures and not the Group's share of those amounts.

GROUP

	TREC	BGSB	Total
As of 30 June 2015	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Non-current assets	25,085	6,507	31,592
Current assets	4,770	4,458	9,228
Non-current liabilities	-	(275)	(275)
Current liabilities	(4,123)	(3,220)	(7,343)
Net assets	25,732	7,470	33,202
The above amounts of assets and liabilities include the following:			
Cash and cash equivalents	71	3,766	3,837
Current financial liabilities (excluding		0,100	0,001
trade and other payables and provision)		187	187
Non-current financial liabilities (excluding			
trade and other payables and provision)	-	-	-

GROUP			
As of 30 June 2014	TREC RM'000	BGSB RM'000	Total RM'000
Non-current assets	4,464	8,665	13,129
Current assets	6,893	2,657	9,550
Non-current liabilities	-	(361)	(361)
Current liabilities	(2,517)	(4,134)	(6,651)
Net assets	8,840	6,827	15,667
The above amounts of assets and liabilities			
include the following: Cash and cash equivalents	2,927	1,848	4,775
Current financial liabilities (excluding	2,521	1,040	4,775
trade and other payables and provision)	-	121	121
Non-current financial liabilities (excluding			
trade and other payables and provision)	-	-	-
	TDEO	BGSB	Total
Year ended 30 June 2015	TREC RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Revenue	-	10,767	10,767
(Loss)/Profit for the year, representing			
total comprehensive income for the year	(4,173)	643	(3,530)
The above (loss)/profit for the year includes the following:			
Depreciation and amortisation	44	2,138	2,182
Finance costs	-	67	67
Dividends received from the joint venture during the year	-	-	-

GROUP	1/		
	TREC	BGSB	Total
Year ended 30 June 2014	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Revenue	43	10,570	10,613
(Loss)/Profit for the year, representing			
total comprehensive income for the year	(2,271)	221	(2,050)
The above (loss)/profit for the year includes the following:			
Depreciation and amortisation	2	2,736	2,738
Finance costs	-	121	121
Dividends received from the joint venture during the year	-	937	937

Reconciliation of the summarised financial information presented above to the carrying value of the Group's interest in the joint ventures

GROUP

2015	TREC	BGSB	Total
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Net assets at 1 July 2014	7,400	6,827	14,227
Issuance of ordinary shares during the year	250	-	250
Issuance of RPS during the year	13,549	-	13,549
(Loss)/Profit for the year, representing			
total comprehensive income for the year	(4,173)	643	(3,530)
Net assets at 30 June 2015	17,026	7,470	24,496
Share application monies in respect of RPS issuance	8,706	-	8,706
	25,732	7,470	33,202

Reconciliation of the summarised financial information presented above to the carrying value of the Group's interest in the joint ventures (contd.)

GROUP

2015	TREC RM'000	BGSB RM'000	Total RM'000
Group's equity interest (%)	30	50	-
Interests in joint ventures	5,108	3,735	8,843
Share application monies in respect of RPS issuance	2,850	-	2,850
Goodwill	159	-	159
Carrying value of Group's interest in the joint ventures	8,117	3,735	11,852
2014			
Net assets at 1 July 2013	(529)	8,481	7,952
Issuance of ordinary shares during the year	100	-	100
Issuance of RPS during the year	10,100	-	10,100
(Loss)/Profit for the year, representing			
total comprehensive income for the year	(2,271)	221	(2,050)
Dividends paid	-	(1,875)	(1,875)
Net assets at 30 June 2014	7,400	6,827	14,227
Share application monies in respect of RPS issuance	1,440	-	1,440
	8,840	6,827	15,667
Group's equity interest (%)	30	50	-
Interests in joint ventures	2,220	3,414	5,634
Add: Group's share of pre-acquisition net assets	159	-	159
Interest in joint ventures - post acquisition	2,379	3,414	5,793
Share application monies in respect of RPS issuance	1,440	-	1,440
Goodwill	159	-	159
Carrying value of Group's interest in the joint ventures	3,978	3,414	7,392

Aggregate information of a joint venture that is not individually material

GROUP

	2015 RM'000	2014 RM'000
The Group's share of profit for the year, representing total		
comprehensive income for the year	480	420
Aggregate carrying amount of the Group's interest in the joint venture	2,598	1,752

11 OTHER INVESTMENTS

	Group		Company	
	2015 RM'000	. 2014	2015	2014
		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Quoted shares in Malaysia at fair value	149,615	215,912	1,748	1,835
Quoted loan stocks in Malaysia at fair value	14,753	16,205	138	151
Quoted warrants in Malaysia at fair value	1,724	2,302	32	35
Unquoted shares outside Malaysia at cost	-	32,212	-	-
Unquoted loan stocks outside Malaysia at cost	3,731	3,694	-	-
Malaysian Government Securities at cost	1,012	1,014	-	-
Total investments	170,835	271,339	1,918	2,021
Market value of:				
Malaysian Government Securities	1,017	1,014	-	-

As of 30 June 2015, the investments in quoted shares, loan stocks and warrants included certain investments in affiliated companies, Berjaya Corporation Berhad ("BCorp"), Berjaya Land Berhad, Berjaya Media Berhad and Berjaya Sports Toto Berhad with a net carrying amount of RM67,759,000 (2014 : RM84,636,000), RM92,748,000 (2014 : RM120,225,000), RM1,087,000 (2014 : RM1,251,000) and RM3,270,000 (2014 : RM21,724,000) respectively.

Certain quoted investments of the Group with fair value of RM161,258,000 (2014 : RM77,958,000) have been pledged to financial institutions for credit facilities granted to certain of its subsidiary companies.

11 OTHER INVESTMENTS (CONTD.)

As of 30 June 2015, quoted loan stocks in Malaysia designated as available-for-sale equity investments comprise investments in 5% Irredeemable Convertible Unsecured Loan Stocks 2012/2022 issued by BCorp ("5% BCorp ICULS"). The 5% BCorp ICULS at nominal value of RM1.00 each are constituted by a Trust Deed dated 9 April 2012 between BCorp and the Trustee for the holders of 5% BCorp ICULS.

The main features of 5% BCorp ICULS are as follows:

- (a) The 5% BCorp ICULS shall be convertible into ordinary shares of BCorp during the period from 26 April 2012 to the maturity date on 25 April 2022 at the rate of one RM1.00 nominal value of 5% BCorp ICULS for one ordinary share of RM1.00 in BCorp;
- (b) Upon the conversion of the 5% BCorp ICULS into new BCorp ordinary shares, such shares shall rank pari passu in all respects with the ordinary shares of BCorp in issue at the time of conversion except that they shall not be entitled to any dividend or other distributions declared in respect of a financial period prior to the financial period in which the 5% BCorp ICULS are converted or any interim dividend declared prior to the date of conversion of the 5% BCorp ICULS; and
- (c) The interest on the 5% BCorp ICULS is payable semi-annually in arrears.

Unquoted loan stocks outside Malaysia designated as available-for-sale debt investments comprise investment in 3% RCULS issued by a joint venture, Cardiff City (House of Sport) Limited ("Cardiff"). The 3% RCULS as of nominal value GBP1.00 each are constituted by a deed dated 30 November 2010 between Cardiff and the holders of 3% RCULS. The main features of 3% RCULS are as follows:

- (a) The 3% RCULS shall be convertible into ordinary shares of Cardiff during the period from 30 November 2010 to the maturity date on 29 November 2015 at the rate of one GBP1.00 nominal value of 3% RCULS for one GBP1.00 ordinary share of Cardiff;
- (b) Upon conversion of the 3% RCULS into new Cardiff ordinary shares, such shares shall rank pari passu in all respects with the ordinary shares of Cardiff in issue at the time of conversion except that they shall not be entitled to any dividend or other distributions declared in respect of a financial period prior to the financial period in which 3% RCULS are converted or any interim dividend declared prior to the date of conversion of 3% RCULS; and
- (c) The interest on 3% RCULS is payable semi-annually in arrears.

11 OTHER INVESTMENTS (CONTD.)

The Group and the Company also recognised an impairment amounting to RM20,462,000 and RM9,000 (2014 : RM500,000 and RMNil) respectively in respect of certain quoted investments designated as available-for-sale financial assets due to significant decline of more than 20% in the fair values of these investments below their costs.

The investment in Malaysian Government Securities has been pledged to the Malaysian Government as security in compliance with the terms and conditions for the issuance of gaming licence by the Minister of Finance.

Further details on fair value hierarchy and classification of other investments are disclosed in Notes 43 and 44 respectively.

12 DERIVATIVE ASSET

	Gr	oup
	2015 RM'000	2014 RM'000
As of 1 July 2014/2013	37	71
Changes in fair value during the year	(37)	(34)
As of 30 June 2015/2014	-	37

This represents the exchange feature which is a separated embedded derivative contained in the unquoted 3% RCULS as disclosed in Note 11. 3% RCULS holders are able to exchange the 3% RCULS into unquoted Cardiff ordinary shares at the rate of one 3% RCULS for one Cardiff ordinary share. The derivative asset is carried at fair value through profit or loss. The fair value of this unquoted derivative asset is measured as the difference between the fair value of the hybrid instrument and the fair value of the host contract.

Further details on fair value hierarchy and classification of derivative asset are disclosed in Notes 43 and 44 respectively.

13 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Group	Goodwill on consolidation RM'000	Rights RM'000	Total RM'000
Cost			
As of 1 July 2014/2013			
and as of 30 June 2015/2014	199,955	28,243	228,198
Accumulated amortisation and impairment			
As of 1 July 2013	59,319	10,675	69,994
Amortisation (Note 35)	-	1,101	1,101
As of 30 June 2014	59,319	11,776	71,095
Amortisation (Note 35)	-	1,101	1,101
As of 30 June 2015	59,319	12,877	72,196
Net carrying value			
As of 30 June 2015	140,636	15,366	156,002
As of 30 June 2014	140,636	16,467	157,103

<u>Rights</u>

Comprises the rights to receive Special Cash Sweep Lottery royalty revenue. The intangible asset is amortised over the period of the rights of 30 years commencing 9 November 1999.

Impairment test for goodwill on consolidation

Goodwill on consolidation of RM140,609,000 (2014 : RM140,609,000) and RM27,000 (2014 : RM27,000) have been allocated to the Group's CGUs identified to the gaming and related activities business segment and the property investment business segment respectively.

13 INTANGIBLE ASSETS (CONTD.)

Key assumptions used in value-in-use calculations

The recoverable amount of a CGU is determined based on value-in-use calculations using cash flow projections based on financial budgets covering a five-year period. The key assumptions used for value-in-use calculations are:

(i) Budgeted gross margins

The basis used to determine the value assigned to the budgeted gross margins is the average gross margins achieved in the year immediately before the budgeted year adjusted for expected efficiency improvements, market and economic conditions and internal resource efficiency, where applicable.

(ii) Growth rate

The long term annual growth rate of 5.5% (2014 : 5.7%) used is consistent with the average long term annual growth rate for the relevant industries.

(iii) Discount rate

The pre-tax discount rate used for identified CGUs of 13.00% (2014 : 10.20%) is on a basis that reflect specific risks relating to the CGU.

Sensitivity to changes in assumptions

The management believes that no reasonably possible change in any of the above key assumptions would cause the carrying values of the CGUs to materially exceed their recoverable amounts.

14 INVENTORIES

	Group	
	2015	2014
	RM'000	RM'000
At cost :		
Finished goods and consumables	747	735
Ticket inventories	525	595
Gaming equipment	425	394
	1,697	1,724
At net realisable value :		
Properties held for sale	194,906	194,906
	196,603	196,630

The cost of inventories recognised as an expense during the financial year in the Group amounted to RM17,240,000 (2014 : RM19,358,000).

Properties held for sale are pledged to financial institutions for credit facilities as referred to in Note 22.

15 RECEIVABLES

	Group		Company	
			2015	2014
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Trade receivables	1.1718			
Third parties (Note a)	14,244	10,864	-	_
Less: Allowance for impairment	(9,618)	(8,101)	-	-
Trade receivables, net	4,626	2,763	-	-
Other receivables (Note b)				
Sundry receivables	10,201	8,783	1	148
Deposits	2,943	3,156	1	-
Amounts due from:				
- affiliated companies	3,336	5,983	-	-
- a joint venture	1,469	1,183	-	-
- subsidiary companies	-	-	350,092	279,313
GST recoverable	6,142	-	9	-
Other receivables	24,091	19,105	350,103	279,461
Other current assets (Note c)				
Deposits for acquisition of assets	560	22,098	-	196
Deposit for acquisition of investments	2,000	,	-	-
Prepayments	4,415	5,081	25	202
	6,975	27,179	25	398
Total receivables	35,692	49,047	350,128	279,859

(a) <u>Trade receivables</u>

The Group's trade receivables are non-interest bearing with credit terms ranging from 7 to 30 (2014 : 7 to 30) days. They are recognised at their original invoiced amounts which represent their fair values on initial recognition.

15 RECEIVABLES (CONTD.)

(a) Trade receivables (contd.)

Ageing analysis of trade receivables

The ageing analysis of trade receivables is as follows:

	Group		
	2015	2014	
	RM'000	RM'000	
Neither past due nor impaired	358	6	
1 to 30 days past due not impaired	2,633	1,117	
31 to 60 days past due not impaired	413	419	
61 to 90 days past due not impaired	370	142	
91 to 120 days past due not impaired	186	229	
More than 120 days past due not impaired	666	850	
	4.268	2,757	
Impaired	9,618	8,101	
	14,244	10,864	

Receivables that are neither past due nor impaired

Trade and other receivables that are neither past due nor impaired are creditworthy debtors with good payment records with the Group.

Receivables that are past due but not impaired

The Group has trade receivables amounting to RM4,268,000 (2014 : RM2,757,000) that are past due at the reporting date but not impaired as there is no concern on the credit worthiness of the counter parties and the recoverability of these debts.

15 RECEIVABLES (CONTD.)

(a) <u>Trade receivables (contd.)</u>

Receivables that are impaired

The Group's trade receivables that are individually assessed and impaired at the reporting date and the movement of the allowance accounts used to record the impairment are as follows:

	Group	
	2015	2014 RM'000
	RM'000	
Trade receivables - nominal amounts	9,618	8,101
Less: Allowance for impairment	(9,618)	(8,101)

	Group		
	2015	2014	
Movement in allowance account:	RM'000	RM'000	
As of 1 July 2014/2013	8,101	8,887	
Charge for the year (Note 35)	1,726	1,327	
Reversal of impairment (Note 35)	(209)	(2,113)	
As of 30 June 2015/2014	9,618	8,101	

Trade receivables that are individually determined to be impaired at the reporting date relate to debtors that are in financial difficulties and have defaulted on payments. These receivables are not secured by any collateral or credit enhancements.

Management conducts periodic assessment on its receivable balances on account by account basis. Hence, all impairments are provided for specific receivable balances. Management are of the opinion that there are no further factors that warrants the consideration of additional impairment on a collective basis.

(b) Other receivables

The amounts due from subsidiary companies, affiliated companies and a joint venture are unsecured, interest bearing and repayable on demand.

(c) Other current assets

In the previous financial year, other current assets mainly comprise deposit paid in respect of acquisition of property which was completed during the financial year.

16 CASH AND BANK BALANCES

	Group		Company	
	2015 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2015 RM'000	2014 RM'000
Deposits with licensed banks	64,066	96,434	1,747	10,456
Cash on hand and at banks	22,890	26,951	24	724
	86,956	123,385	1,771	11,180

Deposits with licensed banks of the Group amounting to RM1,324,000 (2014 : RM1,285,000) are pledged to bank for banks guarantee facilities granted to certain subsidiary companies of the Group.

Included in deposits with licensed banks and cash on hand and at banks of the Group are monies held in debt service reserve accounts amounting to RM63,246,000 (2014 : RM74,102,000) which are restricted in usage and do not form part of cash and cash equivalents.

The range of interest rates of the Group during the financial year and the range of maturities of deposits of the Group as at the end of financial year were as follows:

		Range of interest rates		e of
	intere			maturities
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	%	%	Days	Days
Licensed banks	1.90 - 3.10	1.80 - 3.05	1 - 63	1 - 31

17 SHARE CAPITAL

	Group and Company Ordinary shares < of RM1.00 each>			
	No. of s	Ar	nount	
	2015	2014	2014 2015	2014
	'000 '	'000 '	RM'000	RM'000
Authorised:				
As of 1 July 2014/2013				
and as of 30 June 2015/2014	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000

17 SHARE CAPITAL (CONTD.)

	Group and Company			
	Ordinary	shares		
	< of RM1.0	0 each>		
	No. of shares		Ar	nount
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	'000 '	'000 '	RM'000	RM'000
Issued and fully paid:				
As of 1 July 2014/2013				
and as of 30 June 2015/2014	1,113,042	1,113,042	1,113,042	1,113,042

Warrants 2008/2018

On 18 March 2008, the Company issued 415,982,348 free detachable Warrants 2008/2018 pursuant to the Rights Issue.

The Warrants were constituted by a Deed Poll dated 12 February 2008 and the main features of the Warrants are as follows:

- (a) Each warrant entitles the holder to subscribe for 1 new ordinary share of RM1.00 each in the Company at a price of RM1.00 per share;
- (b) The Warrants may be exercised at any time up to 17 March 2018; and
- (c) The shares arising from the exercise of Warrants shall rank pari passu in all respect with the existing ordinary shares of the Company, save and except that the new shares shall not be entitled to any dividends, rights, allotments or distributions, unless the exercise of warrants is effected before the book closure of the share registers for the determination of the entitlement to such rights or distributions.

As of the reporting date, all Warrants issued remain unexercised.

18 SHARE PREMIUM

2015 RM'000	2014 RM'000
050.005	258.985

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19 AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE RESERVE

	Group		Company		
	2015 RM'000	2015	2014	2015	2014
		RM'000 RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	
As of 1 July 2014/2013	46,799	48,901	1,240	1,018	
Changes in fair values of available-					
for-sale financial assets during the year	(19,579)	3,701	(94)	222	
Transfer to statement of profit or loss upon disposal	(1,804)	(5,803)	-	-	
As of 30 June 2015/2014	25,416	46,799	1,146	1,240	

Available-for-sale reserve represents the cumulative fair value changes, net of tax, if applicable, of available-for-sale financial assets until they are disposed of or impaired.

20 FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATION RESERVE

Gr	oup
2015	2014
RM'000	RM'000
2,329	(45)
4,849	2,374
7,178	2,329
	2015 RM'000 2,329 4,849

21 RETAINED EARNINGS

	Group		Company		
	2015 RM'000		2014	2015	2014
			RM'000 RM'	RM'000 RM'000 RM'000	RM'000
As of 1 July 2014/2013	658,491	789,229	82,230	82,465	
Total comprehensive income for the year	72,711	45,341	39,333	22,026	
Dividends (Note 38)	(22,261)	(22,261)	(22,261)	(22,261)	
Partial disposal of a subsidiary company	(40)	(153,818)	-	-	
As of 30 June 2015/2014	708,901	658,491	99,302	82,230	

The entire retained earnings of the Company is available for distribution as single tier dividends.

22 BANK BORROWINGS

	Gr	up
	2015	2014
	RM'000	RM'000
Short term borrowings		
Secured:		
Term loans	207,220	53,11
Revolving credit facility	5,000	5,000
Margin account	11,916	11,910
Bank overdraft	7,522	7,32
	231,658	77,354
Long term borrowings		
Secured:		
Term loans	314,710	236,586
	314,710	236,580
Total borrowings		
Secured:		
Term loans	521,930	289,697
Revolving credit facility	5,000	5,000
Margin account	11,916	11,910
Bank overdraft	7,522	7,32
	546,368	313,940
Maturity of borrowings		
Not later than 1 year	231,658	77,354
Later than 1 year and not later than 2 years	118,065	93,379
Later than 2 years and not later than 5 years	196,645	143,20
	546,368	313,940

22 BANK BORROWINGS (CONTD.)

The interest rates per annum for borrowings are as follows:

	(Group
	2015	2014
	%	%
Term loans	3.56 to 6.85	3.75 to 6.60
Revolving credit facility	5.96	5.78
Margin account	7.85	7.60
Bank overdraft	8.85	8.60

The borrowings are secured by the following:

- (i) investment properties and a debenture over assets of certain subsidiary companies of the Group;
- (ii) the assignment of sales proceeds, future rental and insurance policies by Berjaya Times Square Sdn Bhd ("BTSSB") for the entire development project;
- (iii) a third party first fixed and floating charge over a parcel of land held under documents title HS(D) 13720 Lot No. PT 17201, Pahang and/or any other lands valued at not less than RM32 million;
- (iv) a guarantee from a director of BTSSB and major shareholder of the Company, Tan Sri Dato' Seri Vincent Tan Chee Yioun;
- (v) quoted investments of the Group; and
- (vi) corporate guarantee by the Company.

23 SENIOR BONDS

On 1 June 2012, a subsidiary company issued a series of serial fixed rate bonds amounting to RM160.0 million nominal value comprising the following series ("Senior Bonds"):

			Grou	ıp	
	Interest	Nominal	At amortis	ed cost	
		rate	value	2015	2014
Series Maturity	p.a (%)	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	
1	1 June 2017	5.75	40,000	39,786	39,684
2	1 June 2018	5.85	40,000	39,729	39,646
3	31 May 2019	6.00	80,000	79,376	79,239
			160,000	158,891	158,569

23 SENIOR BONDS (CONTD.)

The Senior Bonds are secured by:

- (a) 5 levels of basement car park and 13 levels of annexed car park located at Berjaya Times Square, No.1 Jalan Imbi, Kuala Lumpur;
- (b) legal assignment of the put option agreement entered into by the subsidiary company and BTSSB, whereby the subsidiary company has the right to sell back the car park to BTSSB at the outstanding amount of the Senior Bonds upon its maturity or on the occurrence of an event of default; and
- (c) corporate guarantees by the Company and BTSSB.

24 HIRE PURCHASE LIABILITIES

	Group		Group Comp		ipany					
	2015	2015	2015	2015	2015	2015	2015 2014	2015 2014 2015	2015	2014
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000						
Minimum lease payments:										
Not later than 1 year	27	-	27	-						
Later than 1 year and not later than 2 years	27	-	27	-						
Later than 2 years and not later than 5 years	69	-	69	-						
	123	_	123	-						
Less: Future finance charges	(18)	-	(18)	-						
Present value of hire purchase liabilities	105	-	105	-						
Not later than 1 year	23	-	23	-						
-	23	-	23	-						
Later than 1 year and not later than 2 years Later than 2 years and not later than 5 years		-	23							
Eator than 2 youro and not lator than o youro	59	-	59	-						
	105	-	59 105	-						
		-		-						
		-		-						
Analysed as: Due within 12 months		-		-						
Analysed as:	105	-	105							

The hire purchase liabilities bore interest at 6.54% per annum.

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25 LONG TERM LIABILITIES

Gro	oup
2015	2014
RM'000	RM'000
67,833	76,633
(8,800)	(8,800)
59,033	67,833
15,279	10,860
3,218	2,305
77,530	80,998
	2015 RM'000 67,833 (8,800) 59,033 15,279 3,218

- (a) Other long term liability relates to the portion of purchase consideration for the acquisition of several parcels of properties which will be recognised as rental income from a tenant over a period of 10 years.
- (b) Other deferred income represents the difference between the carrying amount and fair value of financial liabilities upon initial recognition which is recognised systematically on a straight line basis over the tenure of the tenancy periods.

26 DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES/(ASSETS)

	Group		Company	
	2015 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2015 RM'000	2014 RM'000
As of 1 July 2014/2013 Recognised in the statement	54,664	(1,000)	5	4
of profit or loss (Note 36)	13,111	55,664	31	1
As of 30 June 2015/2014	67,775	54,664	36	5

26 DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES/(ASSETS) (CONTD.)

The components and movements of deferred tax liabilities and assets during the financial year prior to offsetting are as follows:

Deferred Tax Liabilities of the Group

	Property, plant and equipment and investment properties RM'000	Accelerated capital allowances RM'000	Total RM'000
As of 1 July 2014	56,747	77,732	134,479
Recognised in the statement of profit or loss	(88)	793	705
	56,659	78,525	135,184
Less: Set-off of deferred tax assets			(67,409)
As of 30 June 2015			67,775
As of 1 July 2013	10,664	76,758	87,422
Recognised in the statement of profit or loss	46,083	974	47,057
	56,747	77,732	134,479
Less: Set-off of deferred tax assets			(79,815)
As of 30 June 2014			54,664

Deferred Tax Assets of the Group

	Tax losses and unabsorbed capital allowances RM'000	Others RM'000	Total RM'000
As of 1 July 2014	(61,183)	(18,632)	(79,815)
Recognised in the statement of profit or loss	10,664	1,742	12,406
	(50,519)	(16,890)	(67,409)
Less: Set-off of deferred tax liabilities			67,409
As of 30 June 2015			-

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26 DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES/(ASSETS) (CONTD.)

Deferred Tax Assets of the Group (contd.)

	Tax losses and unabsorbed capital allowances RM'000	Others RM'000	Total RM'000
As of 1 July 2013	(67,740)	(20,682)	(88,422)
Recognised in the statement of profit or loss	6,557	2,050	8,607
	(61,183)	(18,632)	(79,815)
Less: Set-off of deferred tax liabilities			79,815
As of 30 June 2014			-

Deferred Tax Liabilities of the Company

	Property, plant and equipment RM'000
As of 1 July 2014	5
Recognised in the statement of profit or loss	31
As of 30 June 2015	36
	Property,
	plant and
	equipment RM'000
As of 1 July 2013	4
Recognised in the statement of profit or loss	1
As of 30 June 2014	5

26 DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES/(ASSETS) (CONTD.)

Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of the following items:

	Gr	oup
	2015 RM'000	2014 RM'000
Unused tax losses	36,072	32,345
Unabsorbed capital allowances	35,185	34,617
Other deductible temporary differences	127,280	124,269
	198,537	191,231

The availability of the unused tax losses, unabsorbed capital allowances and other deductible temporary differences for offsetting against future taxable profits of the respective subsidiary companies are subject to no substantial changes in shareholdings of the subsidiary companies under Section 44(5A) of the Income Tax Act, 1967.

27 PAYABLES

	Group		Company	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Trade payables	12,882	16,032	-	_
Provision for liquidated and ascertained damages	644	644	-	-
Refundable deposits	22,063	23,838	-	-
Other payables and accruals	81,118	70,506	437	365
Amounts due to affiliated companies	821	507	450	72
Amounts due to subsidiary companies	-	-	53,743	11,137
	117,528	111,527	54,630	11,574
Advance rental received	81	413	-	-
Current portion of other long term liability (Note 25)	8,800	8,800	-	-
	126,409	120,740	54,630	11,574

27 PAYABLES (CONTD.)

The normal trade credit term granted to the Group and the Company ranges from 15 to 90 days (2014 : 15 to 90 days).

Provision for liquidated and ascertained damages of the Group is made in respect of the delay in the completion of the development project and is in accordance with Note 3.2(p).

Included in other payables and accruals are the balance purchase consideration for the acquisition of several parcels of land amounting to RM45,562,000 (2014 : RM50,879,000). This balance payment bears interest at 6.0% (2014: 6.0%) per annum.

The amounts due to affiliated companies are unsecured, non interest bearing and repayable on demand. The amounts due to subsidiary companies are unsecured, interest bearing and repayable on demand.

28 REVENUE

The main categories of revenue are as follows:

	2015	2014
GROUP	RM'000	RM'000
Gaming ticket sales less gaming tax	225,519	239,758
Rental income from investment properties	125,647	112,851
Sale of theme park tickets	12,912	13,613
Revenue from jetty operations	27,513	25,125
Revenue from hotel operations	21,176	23,015
Sale of properties	-	5,024
Gaming terminal sales	-	40
	412,767	419,426
	2015	2014
COMPANY	RM'000	RM'000
Gross dividends from subsidiary companies	36,596	13,557
Gross dividends from an affiliated company	49	13
Management fees from subsidiary companies	725	725
	37,370	14,295

29 COST OF SALES

This relates to cost of sales incurred in respect of the business segments of gaming and related activities, property development and property investment and recreation.

30 OTHER INCOME

	Gre	oup	Company	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Dividend income from:				
- available-for-sale investments quoted in Malaysia	3,465	2,162	-	-
Interest income:				
- fixed and other deposits	2,760	2,748	146	614
- subsidiary companies	-	-	7,545	4,253
- others	1,327	1,042	10	10
Gain on partial disposal of a subsidiary company	-	-	-	7,024
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	113	-	-	-
Gain on disposal of quoted investments	43,591	5,647	-	-
Gain on disposal of investment properties	11,727	24,735	-	-
Finance income - other liabilities at amortised costs	209	1,105	-	-
Gain on foreign exchange	6,007	501	-	-
Variance in strata title	3,303	-	-	-
Waiver of debts owing to trade and other payables	5,249	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	2,679	2,619	5	-
	80,430	40,559	7,706	11,901

31 STAFF COSTS

	Group		Company					
	2015	2014	2015	2014				
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Wages and salaries	20,010	18,627	901	722				
Bonus	1,954	1,267	99	89				
EPF contributions	2,508	2,321	110	96				
Social security organisation contributions	532	522	3	3				
Short term accumulating compensated absences	97	89	10	2				
Other staff related expenses	963	988	11	22				
	26,064	23,814	1,134	934				

The above staff costs exclude executive directors' salary and other emoluments.

32 DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

The total remuneration paid or payable to the Directors of the subsidiary companies and of the Company categorised into appropriate components for the financial year are as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Directors of the Company				
Executive:				
Fees	10	10	-	-
Salary and other emoluments	724	714	135	135
	734	724	135	135
Non-Executive:				
Fees	130	130	120	120
Other emoluments	16	20	16	20
	146	150	136	140
Directors of the subsidiary companies				
Fees	110	110	-	-
Salary and other emoluments	2,487	2,388	-	-
	2,597	2,498	-	-
Total	3,477	3,372	271	275

33 OTHER EXPENSES

			•				
	Gro	oup	Company				
	2015	2014	2015	2014			
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000 RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Impairment of available-for-sale quoted investments	20,462	500	9	-			
mpairment of investment in a subsidiary company	-	-	702	-			
Impairment of land held for property development	463	-	-	-			
Loss on foreign exchange	4,528	426	388	-			
Miscellaneous	204	-	201	-			
	25,657	926	1,300	-			

34 FINANCE COSTS

	Group		Group Compar	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Interest expense:				
- borrowings	35,727	32,173	-	-
- hire purchase liabilities	2	30	2	-
- subsidiary companies		-	421	1,020
- loan related expenses	1,433	203	-	-
- other finance costs	4,936	4,272	-	-
- unwinding of discount and charge				
out of deferred transaction costs	348	2,318	-	-
	42,446	38,996	423	1,020

35 PROFIT BEFORE TAX

	Group Comp		npany		
	2015	2015	2014	2015	2014
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	
Profit before tax is stated after					
charging/(crediting):					
Direct operating expenses of investment properties:					
- revenue generating during the year	7,885	4,943	-	-	
- non-revenue generating during the year	2,700	1,605	-	-	
Gaming royalty	1,225	1,303	-	-	
Depreciation of property,					
plant and equipment (Note 5)	11,502	13,455	24	-	
Directors' remuneration (Note 32):					
- fees	250	250	120	120	
- salary and other emoluments	3,227	3,122	151	155	
Auditors' remuneration:					
- statutory audit	257	261	35	35	
- overprovision in prior years	(17)	(12)	-	-	
- other services	65	63	8	4	
(Gain)/Loss on foreign exchange	(1,479)	(75)	388	-	
Amortisation of other intangible assets (Note 13)	1,101	1,101	-	-	

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35 PROFIT BEFORE TAX (CONTD.)

	Group		Company	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Profit before tax is stated after	24/			
charging/(crediting) (contd.):				
Reversal of impairment of receivables	(209)	(2,113)	-	-
Impairment of receivables	1,726	1,327	-	-
Operating leases:				
 lease payments for buildings 	67	65	-	-
- lease payments for land	895	373	-	-
Staff costs (Note 31)	26,064	23,814	1,134	934
Property, plant and equipment written off	72	3	-	-

36 INCOME TAX EXPENSE

	Group		Company					
	2015	2015	2015	2015	2015	2014	2015	2014
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000				
Current income tax:								
Malaysian income tax	9,946	10,990	1,729	1,012				
Foreign tax	13	-	-	-				
Effect of real property gains tax	1,044	658	-	-				
Under/(Over) provision in prior years	16	3,788	(7)	36				
	11,019	15,436	1,722	1,048				
Deferred tax (Note 26):								
Relating to origination and								
reversal of temporary differences	13,311	59,706	31	-				
(Over)/Underprovision in prior years	(200)	(4,042)	-	1				
	13,111	55,664	31	1				
Total income tax expense	24,130	71,100	1,753	1,049				

36 INCOME TAX EXPENSE (CONTD.)

A reconciliation of income tax expense applicable to profit before tax at the statutory income tax rate to income tax expense at the effective income tax rate of the Group and of the Company is as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Profit before tax	108,107	121,699	41,086	23,075
Taxation at Malaysian statutory tax rate of 25%	27,027	30,425	10,272	5,769
Effect of different tax rates in other countries	(3,155)	-	-	-
Effect of expenses not deductible for tax purposes	11,213	6,775	649	391
Effect of income not subject to tax	(13,686)	(14,145)	(9,161)	(5,148)
Effect of income subject to real property gains tax	1,044	658	-	-
Effect of utilisation of previously unrecognised unutilised investment				
allowances and unabsorbed capital allowances	-	(427)	-	-
Deferred tax assets not recognised during the year Deferred tax liabilities recognised for	1,827	598	-	-
fair value changes of investment properties	44	47,470	-	-
(Over)/Underprovision of				
deferred tax expense in prior years	(200)	(4,042)	-	1
Under/(Over) provision of tax expense in prior years	16	3,788	(7)	36
Income tax expense for the year	24,130	71,100	1,753	1,049

During the financial year, the Inland Revenue Board of Malaysia ("IRB") issued Notice of Additional Assessment ("Form JA") to a subsidiary company of the Group amounting to RM448,230,000 inclusive of tax penalty in accordance with Section 24(2)(a) of the Income Tax Act 1967. The subsidiary company proceeded to appeal against the additional assessment raised by the IRB to the Dispute Resolution Department and it was held that the Form JA be set aside. Subsequently, on 21 September 2015, the IRB issued a Notice of Reduced Assessment ("Form JR") to the subsidiary company to discharge the entire additional tax payable and tax penalty.

The Finance (No.2) Act, 2014 gazetted on 30 December 2014 enacts the reduction of corporate income tax rate from 25% to 24% with effect from year of assessment 2016. Accordingly, the applicable tax rates to be used for the measurement of any applicable deferred tax will be the expected rate.

37 EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing profit for the year attributable to owners of the Parent by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the financial year.

	G	iroup
	2015	2014
	RM'000	RM'000
Profit attributable to owners of the Parent	72,711	45,341
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue ('000)	1,113,042	1,113,042
	Sen	Sen
Basic earnings per share	6.53	4.07

Fully diluted earnings per share is not presented as the warrants have an anti-dilutive effect on the earnings per share.

38 DIVIDENDS

	Company					
	2015	2015	2014	2014		
	Net		Net			
	dividend	Net	dividend	Net		
	per share	dividend	per share	dividend		
	Sen	RM'000	Sen	RM'000		
Declared in respect of:						
Financial year ended 30 June 2014 and						
accounted in the 2015 shareholders' equity						
- Final dividend of 2 sen single tier	2.00	22,261	-	-		
Financial year ended 30 June 2013 and						
accounted in the 2014 shareholders' equity						
- Final dividend of 2 sen single tier	-	-	2.00	22,261		
	2.00	22,261	2.00	22,261		

38 DIVIDENDS (CONTD.)

On 18 August 2015, the Board recommended a final dividend of 1 sen single tier exempt dividend in respect of the current financial year ended 30 June 2015 on 1,113,041,559 ordinary shares of RM1.00 each amounting to RM11,130,416, to be approved by the Company's shareholders at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting. This dividend will be accounted for in the shareholders' equity as an appropriation of retained earnings in the following financial year ending 30 June 2016.

39 CORPORATE GUARANTEE

The Company has provided corporate guarantees to certain financial institutions pertaining to the credit facilities utilised by its subsidiary companies as of 30 June 2015.

The total amount of corporate guarantees provided by the Company for the abovementioned facilities amounted to RM698,318,000 (2014 : RM464,880,000). The financial guarantees have not been recognised since the fair value on initial recognition was not material as the financial guarantees provided by the Company will not crystallise in view of the securities pledged by the subsidiary companies as disclosed in Notes 22 and 23.

40 COMMITMENTS

(a) Other Commitments

	Gr	oup
	2015 RM'000	2014 RM'000
Capital expenditure approved and contracted for	27,431	192,032
Capital expenditure approved but not contracted for	-	67,857
Proposed RPS subscription in a joint venture	6,150	11,700
	33,581	271,589

In the previous financial year, a subsidiary company of the Group had proposed to acquire the 99-years lease on a parcel of state land pending reclamation for a cash premium of RM67,857,000. The said acquisition was completed during the financial year.

40 COMMITMENTS (CONTD.)

(b) Non-Cancellable Operating Lease Commitments - Group as Lessee

	Group		
	2015	2014 RM'000	
	RM'000		
Future minimum rental payments:			
Not later than 1 year	895	922	
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	6,145	5,466	
Later than 5 years	51,238	52,818	
	58,278	59,206	

The Group has entered into non-cancellable operating lease agreements which represent rental payable for the use of land and building. Leases are negotiated for a period of 3 and 30 years (2014 : 3 and 30 years) and rentals fixed for 5 years.

(c) Non-Cancellable Operating Lease Commitments - Group as Lessor

Gr	oup
2015	2014
RM'000	RM'000
61,767	62,294
91,559	77,978
229,395	248,651
382,721	388,923
	2015 RM'000 61,767 91,559 229,395

The Group entered into non-cancellable operating lease agreements which represent rental receivable for the use of land and commercial property leases on its investment properties portfolio consisting of commercial space. These leases have non-cancellable lease terms of between 6 months and 30 years (2014 : 6 months and 30 years). The future minimum rental receivable of certain subsidiary companies are pledged to financial institutions for credit facilities as referred to in Note 22.

41 SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

		Gro	quo	Com	pany
		2015	2014	2015	2014
	Note	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Management fees charged	15				
to subsidiary companies		· ·	-	(725)	(725)
Management fees charged by					
- Berjaya Land Berhad	а	240	240	240	240
Rental income and other related					
income charged to:					
- Berjaya Registration Services					
Sdn Bhd	а	(462)	(409)	-	-
- Budi Impian Sdn Bhd	а	(242)	(242)	-	-
- Berjaya Higher Education Sdn Bhd - Berjaya Krispy Kreme	а	(1,343)	(1,343)	-	-
Doughnuts Sdn Bhd	а	(92)	(88)	-	-
- Berjaya Papa John's Pizza Sdn Bhd	a	(449)	(449)	-	-
- KUB-Berjaya Enviro Sdn Bhd	а	(228)	(228)	-	-
- Cosway (M) Sdn Bhd	а	(447)	(428)	-	-
- Berjaya Land Berhad	а	(379)	(379)	-	-
- Berjaya Books Sdn Bhd	а	(170)	(196)	-	-
- Berjaya Resort Management					
Services Sdn Bhd	а	-	(168)	-	-
- Mantra Design Sdn Bhd	а	(58)	(52)	-	-
- Wen Berjaya Sdn Bhd	а	(279)	(171)	-	-
- Berjaya Hills Berhad	а	(104)	(92)	-	-
- Berjaya College Sdn Bhd					
(formerly known as Academy					
of Nursing (M) Sdn Bhd)	а	(569)	(569)	-	-
- Sports Toto Computer Sdn Bhd	а	-	(57)	-	-
Balance carried forward		(4,822)	(4,871)		-

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41 SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTD.)

		Gro	oup	Com	npany
		2015	2014	2015	2014
	Note	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Rental income and other related income	. 16	1			
charged to:					
Balance brought forward		(4,822)	(4,871)	-	
- 7-Eleven Malaysia Sdn Bhd	b	(473)	(558)	-	
- U Mobile Sdn Bhd ("UMSB")	С	(2,155)	(1,481)	-	
- MOL AccessPortal Sdn Bhd	f	(496)	(409)	-	
- Ascot Sports Sdn Bhd	g	(661)	(661)	-	
- Berjaya Roasters (M) Sdn Bhd	h	(623)	(650)	-	
- Berjaya-GSC Sdn Bhd	i	(2,474)	(1,485)	-	
- Berjaya Starbucks Coffee					
Company Sdn Bhd ("BStarbucks")	h	(594)	(594)	-	
- Berjaya RadioShack Sdn Bhd	b	(280)	(278)	-	
- Thai Odyssey Group Sdn Bhd	j	(228)	(228)	-	
- Caring Pharmacy	,				
Retail Management Sdn Bhd	k	(308)	(302)	-	
		(13,114)	(11,517)		2
Parking charges charged to:					
- Berjaya Land Berhad	а	(92)	(69)	-	
- Berjaya Resort Management					
Services Sdn Bhd	а	(37)	(26)	-	
- Inter-Pacific Securities Sdn Bhd	а	(140)	(143)	-	
- Prime Credit Leasing Sdn Bhd	а	(8)	(7)	-	
- KUB-Berjaya Enviro Sdn Bhd	а	(33)	(35)	-	
- Sports Toto Malaysia Sdn Bhd	а	(291)	(241)	-	
- UMSB	С	(387)	(335)	-	
- Berjaya Roasters (M) Sdn Bhd	h	(53)	(50)	-	
- BStarbucks	h	(63)	(62)	-	
		(1,104)	(968)		

41 SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTD.)

		Gr	oup	Com	npany
		2015	2014	2015	2014
	Note	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Promotion, advertisement and	152				
publishing expenses charged by					
Sun Media Corporation Sdn Bhd	е	45	46	-	-
Receipt of share registration					
services and related expenses					
charged by Berjaya Registration					
Services Sdn Bhd	а	33	45	33	45
IT consultancy, management					
and maintenance services charged					
by Qinetics Solutions Sdn Bhd	d	-	3	-	-
Procurement of computerised lottery					
system and related services					
from International Lottery					
& Totalizator Systems, Inc	а	515	460	-	-

The nature of the related party relationships are as follows:

(a) Subsidiary company of Berjaya Corporation Berhad ("BCorp").

Deemed a related party by virtue of the interests of Tan Sri Dato' Seri Vincent Tan Chee Yioun ("Tan Sri Vincent Tan") who is a major shareholder of both the Company and BCorp. His son, Dato' Sri Robin Tan Yeong Ching ("DSRT") is the Chairman/Chief Executive Officer and major shareholder of BCorp while another son, Rayvin Tan Yeong Sheik ("RTYS") is a shareholder of BCorp. Hence, Tan Sri Vincent Tan, DSRT and RTYS are persons connected with each other.

- (b) Subsidiary company of Berjaya Retail Berhad ("BRetail") and deemed a related party by virtue of Tan Sri Vincent Tan's deemed interest in BRetail.
- (c) Deemed a related party by virtue of Tan Sri Vincent Tan's direct and deemed interests in UMSB.

41 SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTD.)

The nature of the related party relationships are as follows: (contd.)

- (d) Subsidiary company of MOL.com Sdn Bhd ("MOL"). Tan Sri Vincent Tan and BCorp are major shareholders of MOL.
- (e) Subsidiary company of Berjaya Media Berhad ("BMedia"), a company in which BCorp and Tan Sri Vincent Tan have substantial interests. Tan Sri Dato' Tan Chee Sing ("TSDT"), the father of Dato' Dickson Tan Yong Loong ("DDT"), a Director of the Company and a brother of Tan Sri Vincent Tan, is also a shareholder of the Company. DSRT is the Chairman and major shareholder of BMedia.
- (f) A wholly-owned subsidiary company of MOL Global, Inc ("M-Global"). Tan Sri Vincent Tan and MOL are major shareholders of M-Global.
- (g) A company in which Tan Sri Vincent Tan and DSRT have interests.
- (h) Berjaya Roasters (M) Sdn Bhd and BStarbucks are wholly-owned subsidiary companies of Berjaya Food Berhad ("BFood"). Tan Sri Vincent Tan and BCorp are major shareholders of BFood while DSRT is the Executive Chairman and a shareholder of BFood.
- (i) A joint venture of the Company.
- (j) A company in which TSDT, the brother of Tan Sri Vincent Tan and the father of DDT, is a major shareholder.
- (k) A company in which Tan Sri Vincent Tan is a major shareholder.

The compensation of the key management personnel who are Directors of the Group are disclosed in Note 32.

42 SEGMENT INFORMATION

For management purposes, the Group is organised into business segments based on their products and services, and has reportable operating segments as follows:

- (i) gaming and related activities;
- (ii) property development and property investment; and
- (iii) recreation (including hotel operation)

All inter-segment transactions were carried out in the normal course of business and established under negotiated terms.

Chief operating decision maker monitors the operating results of its business segments separately for performance assessment and makes strategic decisions based on the operating results. Segment performance is evaluated based on operating profit or loss which is measured similar to the operating profit or loss in the consolidated financial statements. Group financing (including finance costs) and income taxes are managed on a group basis and not allocated to operating segments.

No segment information by geographical location is prepared as the Group operates predominantly in Malaysia.

Unallocated assets / liabilities include items relating to investing and financing activities and items that cannot be reasonably allocated to individual segment. These mainly include corporate assets, tax recoverable / liabilities, borrowings, hire purchase and lease obligations.

Other non cash expenses mainly include write-off of property, plant and equipment, impairment of receivables and unrealised loss on foreign exchange.

Business segments:

	<		>	<	2014	>
Revenue	External RM'000	Inter- segment RM'000	Total RM'000	External RM'000	Inter- segment RM'000	Total RM'000
Gaming and related activities Property development	225,519	4,290	229,809	239,798	4,561	244,359
and property investment	153,160	-	153,160	143,000	-	143,000
Recreation	34,088	-	34,088	36,628	-	36,628
Inter-segment eliminations	-	(4,290)	(4,290)	-	(4,561)	(4,561)
	412,767	-	412,767	419,426	-	419,426

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42 SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTD.)

Business segments: (contd.)

Results	2015 RM'000	2014 RM'000
Gaming and related activities	20,406	28,663
Property development and property investment	88,206	79,334
Recreation	(12,473)	(4,722)
	96,139	103,275
Unallocated corporate expenses	(2,391)	(4,675)
	93,748	98,600
Fair value changes on investment properties	2,482	22,613
Other income		
- gaming and related activities	6,422	8,606
 property development and property investment 	25,670	30,935
- recreation	273	380
- unallocated	48,065	638
	80,430	40,559
Other expenses - gaming and related activities	(18,127)	(500)
 property development and property investment 	(3,313)	(000)
- recreation	_	(44)
- unallocated	(4,217)	(382)
	(25,657)	(926)
Operating profit	151,003	160,846
Finance costs	(42,446)	(38,996)
Share of results of joint ventures	(450)	(151)
Profit before tax	108,107	121,699
Income tax expense	(24,130)	(71,100)
Profit for the year	83,977	50,599
Non-controlling interests	(11,266)	(5,258)
Profit attributable to owners of the Parent	72,711	45,341

42 SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTD.)

Business segments (contd.):

	2	2015	2014	
Assets and liabilities	Assets RM'000	Liabilities RM'000	Assets RM'000	Liabilities RM'000
Gaming and related activities	135,032	12,877	176,230	14,090
Property development and property investment	2,884,975	194,888	2,507,636	175,756
Recreation	256,707	11,027	267,297	7,768
Segment assets/liabilities	3,276,714	218,792	2,951,163	197,614
Investment in joint ventures	14,450	-	9,144	-
Unallocated corporate assets/liabilities	232,098	774,237	289,785	554,151
Consolidated assets/liabilities	3,523,262	993,029	3,250,092	751,765

	<	<i>≪</i> > <i>2</i> 015> <i>×</i>			2014	>
			Other			Other
	Capital	Depreciation/	non-cash	Capital	Depreciation/	non-cash
	expenditure	Amortisation	expenses	expenditure	Amortisation	expenses
Other information	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Gaming and related activities	559	2,495	3	285	2,506	-
Property development						
and property investment	433,896	1,807	1,304	32,408	4,126	1,064
Recreation	720	8,275	491	10,746	7,924	310
Unallocated	156	26	-	3	-	382
	435,331	12,603	1,798	43,442	14,556	1,756

Capital expenditure consists of additions to property, plant and equipment, investment properties and land held for property development as disclosed in Notes 5, 6 and 7.

Impairment	2015 RM'000	2014 RM'000
Gaming and related activities	18,124	500
Property development and property investment	2,792	-
Unallocated	9	-
	20,925	500

43 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

The Group and the Company measure fair values using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

a) Non financial assets that are measured at fair value

i) The table below analyses the Group's non financial assets measured at fair value at the reporting date, according to the level in the fair value hierarchy:

Investment Properties

Group At 30 June 2015	Level 1 RM'000	Level 2 RM'000	Level 3 RM'000	Total RM'000
Commercial properties	-	315,217	1,845,728	2,160,945
Other properties	-	314,271	-	314,271
	-	629,488	1,845,728	2,475,216
At 30 June 2014				
Commercial properties		202,745	1,840,728	2,043,473
Other properties	-	74,302	-	74,302
	-	277,047	1,840,728	2,117,775

ii) Description of valuation techniques used on non financial assets

Comparison method (Level 2)

Under the comparison method, a property's fair value is estimated based on comparable transactions. This approach is based upon the principle of substitution under which a potential buyer will not pay more for the property than it will cost to buy a comparable substitute property. In theory, the best comparable sale would be an exact duplicate of the subject property and would indicate, by the known selling price of the duplicate, the price for which the subject property could be sold.

43 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (CONTD.)

a) Non financial assets that are measured at fair value (contd.)

ii) Description of valuation techniques used on non financial assets (contd.)

Discounted Cash Flows Method (Level 3)

Under the discounted cash flows method, fair value is determined to be the difference between the present value of cash inflows (gross development value) and the present value of cash outflows (development costs).

Gross development value is derived by comparing the development components of the subject property with comparable transactions in the vicinity or other comparable locations.

Appropriate adjustments for characteristics, merits and demerits are then made to arrive at the proposed gross development value of the development components.

Development costs are the actual or estimated attributable costs (including marketing and finance cost) which are likely to be incurred for the completion and sale of the development components.

An appropriate market derived discount rate is then applied to establish the present values of the cash inflows and cash outflows.

Investment Method (Level 3)

Under the investment method, fair value is determined based on the projection of a series of cash flows on a real property interest. To this projected cash flows series, an appropriate capitalisation rate is applied to establish the present value of the income stream associated with the asset.

Periodic cash flows is typically the estimated net annual rental value of the property which is calculated as the gross rental income anticipated over the lease period of the property, less the expenses or outgoings incidental to the ownership of the property.

The relevant capitalisation rate is chosen based on the investment rate of return expected from the type of property, taking into consideration of the risk factors, capital appreciation, security of income, ease of sale and management of the subject property.

43 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (CONTD.)

a) Non financial assets that are measured at fair value (contd.)

ii) Description of valuation techniques used on non financial assets (contd.)

Cost Method (Level 3)

Under the cost method, fair value is determined to be the depreciated replacement cost of the property. Depreciated replacement cost is derived from the estimated replacement cost of the replaceable property in the light of current market prices for materials, labour, manufactured machinery and equipment, freight, installation and other related charges. Accrued depreciation due to use, disrepair, age and obsolescence from technology and market changes are then deducted therefrom.

b) Financial instruments that are measured at fair value

The table below analyses the financial instruments measured at fair value at the reporting date, by the level in the fair value hierarchy:

	Level 1 RM'000	Level 2 RM'000	Level 3 RM'000	Total RM'000
2015				
Group				
Financial assets				
Other investments	166,092	-	-	166,092
Company				
Financial assets				
Other investments	1,918	-	-	1,918
2014				
Group				
Financial assets				
Other investments	234,419	_	-	234,419
Derivative asset	-	-	37	37
	234,419	-	37	234,456
Company				
Financial assets				
Other investments	2,021	-	-	2,021

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43 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (CONTD.)

c) The following table reconciles the Group's Level 3 fair value measurements

	2015	2014
	RM'000	RM'000
Non Financial assets		
As of 1 July 2014/2013	1,840,728	1,840,195
Additions during the year	7,966	611
Fair value changes recognised during the year	5,661	23,100
Disposal during the year	(8,627)	(22,451)
Adjustment	-	(727)
As of 30 June 2015/2014	1,845,728	1,840,728
	2015	2014
	RM'000	RM'000
Financial assets		
As of 1 July 2014/2013	37	71
Fair value changes recognised during the year	(37)	(34)
As of 30 June 2015/2014	-	37

43 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (CONTD.)

d) Description of key inputs to valuation on assets measured at Level 3:

Description of valuation techniques and key inputs to valuation on assets measured at Level 3 are as follows:

Valuation technique	Significant unobservable inputs	Ra	Range	
		2015	2014	
Investment properties				
Discounted cash flows method	Average gross development value per square foot	RM3,085	RM3,060	
	Average gross development costs per square foot	RM750	RM740	
	Discount rate	9%	9%	
Investment method	Estimated value per month:			
	- rental value per car park bay	RM307	RM300	
	- expenses per car park bay	RM82	RM15	
	Long term vacancy rate	10%	10%	
	Capitalisation rate	6.00%	6.50%	
Cost method	Estimated replacement cost per square foot	RM220	RM220	
	Estimated accrued depreciation per square foot	RM150	RM150	
Derivative asset				
Discounted cash flows method	Discount rate	4%	4%	

44 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(a) Classification of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are measured on an ongoing basis either at fair value or at amortised cost. The principal accounting policies in Note 3.2 describe how the classes of financial instruments are measured, and how income and expense, including fair value gains and losses, are recognised. The following table analyses the financial assets and liabilities in the statements of financial position by the class of financial instruments to which they are assigned, and therefore by the measurement basis:

GROUP 2015	Note	Fair value through profit or loss RM'000	Loans and receivables RM'000	Held-to- maturity investments RM'000	Available- for-sale RM'000	Total RM'000
Financial assets						
Other investments	11	-	-	1,012	169,823	170,835
Receivables Deposits	15	-	28,717	-	-	28,717
with licensed banks Cash on	16	-	64,066	-	-	64,066
hand and at banks	16	-	22,890	-	-	22,890
Total financial assets		-	115,673	1,012	169,823	286,508

		Other financial liabilities - at amortised cost
	Note	RM'000
Financial liabilities		
Long term borrowings	22	314,710
Senior Bonds	23	158,891
Hire purchase liabilities	24	105
Long term liabilities	25	15,279
Payables	27	116,884
Short term borrowings	22	231,658
Total financial liabilities		837,527

44 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTD.)

(a) Classification of financial instruments (contd.)

Group 2014	Note	Fair value through profit or loss RM'000	Loans and receivables RM'000	Held-to- maturity investments RM'000	Available- for-sale RM'000	Total RM'000
Financial assets						
Other investments	11	-	-	1,014	270,325	271,339
Derivative asset	12	37	-	-	-	37
Receivables Deposits	15	-	21,868	-	-	21,868
with licensed banks Cash on	16	-	96,434	-	-	96,434
hand and at banks	16	-	26,951	-	-	26,951
Total financial assets		37	145,253	1,014	270,325	416,629

	lia	Other financial abilities - at amortised cost	
	Note	RM'000	
Financial liabilities			
Long term borrowings	22	236,586	
Senior Bonds	23	158,569	
Long term liabilities	25	10,860	
Payables	27	110,883	
Short term borrowings	22	77,354	
Total financial liabilities		594,252	

44 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTD.)

(a) Classification of financial instruments (contd.)

Company 2015	Note	Loans and receivables RM'000	Available- for-sale RM'000	Total RM'000
Financial assets				
Other investments	11	-	1,918	1,918
Receivables	15	350,103	-	350,103
Deposits	16	1,747	-	1,747
Cash on hand and at banks	16	24	-	24
Total financial assets		351,874	1,918	353,792

	Note	Other financial liabilities - at amortised cost RM'000
Financial liabilities		
Hire purchase liabilities	24	105
Payables	27	54,630
		54,735

Company 2014	Note	Loans and receivables RM'000	Available- for-sale RM'000	Total RM'000
Financial assets				
Other investments	11	-	2,021	2,021
Receivables	15	279,461	-	279,461
Deposits	16	10,456	-	10,456
Cash on hand and at banks	16	724	-	724
Total financial assets		290,641	2,021	292,662

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44 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTD.)

(a) Classification of financial instruments (contd.)

	Other financial liabilities - at
Company 2014	amortised cost Note RM'000
Financial liabilities	
Payables	27 11,574

(b) Fair values

(i) <u>Financial instruments that are measured at fair value</u>

Information of financial instruments of the Group and of the Company that are measured at fair value as disclosed in Note 43.

(ii) <u>Financial instruments that are not measured at fair value and whose carrying amount are reasonable</u> <u>approximation of fair value</u>

Included in these classes of financial instruments are certain financial instruments that are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are reasonable approximation of fair value:

Note

	Note
	15
	27
	22
	23
	24
	25

The carrying amounts of these financial assets and liabilities are reasonable approximation of fair values, either due to their short term nature or that they are floating rate instruments that are re-priced to market interest rates on or near the reporting date.

The carrying amounts of the bank borrowings are reasonable approximation of fair values due to the insignificant impact of discounting.

44 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTD.)

(b) Fair values (contd.)

(iii) Financial instruments that are not measured at fair value and whose carrying amount are not reasonable approximation of fair value

	Group			
	Carrying Amount 2015	t Value	Carrying Amount 2014	Fair Value 2014
Financial assets	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Investments - unquoted shares outside Malaysia	_	*	32,212	*
- unquoted loan stocks outside Malaysia	3,731	*	3,694	*

* The investments are carried at cost less accumulated impairment loss as their fair values cannot be measured reliably due to the absence of an active market and reliable input data.

45 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVE AND POLICIES

The Group's financial risk management policy seeks to ensure that adequate financial resources are available for the development of the Group's businesses whilst managing its market risk (including interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and equity price risk), liquidity risk and credit risk. The Group operates within clearly defined guidelines and the Group's policy is not to engage in speculative transactions.

(a) Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of the Group's and the Company's financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market prices.

45 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVE AND POLICIES (CONTD.)

(a) Market Risk (contd.)

(i) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of the Group's and the Company's financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

The interest-bearing assets are mainly deposits with licensed banks and they are not held for speculative purposes. The Group manages the interest rate risk of its deposits with licensed banks by placing them at the most competitive interest rates obtainable, which yield better returns than cash at bank.

The interest-bearing debts are mainly term loans, Senior Bonds, revolving credit facility, margin account, hire purchase liabilities and amounts due to subsidiary companies. Debts at floating rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. Debts at fixed rates expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk. The Group manages its interest rate exposure by maintaining a mix of fixed and floating rate debts.

The carrying amounts, the range of applicable interest rates during the year and the remaining maturities of the Group's and of the Company's financial instruments that are exposed to interest rate risk are disclosed in Notes 16, 22, 23, 24 and 27.

At the reporting date, the interest rate profile of the interest-bearing financial instruments is as follows:

	Gr	Group		npany
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Fixed rate instruments				
Financial assets	6,786	100,128	1,747	10,456
Financial liabilities	206,558	213,448	105	-
	Gr	oup	Con	npany
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Floating rate instruments				
Financial assets	65,816	7,166	350,092	279,313
Financial liabilities	544,368	309,940	53,743	11,137

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 30 JUNE 2015

45 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVE AND POLICIES (CONTD.)

(a) Market Risk (contd.)

(i) Interest Rate Risk (contd.)

Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

The Group does not account for any fixed rate instruments at fair value through profit or loss. Therefore, a change in interest rates at the reporting date would not affect the statement of profit or loss.

Sensitivity analysis for floating rate instruments

A change of 25 basis points in interest rates at the reporting date would result in the profit before tax of the Group and of the Company to be (lower)/higher by (RM1,196,000) and RM741,000 (2014 : (RM757,000) and RM670,000) respectively. This analysis assumes that all other variables remain constant.

(ii) Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign currency rates.

The Group mainly transacts in Ringgit Malaysia. However, certain of the Group's purchases are in foreign currencies and as such, the Group is exposed to exchange rate fluctuation between Ringgit Malaysia and foreign currencies such as United States Dollar and Euro. The Group seeks to mitigate foreign currency risk with close monitoring via making payments when foreign exchange rates are favourable to the Group.

The financial assets and liabilities of the Group that are denominated in foreign currencies are as follows:

	Group	
	2015	2014
	RM'000	RM'000
Cash and bank balances		
- United States Dollar	436	34
Other payables		
- United States Dollar	3,326	2,835
- Euro	14	14
	3,340	2,849

The financial impact of changes in foreign currency rates is not material to the Group.

45 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVE AND POLICIES (CONTD.)

(a) Market Risk (contd.)

(iii) Equity Price Risk

Equity price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of the Group's financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than interest or exchange rates).

The Group and the Company are exposed to equity price risk arising from its investments in quoted equity instruments. The quoted equity instruments in Malaysia are listed on Bursa Securities and classified as available-for-sale financial assets based on the purpose for which the quoted equity instruments were acquired. The Group and the Company do not have exposure to commodity price risk.

Sensitivity analysis for equity price risk

At the reporting date, if the FTSE Bursa Malaysia KLCI had been 1% higher/lower, with all other variables held constant, the Group's available-for-sale reserve would have been RM1,661,000 (2014: RM2,344,000) higher/lower, arising as a result of an increase/decrease in the fair value of equity instruments designated as available-for-sale financial assets.

(b) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group or the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting financial obligations due to the shortage of funds.

The Group actively manages its debt maturity profile, operating cash flows and the availability of funds so as to ensure that all funding needs are met. As part of its overall liquidity management, the Group maintains sufficient levels of cash or cash convertible investments to meet its working capital requirements. In addition, the Group strives to maintain available banking facilities of a reasonable level to its overall debt position. As far as possible, the Group raises committed funding from financial institutions and balances its portfolio so as to achieve overall cost effectiveness.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 30 JUNE 2015

45 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVE AND POLICIES (CONTD.)

(b) Liquidity Risk (Contd.)

Analysis of undiscounted financial instruments by remaining contractual maturities

	On demand			
	or within	Two to five	Over five	
Group	one year	years	years	Tota
Financial liabilities	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
2015				
Payables	120,372	-	-	120,372
Rental deposits	-	15,279	-	15,279
Senior Bonds	9,440	180,593	-	190,033
Hire purchase liabilities	54	69	-	123
Loans and borrowings	244,342	331,297	-	575,639
	374,208	527,238	-	901,446
2014				
Payables	113,004	-	-	113,004
Rental deposits	-	10,860	-	10,860
Senior Bonds	9,440	190,033	-	199,473
Loans and borrowings	89,505	261,594	-	351,099
	211,949	462,487	-	674,436
	On demand			
	or within	Two to five	Over five	
Company	one year	years	years	Tota
Financial liabilities	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
2015				
Payables	54,630	-	-	54,630
Hire purchase liabilities	54	69	-	123
	54,684	69	_	54,753
2014				

45 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVE AND POLICIES (CONTD.)

(c) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss that may arise on outstanding financial instruments should a counterparty default on its obligations. The Group and the Company are exposed to credit risk mainly from trade and other receivables.

The Group extends credit to its customers based upon careful evaluation of the customers' financial condition and credit history. The Group and the Company have no significant concentration of credit risk, with exposure spread over a large number of counterparties and customers.

At reporting date, the Group's and the Company's maximum exposure to credit risk arising from trade and other receivables are represented by the carrying amounts of these financial assets recorded on the statements of financial position.

The Group's and the Company's credit risks on cash and bank balances are limited as the Group and the Company place its funds with reputable financial institutions with high credit ratings.

46 CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to ensure that it maintains a strong credit rating and healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximise shareholders' value.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes during the financial years ended 30 June 2015 and 2014.

The Group monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is debt divided by total equity. The Group's total debt includes borrowings, Senior Bonds and hire purchase liabilities. Total equity represents net equity attributable to the owners of the parent plus non-controlling interests.

46 CAPITAL MANAGEMENT (CONTD.)

The gearing ratios as of 30 June 2015 and 30 June 2014 were as follows:

		G	roup	
	Note	2015 RM'000	2014 RM'000	
	note			
Short term borrowings	22	231,658	77,354	
Long term borrowings	22	314,710	236,586	
Senior Bonds	23	158,891	158,569	
Hire purchase liabilities	24	105	-	
Total debt		705,364	472,509	
Total equity		2,530,233	2,498,327	
Gearing ratio (%)		28	19	

The gearing ratio is not governed by the MFRS and its definition and calculation may vary from one group/company to another.

47 SIGNIFICANT EVENTS DURING THE FINANCIAL YEAR

- (a) On 15 August 2014, Berjaya UK Investment & Development Limited (formerly known as Cardiff Asset Limited), a 70% owned subsidiary company of the Company acquired freehold land with leasehold building erected thereon known as "Islington On The Green" in Islington, London, United Kingdom for a total cash consideration of £39,000,000 or approximately RM213,250,000. The said acquisition was completed during the financial year.
- (b) On 7 November 2014, Berjaya Assets Pte Ltd, a wholly-owned subsidiary company of the Company disposed of its entire 157,418 common shares of Korean Won ("KWon") 500 each representing 0.28% of the existing share capital of Daum Communications Corp ("Daum Shares"), a company listed on the KOSDAQ Market of Korea Exchange ("KOSDAQ"), for a total cash consideration of KWon 22,840,000,000 or approximately RM69,950,000. The said disposal was completed during the financial year.
- (c) On 21 November 2014, Jauhari Maksima Sdn Bhd, a subsidiary company of the Company completed the acquisition of the 99-year lease on the state land located in Johor Bahru measuring in total approximately 25.034 hectares, for a cash premium of RM67,857,000 plus the first year quit rent of RM491,000 and other charges.

47 SIGNIFICANT EVENTS DURING THE FINANCIAL YEAR (CONTD.)

(d) On 29 April 2015, Berjaya Times Square Sdn Bhd ("BTSSB"), a 80% owned subsidiary company of the Company entered into a Deed of Novation cum Supplemental Agreement ("Novation Deed") with MOL Properties Sdn Bhd ("MOL Properties"), a company in which Tan Sri Vincent Tan is a major shareholder and Dunlop Estates Holdings Sdn Bhd ("Dunlop") for the assumption of rights and obligations of MOL Properties under a sale and purchase agreement dated 2 July 2014 entered into between MOL Properties and Dunlop for the acquisition of 76 unsold office units in Menara MSC Cyberport, Johor Bahru for a total cash consideration of RM107,500,000. The said novation was completed during the financial year.

	Name of Company	Country of Incorporation	Principal Activities	Proport owner and votin held b Gro 2015 %	rship g power y the
	Subsidiary Companies				
	BA Properties (Cayman) Limited	Cayman Islands	Investment holding	100	100
	Berjaya Assets Food (BAF) Sdn Bhd (formerly known as Ratna Setara Sdn Bhd)	Malaysia	Dormant	100	-
\wedge	Berjaya Assets Pte Ltd	Singapore	Investment holding	100	100
	Berjaya Times Square Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	Property investment, property development and investment holding	80	80
	BTS (Cayman) Limited	Cayman Islands	Investment holding	100	100
	Bumisuci Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	Investment holding	100	100
	Dayadil Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	Investment holding	100	100
	Ishandal Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	Investment holding	100	100
	Jernih Wiramas Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	Property investment and property development	100	100
*	Natural Avenue Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	Number forecast lotteries in Sarawak	65	65
	Rentas Padu Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	Investment holding	100	100
	Sapphire Transform Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	Property investment	100	100

48 SUBSIDIARY AND ASSOCIATED COMPANIES

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 30 JUNE 2015

48 SUBSIDIARY AND ASSOCIATED COMPANIES (CONTD.)

				owne and votin held b	roportion of ownership voting power held by the Group	
	Name of Company	Country of Incorporation	Principal Activities	2015 %	2014 %	
	Subsidiary Companies (contd.)					
#	Sempurna Bahagia Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	Investment holding	100	100	
	Sublime Cartel Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	Provision of lottery consultancy and related services and investment holding	100	100	
	Sunrise Bonanza Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	Property investment and property development	70	70	
	Subsidiaries of Berjaya Times Square Sdn Bhd					
	Berjaya TS Management Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	Dormant	100	100	
	Berjaya Times Square Theme Park Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	Operations of theme park and leasing of theatre	100	100	
	Berjaya Waterfront Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	Property and investment holdings and management of ferry terminal	100	100	
	BTS Cultural Centre Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	Dormant	100	100	
	BTS Car Park Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	Car park operator	100	100	
	Danau Laris Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	Dormant	60	60	
	Shasta Supermarket Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	Dormant	100	100	
	TS Service Suites Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	Property investment	100	100	
	10th Avenue Food Mall Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	Ceased operations	100	100	
	Subsidiary of BTS (Cayman) Limited					
٨	Berjaya UK Investment & Development Limited (formerly known as Cardiff Asset Limited)	United Kingdom	Property investment	70	70	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- 30 JUNE 2015

48 SUBSIDIARY AND ASSOCIATED COMPANIES (CONTD.)

			Proport owner and votin held b Gro	ship g power y the
Name of Company	Country of Incorporation	Principal Activities	2015 %	2014 %
Subsidiary of Dayadil Sdn Bhd				
Imej Jasa Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	Investment holding	100	100
Subsidiaries of Imej Jasa Sdn Bhd				
Bahagia Jiwa Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	Investment holding	100	100
Muara Tebas Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	Investment holding	100	100
Subsidiary of Natural Avenue Sdn Bhd				
Petekat Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	General trading and commission agent	100	100
Subsidiary of Rentas Padut Sdn Bhd				
Tropicfair Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	Investment holding	100	100
Subsidiary of Berjaya Waterfront Sdn Bhd				
Jauhari Maksima Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	Property development	52	70
Associated Company				
Megaquest Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	Investment holding	50	50

Effective interest *

66.67% held by Bumisuci Sdn Bhd and 33.33% held by Ishandal Sdn Bhd

 \wedge Audited by a firm other than Deloitte

49 SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - BREAKDOWN OF RETAINED EARNINGS INTO REALISED AND UNREALISED

The breakdown of the retained earnings of the Group and of the Company into realised and unrealised earnings is as follows:

	Gi	Group		pany
	2015	015 2014	2015	2014
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Realised earnings	525,857	485,601	99,302	82,230
Unrealised earnings	786,359	775,828	-	-
Total retained earnings	1,312,216	1,261,429	99,302	82,230
Less: Consolidation adjustments	(603,315)	(602,938)	-	-
Retained earnings as per financial statements	708,901	658,491	99,302	82,230

The determination of realised and unrealised earnings is based on the Guidance of Special Matter No.1, Determination of Realised and Unrealised Profits or Losses in the Context of Disclosure Pursuant to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements, issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants.

LIST OF PROPERTIES AS AT 30 JUNE 2015

Estimated Net **Description**/ Age of Date Of Carrying Location Tenure Size Existing Use Building Acquisition Value RM'000 <12 years No. Geran 56069, Freehold 39,591 sq 8.7.1994 } 2,154,644 Shopping-Lot 2001, Section 52, meter cum-leisure Town and District of Kuala Lumpur mall (Berjaya Times Square, Jalan Imbi, Kuala Lumpur) No. Geran 56068, Freehold 3,901 sq Office <22 years 8.7.1994 } Lot 2000, Section 52, meter building Town and District of Kuala Lumpur (No. 1, Jalan Imbi, Kuala Lumpur) H.S. (D) 156049, P.T. No. 3338, Freehold 513 sq Bungalow >33 years 15.3.2011 1,850 Mukim Damansara, District of Petaling, meter Selangor Darul Ehsan Freehold 2,350 No. Geran 33664, 125 sq Shop lot >43 years 10.1.2012 Lot 165, Seksyen 0094, meter Bandar Kuala Lumpur, Wilayah Persekutuan No. Geran 49297, Lot 52, Freehold 7,000 1,694 sq Bungalow >43 years 31.12.2011 Seksyen 94, Bandar Kuala Lumpur, meter Wilayah Persekutuan Lots PTB 10707, PTB 20006, Freehold } 57,355 sq 5-level } 10.4.2012 } 187,463 18 years PTB 20380, PTB 20438, with 99 years } meter shopping } PTD 146378 & PTD 148062. lease interest } complex } Bandar Johor Bahru expiring on } Daerah Johor Bahru, Negeri Johor 30.10.2092 } 12-level 400 } 18 years 10.4.2012 } 130,583 (Berjaya Waterfront, Johor Bahru) rooms hotel, } a ferry } terminal, } a custom & } immigration } building } Lot PTB 10710, Freehold 19,826 sq Vacant land N/A 10.4.2012 35,200 Bandar Johor Bahru, with 99 years meter Daerah Johor Bahru, lease interest Negeri Johor expiring on (Berjaya Waterfront, Johor Bahru) 30.10.2092 No. Geran 102261 Freehold 5,377sq 76 office 17 years 29.4.2015 112,182 Lot 21393, Bandar Johor Bahru, units on a meter Daerah Johor Bahru, purpose Negeri Johor built office

LIST OF PROPERTIES AS AT 30 JUNE 2015

Location	Tenure	Size	Description/ Existing Use	Estimated Age of Building	Date Of Acquisition	Net Carrying Value RM'000
Lot G-09, G-10, G-11 and G-12 Ground Floor, Berjaya Times Square, Jalan Imbi, Kuala Lumpur	Freehold	2,001 sq feet	Retail lots for rent	<12 years	28.6.2012	36,300
Lot 8189 & 8190, Town East, Jalan Pending Kuching, Sarawak	Leasehold 60 years expiring on 11.5.2048	245 sq meter	4-storey shop house/ office building	26 years	13.7.1996	585
No. 273 & 274, Lot 2545 & 2546 Centraland Commercial Park, Off Jalan Rock Kuching, Sarawak	Leasehold 60 years expiring on 5.5.2054	484.2 sq meter	4-storey shop house/ office building used as office and draw hall	20 years	31.8.2002	3,242
The Collins Theatre 1 Essex Road, London N1 2SE	999 years	Approximately 13,272 sq ft	Theatre and restaurant/ Retail shop	19 years	23.08.2012	30,291
1-17 Essex Road, London N1 2SE and 12A Islington Green, London N1 2XN London N12 SE	150 years	45,983 sq ft	70 fully furnished residential units	19 years	15.08.2014	237,580
Lot PTB 11082, Bandar of Johor Bahru, Daerah Johor Bahru, Negeri Johor	Freehold	47,737 sq ft	Vacant land	N/A	22.10.2013	6,041
Lot PTB 11084, Bandar of Johor Bahru, Daerah Johor Bahru, Negeri Johor	Freehold	70,960 sq ft	Vacant land	N/A	22.10.2013	20,600

NOTE:

The Group does not adopt a policy of regular valuation of its properties except for investment properties which are stated at fair value.

OTHER INFORMATION

MATERIAL CONTRACTS

Other than as disclosed in Notes 15, 22, 23, 27, 32, 40, 41 and 47 of the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2015 neither Berjaya Assets Berhad nor any of its subsidiaries had entered into any material contracts, involving Directors and major shareholders.

NON-AUDIT FEES

The amount of non-audit fees incurred for services rendered to the Group for the financial year ended 30 June 2015 amounted to RM65,000.

RECURRENT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS OF A REVENUE OR TRADING NATURE

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

Berjaya Assets Berhad ("BAssets") Group with the following Related Parties	BAssets and/ or its subsidiary companies	Nature of transactions	Amount transacted RM'000
Berjaya Corporation Berha	d ("BCorporation")	and/or its unlisted subsidiary companies:-	
BCorporation and its subsidiary companies	BTS Car Park Sdn Bhd	Parking charges receivable	360
Inter-Pacific Trading Sdn Bhd	BAssets Group	Purchase of stationery products and printing services	38
Berjaya Books Sdn Bhd	Berjaya Times Square Sdn Bhd ("BTSSB")	Rental income receivable for renting of shoplots at Lots LG-10, 11 & 11A, Lower Ground Floor, Berjaya Times Square, Jalan Imbi, Kuala Lumpur	170
Berjaya Registration Services ("BRegistration")	BAssets	Receipt of share registration services	33
	BTSSB	Rental income receivable for renting of shoplot at Lot 06-01, 6th Floor and office at Lot 10-02A, 10th Floor, Berjaya Times Square, Jalan Imbi, Kuala Lumpur	462
Wen Berjaya Sdn Bhd	BTSSB	Rental income receivable for renting of café at Lots 03-75A & 03-89, 3rd Floor and office at Lot 09-19, 20 & 21, 9th Floor, Berjaya Times Square, Jalan Imbi, Kuala Lumpur	279
Prime Credit Leasing Sdn Bhd	BAssets Group	Receipt of leasing and hire purchase facilities	138
Berjaya Education Sdn Bhd	BAssets Group	Receipt of education and staff training services	1
Berjaya Higher Education Sdn Bhd	BTSSB	Rental income receivable for renting of premises at Lot 14-01, 14th Floor, Lots 09-23, 09-24, 09-25, 09-45, 09-45A, 09-46, 09-47, 09-48 & 09-50, 9th Floor, Berjaya Times Square, Jalan Imbi, Kuala Lumpur	1,343
Berjaya College Sdn Bhd (Formerly known as Academy of Nursing (M) Sdn Bhd)	BAssets Group	Rental income receivable for renting of premises at Lots 10-11, 10-12 & 10-12A, 10th Floor and Lot 11-02A, 11th Floor, Berjaya Times Square, Jalan Imbi, Kuala Lumpur	569

RECURRENT RELATED PARTY

TRANSACTIONS OF A REVENUE OR TRADING NATURE

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

Berjaya Assets Berhad ("BAssets") Group with the following Related Parties Berjaya Hills Berhad	BAssets and/ or its subsidiary companies BTSSB	Nature of transactions Rental income receivable for renting of office at Lots 08-65, 08-66 & 08-67, 8th Floor, Berjaya Times Square, No. 1 Jalan Imbi, Kuala Lumpur	Amount transacted RM'000 104
Cosway (M) Sdn Bhd	BTSSB	Rental income receivable for renting of shoplots at LG-12 & LG-20, Lower Ground Floor, Berjaya Times Square, Jalan Imbi, Kuala Lumpur	447
Kimia Suchi Marketing Sdn Bhd	BAssets Group	Purchase of cleaning chemical products	-
Berjaya Papa John's Pizza Sdn Bhd	BTSSB	Rental income receivable for renting of café and storage space at Lots G-07, G-07A, G-07B, G-08B & Lot G-30, Ground Floor, and office at Lots 09-16, 09-17 & 09-18, 9th Floor, Berjaya Times Square, No.1 Jalan Imbi, Kuala Lumpur	449
RU Café Sdn Bhd	Sapphire Transform Sdn Bhd & BTSSB	Rental income receivable for renting of shoplots at Lots G-09 & 09E, Ground Floor, and office at Lot 09-05, 9th Floor, Berjaya Times Square, Jalan Imbi, Kuala Lumpur	126
Berjaya Krispy Kreme Doughnuts Sdn Bhd	BTSSB	Rental income receivable for renting of office at Lots 08-29,08-30, 08-32 & 08-33, 8th Floor, Berjaya Times Square, Jalan Imbi, Kuala Lumpur	92
KUB-Berjaya Enviro Sdn Bhd	BTSSB	Rental income receivable for renting of office at Lots 09-01, 09-02 & 09-03, 9th Floor, Berjaya Times Square, No. 1 Jalan Imbi, Kuala Lumpur	228
Roasters Asia Pacific (M) Sdn Bhd	BTSSB	Rental income receivable for renting of office at Lots 07-24, 7th Floor, Berjaya Times Square, Jalan Imbi, Kuala Lumpur	145

RECURRENT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS OF A REVENUE OR TRADING NATURE FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

Berjaya Assets Berhad ("BAssets") Group with the following Related Parties	BAssets and/ or its subsidiary companies	Nature of transactions	Amount transacted RM'000
Berjaya Engineering Construction Sdn Bhd	BTSSB	Rental income receivable for renting of office at Lots 09-37 & 09-39, 9th Floor, Berjaya Times Square, Jalan Imbi, Kuala Lumpur	34
BLoyalty Sdn Bhd	BAssets Group	Provision for promotion, advertising and publishing services	25
Berjaya Channel Sdn Bhd	BAssets Group	Provision for promotion, advertising and publishing services	36
Inter-Pacific Securities Sdn Bhd	BTSSB	Rental income receivable for renting of broadcasting facility at TB Roof 02C, Berjaya Times Square, Jalan Imbi, Kuala Lumpur	6
Berjaya Land Berhad ("BL	and") and/or its unli	sted subsidiary companies:-	
BLand	BAssets	Management fees payable for services rendered include inter-alia the provision of finance, corporate, secretarial and general administrative services	240
	BTSSB	Rental income receivable for renting of office at Lots 02-17 & 02-34, 2nd Floor, Berjaya Times Square, Jalan Imbi, Kuala Lumpur	379
BLand and its subsidiary companies	BTS Car Park Sdn Bhd	Parking charges receivable	163
Budi Impian Sdn Bhd	BTSSB	Rental income receivable for renting of shoplots at Lots LG-73, 74 & 74A, Lower Ground Floor, Berjaya Times Square, Jalan Imbi, Kuala Lumpur	242
Mantra Design Sdn Bhd	BTSSB	Rental income receivable for renting of office at Lots 09-14 & 09-15, 9th Floor, Berjaya Times Square, Jalan Imbi, Kuala Lumpur	58
Marvel Fresh Sdn Bhd	BTSSB	Rental income receivable for renting of storage space at G-37, Ground Floor, Berjaya Times Square, Jalan Imbi, Kuala Lumpur	38

RECURRENT RELATED PARTY

TRANSACTIONS OF A REVENUE OR TRADING NATURE

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

Berjaya Assets Berhad ("BAssets") Group with the following Related Parties	BAssets and/ or its subsidiary companies	Nature of transactions	Amount transacted RM'000
Berjaya Guard Services Sdn Bhd	BAssets Group	Receipt of security guard services	310
Berjaya Sports Toto Berha	nd ("BToto") and/or in	ts unlisted subsidiary companies:-	
BToto and its unlisted subsidiary companies	BTS Car Park Sdn Bhd	Parking charges receivable	380
International Lottery & Totalizator Systems, Inc	Natural Avenue Sdn Bhd	Procurement of computerised lottery system and related services	515
Berjaya Media Berhad ("B	Media") and/or its u	nlisted subsidiary company:-	
Sun Media Corporation Sdn Bhd	BAssets Group	Procurement of promotion, advertising and publishing services	45
Berjaya Food Berhad ("BF	ood") and/or its unli	sted subsidiary companies:-	
BFood and its subsidiary companies	BTS Car Park Sdn Bhd	Parking charges receivable	125
Berjaya Roasters (M) Sdn Bhd	BTSSB	Rental income receivable for renting of shoplot at Lot 03-85, 3rd Floor and office at Lots 09-06 to 09-13, 9th Floor, Berjaya Times Square, Jalan Imbi, Kuala Lumpur	623
Berjaya Starbucks Coffee Company Sdn Bhd	BTSSB	Rental income receivable for renting of café at Lot G-09C & D, Ground Floor, walkway area, Lot 01-01-28, 1st Floor and office at Lot 10-02 & 10- 02C, 10th Floor Berjaya Times Square, Jalan Imbi, Kuala Lumpur	594
Berjaya Auto Berhad ("BA	uto") and/or its unlis	ted subsidiary company:-	

Bermaz Motor Trading	BAssets Group	Sale of Mazda vehicles, component parts and
Sdn Bhd		other related products and provision of after-sales
		services

RECURRENT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS OF A REVENUE OR TRADING NATURE FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

Berjaya Assets Berhad ("BAssets") Group with the following Related Parties	BAssets and/ or its subsidiary companies	Nature of transactions	Amount transacted RM'000
7-Eleven Malaysia Holding	s Berhad ("SEM") a	nd/or its unlisted subsidiary company:-	
7-Eleven Malaysia Sdn Bhd <i>(a)</i>	BTSSB	Rental income receivable for renting of shoplots and storage space at Lots 01-16 & 01-22, 1st Floor, Lot 03-96C, 3rd Floor, Lots 05-92, 5th Floor, Berjaya Times Square, Jalan Imbi, Kuala Lumpur	473
	BTS Car Park Sdn Bhd	Parking charges receivable	3
Other related parties:-			
Ascot Sports Sdn Bhd ("Ascot") <i>(b)</i>	BTSSB	Rental income receivable for renting of office at Lots 10-01 & 10-01A, 10th Floor, Berjaya Times Square, Jalan Imbi, Kuala Lumpur	661
GPS Tech Solutions Sdn Bhd <i>(c)</i>	BTSSB	Rental income receivable for renting of shoplot at Lot 09-15A 9th Floor, Berjaya Times Square, Jalan Imbi, Kuala Lumpur	41
Qinetics Solutions Sdn Bhd <i>(d)</i>	BAssets Group	Receipt of information technology consultancy and management services	-
Thai Odyssey Group Sdn Bhd <i>(e)</i>	BTSSB	Rental income receivable for renting of shoplot at Lot LG-55.Lower Ground Floor, Berjaya Times Square, Jalan Imbi, Kuala Lumpur	228
Intan Utilities Berhad	BTS Car Park	Parking charges receivable	5
("Intan") <i>(f)</i> Roda Indah Motors Sdn Bhd <i>(f)</i>	Sdn Bhd		2
Wilayah Motor Sdn Bhd (f)			7
UPC Management Services Sdn Bhd (f)			2

RECURRENT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS OF A REVENUE OR TRADING NATURE

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

Berjaya Assets Berhad ("BAssets") Group with the following Related Parties	BAssets and/ or its subsidiary companies	Nature of transactions	Amount transacted RM'000
U Mobile Sdn Bhd ("UMSB") <i>(g)</i>	BTSSB	Rental income receivable for renting of shoplot at Lot G-17A, Ground Floor, office and storage space at Lots 08-06 to 08-13A, 08-74D, 8th Floor, broadcasting facility at TB Roof 04 and 09-CP-01, L-CPA, car park of Berjaya Times Square, Jalan Imbi, Kuala Lumpur	2,155
	BTS Car Park Sdn Bhd	Parking charges receivable	387
Berjaya Radioshack Sdn Bhd <i>(a)</i>	BTSSB	Rental income receivable for renting of shoplot at Lot G-16. Ground Floor, Berjaya Times Square, Jalan Imbi, Kuala Lumpur	280
MOL AccessPortal Sdn Bhd <i>(h)</i>	BTSSB	Rental income receivable for renting of office at Lot 07-01,& 07-01A, 7th Floor, Lot 08-01 & 08-64, 8th Floor and shoplots at Lots 08-01A & 08-02, 8th Floor, Lots 09-62, 09-63, 09-64 & 09-97, 9th Floor and storage space at Lot 07-74C, 7th Floor, Lot 08-74C, 8th Floor, Lot 09-91C, 9th Floor, Berjaya Times Square, Jalan Imbi, Kuala Lumpur	496
	BTS Car Park Sdn Bhd	Parking charges receivable	8
Caring Pharmacy Retail Management Sdn Bhd (i)	BTSSB	Rental income receivable for renting shoplots at Lot LG-39 & LG-40, LG Floor, Berjaya Times Square, Jalan Imbi, Kuala Lumpur	308

Grand Total

13,853

Notes:

- a) Subsidiary companies of Berjaya Retail Berhad ("BRetail") and deemed related parties by virtue of Tan Sri Dato' Seri Vincent Tan Chee Yioun ("TSVT")'s deemed interest in BRetail.
- b) A company in which TSVT and his son Dato' Sri Robin Tan Yeong Ching have interests.
- c) A company in which TSVT and BCorporation have interests.
- d) Subsidiary company of MOL.com Sdn Bhd ("MOL"). TSVT and BCorporation are major shareholders of MOL.
- e) A company in which Tan Sri Dato' Tan Chee Sing, the brother of TSVT and the father of Dato' Dickson Tan Yong Loong, is a major shareholder.
- f) Companies in which TSVT has deemed interests.
- g) Deemed a related party by virtue of TSVT's direct and deemed interests in UMSB.
- h) A wholly-owned subsidiary company of MOL Global, Inc ("M-Global"). TSVT and MOL are major shareholders of M-Global.
- *i)* A company in which TSVT is a deemed major shareholder.

STATISTICS ON SHAREHOLDINGS AS AT 2 OCTOBER 2015

ANALYSIS OF SHAREHOLDINGS

	No. of		No. of	
Size of Shareholdings	Shareholders	%	Shares	%
less than 100	416	12.78	12,315	0.00
100 - 1,000	588	18.07	241,423	0.02
1,001 - 10,000	1,375	42.24	7,162,187	0.65
10,001 - 100,000	651	20.00	21,827,287	1.96
100,001 - 55,652,077	220	6.76	748,750,847	67.27
55,652,078* and above	5	0.15	335,047,500	30.10
Total	3,255	100.00	1,113,041,559	100.00

NOTE:

Each share entitles the holder to one vote.

* Denotes 5% of the issued ordinary share capital of the Company.

LIST OF THIRTY (30) LARGEST SHAREHOLDERS AS AT 2 OCTOBER 2015

No.	Name of Shareholders	No. of Shares	(%)
1	CIMB Group Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account For Tan Sri Dato' Seri Vincent Tan Chee Yioun (EDG&CBD Team 4)	89,600,000	8.05
2	Alliancegroup Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account For Tan Sri Dato' Seri Vincent Tan Chee Yioun (8087489)	68,447,500	6.15
3	Malaysia Nominees (Tempatan) Sendirian Berhad Pledged Securities Account For Tan Sri Dato' Seri Vincent Tan Chee Yioun (00-33029-016)	60,000,000	5.39
4	Alliancegroup Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Exempt An For Export-Import Bank Of Malaysia Berhad	59,000,000	5.30
5	Kenanga Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account For Tan Sri Dato' Seri Vincent Tan Chee Yioun	58,000,000	5.21
6	Berjaya Sompo Insurance Berhad	55,292,500	4.97
7	RHB Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account For Tan Sri Dato' Seri Vincent Tan Chee Yioun	47,500,000	4.27
8	CIMB Group Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account For Tan Sri Dato' Seri Vincent Tan Chee Yioun (49877 PDZM)	44,500,000	4.00
9	RHB Capital Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account For Tan Sri Dato' Tan Chee Sing (Golden)	43,700,000	3.92
10	Maybank Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account For Hotel Resort Enterprise Sdn Bhd	25,699,300	2.31
11	Amsec Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account - Ambank (M) Berhad For Tan Sri Dato' Seri Vincent Tan Chee Yioun	24,000,000	2.15

STATISTICS ON SHAREHOLDINGS

AS AT 2 OCTOBER 2015

LIST OF THIRTY (30) LARGEST SHAREHOLDERS AS AT 2 OCTOBER 2015 (cont'd)

No.	Name of Shareholders	No. of Shares	(%)
12	Inter-Pacific Equity Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account For Fabulous Channel Sdn Bhd (AF0010)	22,866,400	2.05
13	MIDF Amanah Investment Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account For Tan Sri Dato' Seri Vincent Tan Chee Yioun (MGN-VTC0001M)	22,000,000	1.98
14	RHB Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account For Hotel Resort Enterprise Sdn Bhd	20,507,600	1.84
15	Amsec Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account For Tan Kok Ping	20,000,000	1.80
16	Scotia Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account For Tengku Rethwan Bin Tengku Mansor	16,250,000	1.46
17	Inter-Pacific Equity Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account For Arsam Bin Damis (AA0023)	16,002,000	1.44
18	Amsec Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account - Ambank (M) Berhad For Tan Sri Dato' Seri Vincent Tan Chee Yioun (CIB057)	16,000,000	1.44
19	CIMB Group Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account For Portal Access Sdn Bhd (G-CBDT4-RC2)	15,801,000	1.42
20	Malaysia Nominees (Tempatan) Sendirian Berhad Pledged Securities Account For Berjaya VTCY Sdn Bhd (00-33029-014)	15,582,246	1.40
21	Malaysia Nominees (Tempatan) Sendirian Berhad Pledged Securities Account For Tan Sri Dato' Seri Vincent Tan Chee Yioun (01-00820-000)	15,000,000	1.35
22	Amsec Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account For Tan Sri Dato' Seri Vincent Tan Chee Yioun (MX3999)	15,000,000	1.35
23	Scotia Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account For Tan Sri Dato' Seri Vincent Tan Chee Yioun	14,000,000	1.26
24	RHB Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Bank Of China (Malaysia) Berhad Pledged Securities Account For Portal Access Sdn Bhd	14,000,000	1.26
25	Ambilan Imej Sdn Bhd	13,536,527	1.21
26	Inter-Pacific Equity Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Arsam Bin Damis (IPM)	13,098,000	1.18
27	RHB Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account For Tan Sri Dato' Seri Vincent Tan Chee Yioun	12,800,000	1.15
28	Amsec Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account - Ambank (M) Berhad For Berjaya Land Berhad	12,600,000	1.13
29	Amsec Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account - Ambank (M) Berhad For Nada Embun Sdn Bhd	12,500,000	1.12
30	Inter-Pacific Equity Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account For Pantai Cemerlang Sdn Bhd	11,455,500	1.03
		874,738,573	78.59

STATISTICS ON SHAREHOLDINGS AS AT 2 OCTOBER 2015

ANALYSIS OF WARRANT HOLDERS

Size of Warrant Holdings	No. of Warrant Holders	%	No. of Warrants	%
less than 100	2	0.61	30	0.00
100 - 1,000	32	9.76	22,286	0.01
1,001 - 10,000	165	50.31	760,044	0.18
10,001 - 100,000	91	27.74	3,382,876	0.81
100,001 - 20,799,116	31	9.45	83,998,750	20.19
20,799,117* and above	7	2.13	327,818,362	78.81
Total	328	100.00	415,982,348	100.00

NOTE:

* Denotes 5% of the warrants outstanding.

LIST OF THIRTY (30) LARGEST WARRANT HOLDERS AS AT 2 OCTOBER 2015

No.	Name of Warrant Holders	No. of Warrants	(%)
1	Kenanga Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account For Tan Sri Dato' Seri Vincent Tan Chee Yioun	105,000,000	25.24
2	Scotia Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account For Tan Sri Dato' Seri Vincent Tan Chee Yioun	50,000,000	12.02
3	Maybank Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account For Tan Sri Dato' Seri Vincent Tan Chee Yioun	45,000,000	10.82
4	CIMB Group Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account For Tan Sri Dato' Seri Vincent Tan Chee Yioun (49877 PDZM)	40,000,000	9.62
5	Kenanga Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account For Tan Sri Dato' Seri Vincent Tan Chee Yioun	30,076,902	7.23
6	RHB Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account For Tan Sri Dato' Seri Vincent Tan Chee Yioun	30,000,000	7.21
7	Portal Access Sdn Bhd	27,741,460	6.67
8	Inter-Pacific Equity Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Inter-Pacific Management Sdn Bhd For Permata Dayu Sdn Bhd	14,000,000	3.37
9	Berjaya Land Berhad	12,085,654	2.91
10	BTS Hotel Sdn Bhd	10,211,506	2.45
11	Inter-Pacific Equity Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Inter-Pacific Capital Sdn Bhd (A/C 83)	7,352,000	1.77
12	Tengku Rethwan Bin Tengku Mansor	6,500,000	1.56
13	Nada Embun Sdn Bhd	5,012,616	1.20
14	Magna Mahsuri Sdn Bhd	4,374,500	1.05

STATISTICS ON SHAREHOLDINGS

AS AT 2 OCTOBER 2015

LIST OF THIRTY (30) LARGEST WARRANT HOLDERS AS AT 2 OCTOBER 2015 (cont'd)

No.	Name of Warrant Holders	No. of Warrants	(%)
15	RHB Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account For Tan Sri Dato' Seri Vincent Tan Chee Yioun	4,000,000	0.96
16	Berjaya Capital Berhad	3,370,000	0.81
17	Berjaya Sompo Insurance Berhad	3,317,000	0.80
18	Inter-Pacific Equity Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Arsam Bin Damis (IPM)	3,000,000	0.72
19	Inter-Pacific Equity Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account For Pantai Cemerlang Sdn Bhd	2,500,000	0.60
20	Immediate Capital Sdn Bhd	2,106,000	0.51
21	DB (Malaysia) Nominee (Asing) Sdn Bhd Exempt An For Bank Of Singapore Limited	1,309,000	0.31
22	JMP Holdings Sdn Bhd	717,028	0.17
23	Vecc-Men Holdings Sdn Bhd	717,028	0.17
24	Cimsec Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd CIMB Bank For Thong Foong Tat (MY0878)	526,000	0.13
25	Cimsec Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd CIMB Bank For Pek Kiam Kek (MM0606)	375,400	0.09
26	Ng Lee Lin	278,488	0.07
27	Lim Chin Hong	261,700	0.06
28	Inter-Pacific Equity Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account For Fabulous Channel Sdn Bhd (AF0010)	250,000	0.06
29	Dato' Sri Robin Tan Yeong Ching	243,340	0.06
30	Quah Chia Hor	231,200	0.06
		410,556,822	98.70

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' SHAREHOLDINGS AS AT 2 OCTOBER 2015

None of the Directors of the Company had any interest in the shares and warrants of the Company or its related corporations as at 2 October 2015.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS AS AT 2 OCTOBER 2015

	<no. c<="" th=""><th>of Ordinary</th><th>Shares of RM1.00 each</th><th>></th></no.>	of Ordinary	Shares of RM1.00 each	>
Names of Substantial Shareholders	Direct Interest	%	Deemed Interest	%
Tan Sri Dato' Seri Vincent Tan Chee Yioun	511,447,500	45.95	327,594,100 (a)	29.43
Portal Access Sdn Bhd	69,353,650	6.23	-	-
Berjaya Land Berhad	33,264,135	2.99	123,615,212 (b)	11.11
Teras Mewah Sdn Bhd	-	-	156,879,347 (c)	14.09
Berjaya Capital Berhad	8,425,000	0.76	72,329,027 (d)	6.50
Juara Sejati Sdn Bhd	-	-	237,633,374 (e)	21.35
Berjaya Group Berhad	-	-	237,633,374 (f)	21.35
Berjaya Corporation Berhad	-	-	237,633,374 (g)	21.35

NOTES:

- (a) Deemed interested by virtue of his interests in Berjaya Corporation Berhad, Vecc-Men Holdings Sdn Bhd, Hotel Resort Enterprise Sdn Bhd, B & B Enterprise Sdn Bhd, Berjaya VTCY Sdn Bhd and his deemed interest in Lim Kim Hai Sales & Services Sdn Bhd.
- (b) Deemed interested by virtue of its 100% interests in Portal Access Sdn Bhd, Immediate Capital Sdn Bhd, BTS Hotel Sdn Bhd and Nada Embun Sdn Bhd as well as its interest in Berjaya Sports Toto Berhad, the holding company of Magna Mahsuri Sdn Bhd.
- (c) Deemed interested by virtue of its interest in Berjaya Land Berhad.
- (d) Deemed interested by virtue of its interest in Ambilan Imej Sdn Bhd, Inter-Pacific Capital Sdn Bhd and Berjaya Sompo Insurance Berhad.
- (e) Deemed interested by virtue of its interests in Berjaya Land Berhad and Berjaya Capital Berhad.
- (f) Deemed interested by virtue of its 100% interests in Teras Mewah Sdn Bhd and Juara Sejati Sdn Bhd.
- (g) Deemed interested by virtue of its 100% interest in Berjaya Group Berhad.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the Fifty-Fifth Annual General Meeting of the Company will be held at Manhattan III, Level 14, Berjaya Times Square Hotel, Kuala Lumpur, No. 1 Jalan Imbi, 55100 Kuala Lumpur on Friday, 27 November 2015 at 10:00 a.m. for the following purposes:

AGENDA

1.	To receive and adopt the audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended 30 June 2015 and the Directors' and Auditors' Reports thereon.	(Please refer to Explanatory Note A)
2.	To approve the payment of a final dividend of 1 sen single tier dividend per ordinary share of RM1.00 each in respect of the year ended 30 June 2015.	Resolution 1
3.	To approve the payment of Directors' fees amounting to RM120,000 for the year ended 30 June 2015.	Resolution 2
4.	To re-elect the following Directors who retire pursuant to Article 102 of the Company's Articles of Association:	
	a) Heng Kiah Choongb) Lim Meng Kwongc) Dato' Dickson Tan Yong Loong	Resolution 3 Resolution 4 Resolution 5
5.	To re-appoint YAM Tunku Dato' Seri Shahabuddin Bin Tunku Besar Burhanuddin as a Director of the Company and to hold office until the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company pursuant to Section 129(6) of the Companies Act, 1965.	Resolution 6
6.	To re-appoint Dato' Mohd Salleh Bin Ahmad as a Director of the Company and to hold office until the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company pursuant to Section 129(6) of the Companies Act, 1965.	Resolution 7
7.	To re-appoint Messrs Deloitte as Auditors and to authorise the Directors to fix their remuneration.	Resolution 8
8.	As special business:	
	To consider and, if thought fit, pass the following Ordinary Resolutions:	
	(i) Authority to Issue and Allot Shares Pursuant to Section 132D of the Companies Act, 1965	

"THAT, subject always to the Companies Act, 1965, the Articles of Association of the Company and the approvals of the relevant governmental/regulatory authorities, the Directors be and are hereby empowered, pursuant to Section 132D of the Companies Act, 1965, to issue and allot shares in the Company from time to time and upon such terms and conditions and for such purposes as the Directors may deem fit provided that the aggregate number of shares issued pursuant to this resolution does not exceed 10% of the issued share capital of the Company for the time being and that such authority shall continue to be in force until the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company."

Resolution 9

(ii) Proposed Renewal of and new Shareholders' Mandate for Recurrent Related Party Transactions of a Revenue or Trading Nature

"THAT, subject to the provisions of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad's Main Market Listing Requirements, approval be and is hereby given for the Company and its subsidiary companies, to enter into recurrent related party transactions of a revenue or trading nature with the related parties as specified in Section 2.3 of the Circular to Shareholders dated 5 November 2015 ("Proposed Mandate") which are necessary for the day-to-day operations and/or in the ordinary course of business of the Company and its subsidiary companies on terms not more favourable to the related parties than those generally available to the public and are not detrimental to the minority shareholders of the Company and that such approval shall continue to be in force until:-

- (a) the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting ("AGM") of the Company following the AGM at which such resolution for the Proposed Mandate will be passed, at which time it will lapse, unless by ordinary resolution passed at that general meeting, the authority is renewed;
- (b) the expiration of the period within which the next AGM after the date it is required to be held pursuant to Section 143(1) of the Companies Act, 1965 (but shall not extend to such extension as may be allowed pursuant to Section 143(2) of the Companies Act, 1965); or
- (c) revoked or varied by ordinary resolution passed by the shareholders of the Company in a general meeting;

whichever is the earlier.

AND FURTHER THAT authority be and is hereby given to the Directors of the Company and its subsidiary companies to complete and do all such acts and things (including executing such documents as may be required) to give effect to such transactions as authorised by this Ordinary Resolution.

(iii) Proposed renewal of authority for the Company to purchase its own shares

"THAT, subject always to the Companies Act, 1965, ("Act"), rules, regulations and orders made pursuant to the Act, provisions of the Company's Memorandum and Articles of Association, the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Exchange") and any other relevant authority, the Directors of the Company be and are hereby authorised to purchase such number of ordinary shares of RM1.00 each in the Company ("BAssets Shares") through the Exchange and to take all such steps as are necessary (including the opening and maintaining of central depositories accounts under the Securities Industry (Central Depositories) Act, 1991) and enter into any agreements, arrangements and guarantees with any party or parties to implement, finalise and give full effect to the aforesaid purchase with full powers to assent to any conditions, modifications, revaluations, variations and/or amendments (if any) as may be imposed by the relevant authorities from time to time and to do all such acts and things in the best interests of the Company, subject further to the following:-

Resolution 10

- the maximum number of ordinary shares which may be purchased and held by the Company shall be equivalent to ten per centum (10%) of the total issued and paid-up share capital of the Company;
- the maximum funds to be allocated by the Company for the purpose of purchasing the ordinary shares shall not exceed the total retained profits or share premium reserve of the Company or both;
- 3. the authority shall commence immediately upon passing of this ordinary resolution until:-
 - (a) the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting ("AGM") of the Company following the AGM at which such resolution was passed, at which time it will lapse unless by ordinary resolution passed at that general meeting, the authority is renewed, either unconditionally or subject to conditions; or
 - (b) the expiration of the period within which the next AGM after that date it is required by law to be held; or
 - (c) revoked or varied by ordinary resolution passed by the shareholders of the Company in a general meeting;

whichever occurs first;

AND THAT upon completion of the purchase(s) of the BAssets Shares or any part thereof by the Company, the Directors of the Company be and are hereby authorised to deal with the BAssets Shares so purchased by the Company in the following manner:-

- (a) cancel all the BAssets Shares so purchased; or
- (b) retain all the BAssets Shares as treasury shares for future re-sale or for distribution as dividends to the shareholders of the Company; or
- (c) retain part thereof as treasury shares and subsequently cancelling the balance; or
- (d) in any other manner as prescribed by the Act, rules, regulations and orders made pursuant to the Act and the requirements of the Exchange and any other relevant authority for the time being in force."

(iv) Proposed Retention of Independent Non-Executive Director

"THAT Heng Kiah Choong be and is hereby retained as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company and he shall continue to act as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company notwithstanding that he has been on the Board of the Company for a cumulative term of more than 9 years."

(v) Proposed Retention of Independent Non-Executive Director

"THAT Dato' Mohd Salleh Bin Ahmad be and is hereby retained as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company and he shall continue to act as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company notwithstanding that he has been on the Board of the Company for a cumulative term of more than 9 years." Resolution 12

Resolution 11

Resolution 13

NOTICE OF DIVIDEND PAYMENT AND ENTITLEMENT DATE

NOTICE IS ALSO HEREBY GIVEN THAT the final dividend of 1 sen single tier dividend per ordinary share of RM1.00 each in respect of the financial year ended 30 June 2015 if approved by the shareholders at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting, will be paid on 28 January 2016.

The entitlement date shall be fixed on 8 January 2016 and a Depositor shall qualify for entitlement only in respect of:

- a. Shares transferred to the Depositor's Securities Account before 4.00 p.m. on 8 January 2016 in respect of ordinary transfers.
- b. Shares bought on Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities") on a cum entitlement basis according to the Rules of Bursa Securities.

By Order of the Board

WONG SIEW GUEK Secretary Kuala Lumpur

5 November 2015

NOTES:

- 1. A member entitled to attend and vote at the Meeting is entitled to appoint one (1) proxy only, to attend and vote in his/her stead. A proxy may but need not be a member of the Company. There shall be no restriction as to the qualification of the proxy and the provisions of Section 149(1)(b) of the Companies Act, 1965 shall not apply to the Company.
- 2. A member of the Company who is an authorised nominee as defined under the Securities Industry (Central Depositories) Act, 1991 ("SICDA") may appoint one (1) proxy in respect of each securities account. Where a member is an exempt authorised nominee as defined under the SICDA and holding shares in the Company for multiple beneficial owners in one securities account ("omnibus account"), there is no limit to the number of proxies which the exempt authorised nominee may appoint in respect of each omnibus account it holds.
- 3. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing under the hand of the appointor or his attorney duly authorised in writing, or if such appointor is a corporation, either under its common seal, or the hand of its officer or its duly authorised attorney.
- 4. The instrument appointing a proxy must be deposited at the Company's Registered Office, Lot 13-01A, Level 13 (East Wing), Berjaya Times Square, No. 1 Jalan Imbi, 55100 Kuala Lumpur not less than forty-eight (48) hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting or any adjournment thereof.
- 5. Only depositors whose names appears in the Record of Depositors as at 20 November 2015 shall be regarded as members and entitled to attend, speak and vote at the Annual General Meeting.

(A) EXPLANATORY NOTE A

The audited financial statements are for discussion only under Agenda 1, as it does not require shareholders' approval under the provisions of Section 169(1) and (3) of the Companies Act 1965. Hence, it will not be put for voting.

(B) EXPLANATORY NOTES ON THE SPECIAL BUSINESS

 Resolution 9 is proposed for the purpose of granting a renewed general mandate ("General Mandate") and empowering the Directors of the Company, pursuant to Section 132D of the Companies Act, 1965, to issue and allot new shares in the Company from time to time provided that the aggregate number of shares issued pursuant to the General Mandate does not exceed 10% of the issued and paid-up share capital of the Company for the time being. The General Mandate, unless revoked or varied by the Company in general meeting, will expire at the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company.

As at the date of this Notice, no new shares in the Company were issued pursuant to the mandate granted to the Directors at the Fifty-Fourth Annual General Meeting held on 4 December 2014 and which will lapse at the conclusion of the Fifty-Fifth Annual General Meeting.

The General Mandate will provide flexibility to the Company for any possible fund raising activities, including but not limited to further placing of shares, for purpose of funding future investment project(s), working capital and/or acquisitions.

- 2. Resolution 10 is in relation to the approval on the Shareholder's Mandate on Recurrent Related Party Transactions and if passed, will allow the Company and its subsidiary companies to enter into Recurrent Related Party Transactions in accordance with paragraph 10.09 of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad's Main Market Listing Requirements. The explanatory notes on Resolution 10 are set out in the Circular/Statement to Shareholders dated 5 November 2015 which is despatched together with the Company's 2015 Annual Report.
- 3. Resolution 11 is proposed to provide the mandate for the Company to buy back its own shares up to a limit of 10% of the issued and paid-up share capital of the Company ("Proposed Share Buy-Back Renewal"). Detailed information on the Proposed Share Buy-Back Renewal is set out under Part B of the Circular/Statement to Shareholders dated 5 November 2015 which is despatched together with the Company's 2015 Annual Report.
- 4. Resolution 12 is proposed pursuant to Recommendation 3.3 of the Malaysian Code of Corporate Governance 2012 and if passed, will allow Mr Heng Kiah Choong to be retained and continue to act as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company.

The Nomination Committee and the Board have assessed the independence of Mr Heng Kiah Choong and recommended him to continue to act as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company. The Board's justifications for the retention of Mr Heng Kiah Choong are set out in the Statement on Corporate Governance in the Company's 2015 Annual Report.

5. Resolution 13 is proposed pursuant to Recommendation 3.3 of the Malaysian Code of Corporate Governance 2012 and if passed, will allow Dato' Mohd Salleh Bin Ahmad to be retained and continue to act as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company.

The Nomination Committee and the Board have assessed the independence of Dato' Mohd Salleh Bin Ahmad and recommended him to continue to act as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company. The Board's justifications for the retention of Dato' Mohd Salleh Bin Ahmad is set out in the Statement on Corporate Governance in the Company's 2015 Annual Report.

FORM OF PROXY



I/We						
	(Nar	me in full)				
I.C. or Company No	CDS Account No (New and Old I.C. Nos. or Company No.)					
of						
(Address)						
being a member/members of BERJAYA ASSETS BERHAD hereby appoint:						
		I.C. No				
	(Name in full)		(New and Old I.C. Nos.)			
of						
(Address)						

or failing him/her, the Chairman of the meeting as my/our proxy to vote for me/us on my/our behalf, at the Fifty-Fifth Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held at Manhattan III, Level 14, Berjaya Times Square Hotel, Kuala Lumpur, No. 1 Jalan Imbi, 55100 Kuala Lumpur on Friday, 27 November 2015 at 10:00 a.m. or any adjournment thereof.

This proxy is to vote on the Resolutions set out in the Notice of the Meeting as indicated with an "X" in the appropriate spaces. If no specific direction as to voting is given, the proxy will vote or abstain from voting at his/her discretion.

		FOR	AGAINST
RESOLUTION 1	- To approve the payment of a final dividend of 1 sen single tier exempt dividend.		
RESOLUTION 2	- To approve payment of Directors' fees.		
RESOLUTION 3	- To re-elect Heng Kiah Choong as Director.		
RESOLUTION 4	- To re-elect Lim Meng Kwong as Director.		
RESOLUTION 5	- To re-elect Dato' Dickson Tan Yong Loong as Director.		
RESOLUTION 6	- To re-appoint YAM Tunku Dato' Seri Shahabuddin Bin Tunku Besar Burhanuddin as Director.		
RESOLUTION 7	- To re-appoint Dato' Mohd Salleh Bin Ahmad as Director.		
RESOLUTION 8	- To re-appoint auditors.		
RESOLUTION 9	- To approve authority to issue and allot shares.		
RESOLUTION 10	- To renew and to seek shareholders' mandate for Recurrent Related Party Transactions.		
RESOLUTION 11	- To renew authority to purchase its own shares by the Company.		
RESOLUTION 12	- To approve the proposed retention of Heng Kiah Choong as an Independent Non-Executive Director.		
RESOLUTION 13	- To approve the proposed retention of Dato' Mohd Salleh Bin Ahmad as an Independent Non-Executive Director.		

Signature of Shareholder(s)

Signed this _____ day of _____ 2015

No. of Shares Held

NOTES:

- A member entitled to attend and vote at the Meeting is entitled to appoint one (1) proxy only, to attend and vote in his/her stead. A proxy may but need not be a member of the Company. There shall be no restriction as to the qualification of the proxy and the provisions of Section 149(1)(b) of the Companies Act, 1965 shall not apply to the Company.
- 2. A member of the Company who is an authorised nominee as defined under the Securities Industry (Central Depositories) Act, 1991 ("SICDA") may appoint one (1) proxy in respect of each securities account. Where a member is an exempt authorised nominee as defined under the SICDA and holding shares in the Company for multiple beneficial owners in one securities account ("omnibus account"), there is no limit to the number of proxies which the exempt authorised nominee may appoint in respect of each omnibus account it holds.
- 3. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing under the hand of the appointor or his attorney duly authorised in writing, or if such appointor is a corporation, either under its common seal, or the hand of its officer or its duly authorised attorney.
- 4. The instrument appointing a proxy must be deposited at the Company's Registered Office, Lot 13-01A, Level 13 (East Wing), Berjaya Times Square, No.1 Jalan Imbi, 55100 Kuala Lumpur not less than forty-eight (48) hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting or any adjournment thereof.
- 5. Only depositors whose names appears in the Record of Depositors as at 20 November 2015 shall be regarded as members and entitled to attend, speak and vote at the Annual General Meeting.

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Affix Stamp

THE COMPANY SECRETARY BERJAYA ASSETS BERHAD (3907-W) LOT 13-01A, LEVEL 13 (EAST WING) BERJAYA TIMES SQUARE NO. 1, JALAN IMBI 55100 KUALA LUMPUR

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GROUP ADDRESSES

BERJAYA TIMES SQUARE SDN BHD

Corporate Office:

Lot 08-16, P.O. Box 08-23 Level 8, Berjaya Times Square No. 1 Jalan Imbi 55100 Kuala Lumpur Tel : 03-2144 9821 Fax : 03-2143 3055 www.timessguarekl.com

BERJAYA TIMES SQUARE THEME PARK SDN BHD

Lot 09-103 Level 9, Berjaya Times Square No. 1 Jalan Imbi 55100 Kuala Lumpur Tel : 03-2117 3118 Fax : 03-2143 2380

BERJAYA WATERFRONT SDN BHD

88, Jalan Ibrahim Sultan Stulang Laut 80300 Johor Bahru Johor Darul Takzim Tel : 07-221 8000 Fax : 07-221 9000

BERJAYA UK INVESTMENT & DEVELOPMENT LIMITED

Islington on the Green 1-17 Essex Road London N1 2SE

NATURAL AVENUE SDN BHD

Head Office:

Lot 8189 & 8190 Town East, Jalan Pending 93450 Kuching Sarawak Tel : 082-333 666 Fax : 082-330 188 www.cashsweep.com.my

Regional Office:

Kuching Regional Office No. 273-274, Lot 2545-2546 Centraland Commercial Park Off Jalan Rock 93200 Kuching Sarawak Tel : 082-233 466 Fax : 082-233 467

Sibu Regional Office

No. 7, Lorong Wong King Huo 1D 96000 Sibu Sarawak Tel : 084-320 202 Fax : 082-320 246

Miri Regional Office

Lot 627, Ground Floor Jalan Sim Chieng Kay Off North Yu Seng Road 98000 Miri Sarawak Tel : 085-415 331 Fax : 085-415 336 www.timessquarekl.com www.cashsweep.com.my